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The Pittsburgh Commercial.

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THE SATURDAY COMMERCIAL,
A LARGE SHEET CONTAINING ALL THE CURRENT NEWS, MISCELLANEOUS, LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC INTELLIGENCE AND VALUABLE READING FOR THE FAMILY.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY:

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SLIGO IRON WORKS,

LYON, SHORB & CO.,

121 WATER STREET.

Boiler Iron,

Firebox Plates,

Flue Sheets,

Sheet Iron.

Gold Closed in New York Last Evening at 143⅞.

CITY ITEMS.

No Chloroform or Ether in It.

Let none be persuaded to reject the Laughing Gas, or nitrous oxide, through the erroneous talk that it is composed partly of chloroform and ether, for I assure you of its entire safety to life and health, and call upon the people to investigate to their entire satisfaction that which enters into its composition. I make this remark because there are persons daily asking the question, whether this thing I use is not mixed with, or the same as, chloroform and ether. I tell you No—it is as different from those articles as black is from white, and its influence is of equal difference. Having used this agent in my practice for the last two years, giving it in this time to persons of nearly every age, from a child of four years to persons of eighty, I believe it to be one of those blessings that none could have so wisely directed in the present want, except the Chemist of the Universe. The reduction of the common elements to the high degree of usefulness as the one I beg the people to consider, is beyond doubt unsurpassed in point of comfort for extracting teeth without pain. I will give for reference A. D. Gilliland, New Brighton; J. H. Bailey, D. P. Corwin, J. Verner, President of the Citizens' Passenger Railway; G. W. Patterson, J. B. Lyon, Dr. Duncan, Alexander Speer, G. Wilson, ex-Mayor; James Hopkins and Lazear, I. C. Pershing, D. D., President of the Pittsburgh Female College; Rev. S. Findley, Dr. Speer, A. Bradley, W. K. Nimick, S. McKee, of Oakland; Mr. Harbaugh, of Sewickley; Dr. J. Vankirk, of Elizabeth, Pa. C. Sill, Dentist, 246 Penn street.

The Great Purifier.

Dr. J. M. Lindsey's Improved Blood-searcher, wholesale and retail, at J. M. Fulton's Drug Store, No. 67 Fifth street. I am now ready to fill all orders for this *great medicine*, made according to the directions of Dr Lindsey himself, who I had for a time assisting me in its preparation, and from whom I purchased the right to manufacture and sell the same. If you want to be sure of a genuine article, see that the name of J. M Fulton is on the wrapper around each bottle.

Caution.—Any one I shall hereafter detect in pirating my trade-mark I will prosecute to the full extent of the law. The suit I have already been forced to institute will, it is hoped, protect me hereafter from the misrepresentations of the unprincipled and unscrupulous. J. M. FULTON.

Dr. J. M. Fulton, Nos. 67 and 69 Fifth street, is the only authorized manufacturer of this medicine in our city. He also has a superb stock of drugs and patent medicines, which he will dispose of at low figures.

Diarrhoea and Dysentery.

A sure remedy for the worst cases of acute or chronic Diarrhoea and Dysentery, is Dr. Strickland's Anti Cholera Mixture—thousands have been cured by it—our Government uses it in the hospitals. It has cured many of our soldiers after all other means failed, in fact we have enough proof of the efficacy of this valuable preparation of astringents, absorbents, stimulents and carminatives, to advise every one of our readers to get a bottle and have it in readiness, and to those who suffer try it directly. Sold by Druggists every where. Ask for Dr. Strickland's Anti-Cholera Mixture.

All of Dr. Strickland's Medicines

Are sold in Pittsburgh, wholesale and retail, at Joseph Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond, near Fourth street.

American Instruments.

The New York *Cities of the Union*, for August, contains the following: "In pianos, the Messrs. Steinway honor our country, by ranking the first in the world. No competitor in any part of Europe has been able to equal them, either in quality of tone or durability of instrument. Their elegant productions demand the approval of the most critical judges, whose innumerable testimonials witness their worth." Our readers will be gratified to learn that the famous Steinway pianos can be had in this city, at factory cash rates, of H. Kleber & Bro., 122 Wood street, who are now receiving their superb fall stock of them, and who are the exclusive agents for the Messrs. Steinway & Sons.

Card to the Public.

PITTSBURGH, September 20, 1865.—The subscriber begs leave to inform the public that he leaves to-day for Boston, for the purpose of selecting an entirely new and choice stock of Chickering Pianos. The demand for the Chickering Piano has been so great, during the past few weeks, as to very nearly exhaust the assortment selected and received in August, which was the largest and most complete ever brought to the city. Due notice will be given of the arrival of this new lot, which may be expected in ten days. Chas. C. Mellor, 81 Wood street, Sole Agent for Chickering's Pianos.

Highly Interesting.

There are frequent inquiries for a house where any style of hats and caps can be had at a reasonable price. For the benefit of such persons, we would suggest that they call at Wm. Fleming's, No. 139 Wood street. At this establishment can be furnished, either at wholesale or retail, any style of hat or cap in the market. It is scarcely necessary to speak of the price, as Fleming sells cheaper than any one else, his motto being "quick sales and small profits."

Glory and Duty of Young Men.

The Baccalaureate discourse, with the above title, delivered before the Senior Class of Jefferson College, by Rev. D. H. Riddle, D. D., has been published, and is for sale at Davis, Clarke & Co.'s, 93 Wood street, price twenty cents. It is an admirable discourse for young men generally to read.

McFarland's Grove.

This beautiful location, on a rich and elevated plateau, between the Pennsylvania Central and Fourth street Passenger Railroads, is being appreciated. The fourth great sale of building and garden lots comes off on Monday. Excursion train, as usual, will leave for the sale at 2 o'clock, returning at 6 on that day.

The Place to Get Patent Medicines

And Drugs, the purest articles, and at the lowest rates, is Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 84 Market street. Remember the place, corner of the Diamond, near Fourth street.

Quick Sales and Small Profits

Is the motto of South & Ross, 63 Market street, who are selling boots, shoes and gaiters on this principle. To those who disbelieve or doubt it, we say, go see for yourselves, and you will be convinced. Do not forget the place, 63 Market street. South & Ross.

Boarding School.

Parents, having daughters to educate, should not fail to make themselves acquainted with the location and advantages of the Beaver Female Seminary and Musical Institute. Address Rev. R. T. Taylor.

California Brandy.

Do not poison yourself with bad whisky, but procure the genuine article, of the vintage of 1858, at Fulton's, Nos. 67 and 69 Fifth street.

Be Careful.

Go to McClarran's Drug Store for Dr. J. J. McBride's King of Pain, and you will get the genuine article.

Pure Old Rye Whisky.

A very fine article for medicinal use. When you desire a really good article, go to McClarran's Drug Store, 85 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fifth street.

Country Merchants,

When you desire a fine article of Indigo, such as will bring people to your store for twenty miles around, go to McClarran's Drug Store.

Mr. Charles Grebe

Intends to return to the city in the course of next week, and will resume his lessons on Monday, October 2.

Blackberry Brandy and Wine.

The finest in the city at McClarran's Drug Store, the acknowledged depot for pure medicinal liquors.

Cheap Reading.

$1 50 and $2 00 Books selling for 50 cents, at Pittock's, opposite the postoffice.

Albums at Low Prices,

At Pittock's, opposite the postoffice.

A $2 Novel for Fifty Cents,

At Pittock's, opposite the postoffice.

Gold Pens and Holders,

At Pittock's, opposite the postoffice.

Blank Books and Stationery,

Of all kinds, at Pittock's, opposite the postoffice.

Photographs of All the Generals,

At Pittock's, opposite the postoffice.

Fine Steel-plate Engravings

Of our late President, at Pittock's, opposite the postoffice.

In the case of the United States against Colchester, the spiritual medium, Judge Hall, of Buffalo, yesterday fined Colchester three hundred dollars and costs, amounting altogether to four hundred and seventy-three dollars.

The Daily Commercial

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1865.

STEEL ADVANCED IN PRICE.

By reference to our commercial column, it will be perceived that steel has advanced one cent per pound on all sizes. This advance is in sympathy with iron and nails.

THE doctrine of the President, so earnestly controverted in some quarters, that there are no means whereby a State can secede, and that consequently the Southern States were not out of the Union, has an important application to the claim set up in England as to the rebel debt. This is set forth by MR. SEWARD, in his recent admirable letter to MR. ADAMS, from which we quote as follows:

> "The United States controvert and deny the declaration of the Vice Chancellor that they are the successors of the rebellion, and, on the contrary, they maintain that they are now, and during all the time of the rebellion have been, just what they were before the rebellion began, a sovereign State, absolutely entitled to the regulation and control of all property and persons within the United States, subject only to the liabilities of their own Constitution."

We beg leave to direct the attention of the gentleman who, in the columns of the *Gazette*, is writing himself into such a heat, and everybody out of the party, to this view of the subject. Having, in order to maintain himself on the Conquered Province and Confiscation ground, conceded that the rebels can be held "only as prisoners of war," the *Gazette* writer, may conclude to concede the payment of the rebel bonds also. When a person takes a position he is committed to all the logical inferences.

SPEAKING of Pennsylvania, the New York *Tribune* says:

> A good deal of interest is felt in the legislative elections, as a successor to Mr. Cowan is to be elected, and the friends of Gov. Curtin, Judge Kelley, Gen. Cameron and Col. Forney, are actively endeavoring to retain men who will support their favorite.

The *Tribune* is in error. The Legislature to be chosen next month does not elect "a successor to MR. COWAN," unless he resigns. There are some reasons, however, why a less thoroughly intelligent journal than the *Tribune* should be betrayed into the mistake.

A GOOD SUGGESTION.—The Philadelphia *Press*, in view of the rabid state of the Democrats on the negro, makes the suggestion that there ought to be a great Democratic meeting at Independence Square, at which the following resolution should be passed with unanimous indignation:

> "*Resolved*, That if the sixty thousand negroes, of all colors, ages, and degrees, are permitted to vote in Pennsylvania, there is nothing left for the three millions of whites but to emigrate to New Jersey."

FROM STEUBENVILLE.

Closing Exercises at the Female Seminary—The Winter Term.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

STEUBENVILLE, September 20, 1865.

The fortunate few who were invited to be present at the closing exercises of the Female Seminary yesterday and last evening will no doubt be convinced that Steubenville is not to be outdone in literary entertainments. The winding up of the winter session is always the great event in the history of the Seminary, but on account of five of the young ladies having finished the prescribed course of study this summer, it was decided to deviate this once from the old track, and allow them to graduate this fall. The examination in the various branches passed off as usual, giving universal satisfaction to those who heard them; but we are inclined to think that the evening's performances were a little extra. It may have been that the music interspersed between the compositions had something to do with the inspiration that seized upon the young ladies, for certain it is they—without appearing bold or masculine—read loud enough to be heard distinctly in the remotest corner of the Hall. The prime qualities of neat and tasteful composition, and good reading, belonged to each and all of the essays.

The few farewell words of the Principal—Rev. A. M. Reid—when delivering the diplomas to his pupils, were singularly touching and appropriate. While he spoke briefly of their present intercourse in the family circle here, he could confidently hope to meet them all again in that other home where partings are unknown. Then Professor Waugh seemed to come out of himself entirely in his closing address to the class with which he has been associated as teacher. The wit and playfulness of the first part of his speech led their minds off from the sorrow of the separation which was so soon to follow, while in the end he endeavored to show them that their education was not completed, but only fairly begun. They were to go on learning and preparing themselves and others for usefulness here on earth and the enjoyment of heaven hereafter.

The winter session will open on the first Monday in November. It is hardly necessary to state that the school is in a flourishing condition, and that those who wish to secure places should make application immediately. S.

STATE ITEMS.

There will be an Odd Fellows celebration at Smithfield, Fayette county, on Tuesday next. Rev. McHyar, of New Brighton, will deliver the address.

Highway robbers seem to prosper in the Titusville oil regions, judging from the local papers. "Stand and deliver" is the challenge on the roads leading to the wells.

Some of the fire companies of Philadelphia are opposed to music bands of colored persons being allowed in the forthcoming grand firemen's procession.

Major General Kilpatrick is to be in Lancaster on the 2d or 3d of October, to address the people of that county on the issues of the political contest for State offices in Pennsylvania.

The citizens of West Greenville, Mercer county, recently petitioned the Postoffice Department, and had the "West" stricken from the name of their postoffice, so that hereafter it will be simply "Greenville."

The National Council of the United American Mechanics of the United States of America held their annual session in Philadelphia on Tuesday. George W. Fry, of Pennsyvania, was elected National Councillor, and Wm. Weckerley, of Pennsylvania, National Secretary.

There will be a Mass Meeting of the Republican party, in Indiana, on next Tuesday, the 26th inst., being the second day of Court. Gov. Curtin and Hon. John Covode have already signified their intention of being present to address the people. It is also expected that Gen. Cameron will be present.

The failure of the Atlantic and Great Western Railway trains to make their usual connections at Corry, on Monday last, put the editor of the Titusville *Herald* in a bad way. He says; "The failure is attributed to the intervention of excursion train appropriated to the English magnates, who are now 'doing' the oil regions. The excursion train has the right of the way and the regular passenger trains are obliged to stand aside."

Petitions are in circulation in the Eastern part of the State, praying the General Government to discharge the Veteran Reserve Corps, formerly known as the Invalid Corps. These petitions are signed by nearly all of the Veteran Reserves quartered in Harrisburg, and it is said would be signed by all of them were it not for the fear of offending the commissioned officers. Many of the most prominent citizens of Harrisburg, of both parties, have endorsed the petitions with their signatures. This corps was originally created for the benefit of poor wounded soldiers and gallant officers incapacitated for duty in the field, but it is alleged that the object has been perverted, and that the system is unnecessary and a useless expense, and that, besides, the privates and non-commissioned officers of the Veteran Reserve Corps are themselves desirous of being discharged.

The War in South America.

The New York *Herald's* Rio Janeiro correspondent gives the following additional interesting intelligence regarding the South American war: We have already announced the visit of the Emperor to the scene of hostilities in the province of Rio Grande. Thence he started for the frontier to have a conference with his two allies, the Presidents of the Argentine Confederation and of Uruguay. A large steam ram, for the Brazilian navy, had arrived from France, and others had been nearly completed at Rio Janeiro, and it was said that an American General, who had just left for the United States, carried with him a commission for the construction of iron clads for the Emperor in this country. Volunteering for the Brazilian army was very active and spirited in the provinces on the first call for troops, but in Rio Janeiro it had become necessary to commence conscripting, which was being carried on with great vigor and little ceremony. Officers, attended by guards are stationed at the most frequented places in the principal thoroughfares, and seize and send to the army rendezvous all passing men and able boys who could not show clear cases of exemption. The civil officers of the Government who did not volunteer would be drafted, and be forever after incapable of holding similar civil positions.

DEATH OF MAGLE, THE ARTIST.—The death of MAGLE, the well-known Philadelphia artist, is announced. His illness extended through a period of six years.

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

THE WIRZ TRIAL.

Examination of a Rebel Surgeon.

His Report to General Winder.

WASHINGTON, September 22.—In the Wirz trial to-day, Dr. Hopkins testified that, on the 22d of July, 1864, he was assigned to duty in the hospital at Andersonville. He, together with Surgeon White, were ordered to make a thorough inspection of the prison and hospital, with a view to their improvement.

The witness here read the following letter as the report which he had made:

ANDERSONVILLE, GA., August 11, 1864.

To Brig. Gen. John H. Winder:

GENERAL—In obedience to your order of the 28th of July, requesting us to make an examination of the Federal prison and hospital at this place, and to ascertain and report to you the cause of disease and mortality among the prisoners, and the measures necessary to prevent the same, has been complied with, and we respectfully submit the following:

The causes of disease and mortality arise, First, from the large number of prisoners crowded together. Second, the entire absence of Fall vegetables, as a diet, so necessary as a preventative of scurvy. Third, the want of barracks to shelter the prisoners from the sun and rain. Fourth, the inadequate supply of wood and good water. Fifth, the badly cooked food. Sixth, the filthy condition of the prisoners. Seventh, the morbid emanations from the branch or ravine passing through the prison, the condition of which cannot be better explained than by naming it a morass of human excrement and mud.

Preventative measures—First, the removal immediately from the prison of not less than 15,000 prisoners. Second, The detail on parole of a sufficient number of prisoners to cultivate the necessary supply of vegetables, and till this be carried into practical operation, the appointment of agents along the different lines of railroad to purchase and forward a supply. Third, the immediate erection of barracks to shelter the prisoners. Fourth, to furnish the necessary quantity of wood, and have wells dug to supply the deficiency of water. Fifth, to divide the prisoners into squads, place each squad under the charge of a sergeant, furnish a necessary quantity of soap, and hold the sergeants responsible for the personal cleanliness of his squad, furnish the prisoners with clothing at the expense of the Confederate Government, and if that Government be unable to do so, candidly admit our inability, and call upon the Federal Government to furnish them. Sixth, by a daily inspection of the bake house and cookery. Seventh, cover with sand the entire morass, not less than six inches deep, board the stream or water-course, and confine the men to the use of the sinks, and make the penalty for the disobedience of such order severe.

For the hospital we recommend that: First, the tents be floored with plank; if plank cannot be had, with puncheons, and if this be impossible, then with fine straw, to be frequently changed. Second, we find an inadequate supply of stool boxes, and recommend that the number be increased, and that the nurses be required to remove them as soon as used, and, before returning them, to see that they are well washed and limed. Third, the diet for the sick is not such as they should have, and we recommend that they be supplied with the necessary quantity of beef soup, with vegetables. Fourth, we also recommend that surgeons be required to visit the hospital not less than twice a day. We cannot too strongly recommend the necessity of the appointment of an efficient medical officer to the exclusive duty of inspecting daily the prison hospital and bakery, requiring of him daily reports of their condition to headquarters.

We have the honor to remain, General, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

[Signed] F. S. HOPKINS,
Acting Assistant Surgeon.

Dr. Hopkins further testified that he submitted it to Dr. White for his signature. The latter said that it contained the truth, and that he would sign it and send it to Gen. Winder; but he did not sign it, and witness did not know that anything had been done to carry out the suggestion.

Judge Advocate Chapman then submitted a general order of Gen. Winder, addressed to Dr. Hopkins, to show that the Richmond authorities had knowledge of the condition of Andersonville prison, and that Gen. Winder had authority to apply a remedy.

Cross-examined by Mr. Schades—The witness said he did know who was to blame. Capt. Wirz signed the order as commander of the interior of the prison. He could see no great difficulty in the way of improvment. It was the implicit confidence which Gen. Winder had in Wirz, that caused the state of things to exist. Otherwise Gen. Winder would have visited the prison.

H. B. Harrold, who was a shipper of supplies at Americus, testified that he did not think they were ever out of bacon and meal. There was as much there as could be shipped.

Cross-examined—He said the provisions furnished to prisoners were the same as those furnished to the Confederate soldiers.

Dr. G. L. Rice, on duty at Andersonville, testified to the terrible condition of the stockade. The men died from starvation, cold and exposure, and other causes. Medicines were not furnished in the provisional way, but by formula or by number, according to the rules of the prisons. For instance, instead of mentioning the medicine, the prescription would be No. 1 or 2, or any other number, a specific for any disease, being designated by a number. There was no other way in which medicines could be obtained. Dr. Johnson, who had been in charge of the hospital, was tried and found guilty of embezzling hospital funds which amounted to from $10,000 to $15,000.

Captain Wilson French, of the 17th Connecticut, testified that he, with sixty-five other officers, were confined in a room sixty feet long and twenty-five feet wide. They were there five weeks. If they had not had the privilege of buying provisions, they would have starved to death from indifferent rations.

J. F. Griffin, Sergeant J. E. Allen, Robt. Tate, and others testified relative to affairs at Andersonville, and the conduct of Captain Wirz.

The Commission then adjourned.

LETTER FROM BELLAIRE, OHIO.

A Promising Town—Improvement Going on and Expected.

BELLAIRE, OHIO, September 21, 1865.

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

The COMMERCIAL is still the favorite daily with the Bellairians. A go-ahead, wide-awake people like a go-ahead, wide-awake paper. "Get up and grow big," is now the Bellaire motto.

Ten years ago Bellaire was laid out in town lots; in 1860 the population was 1,500; 1864 it was 2,000; last week it was 4,000, and would be much greater if there was any room to put people in. Our mechanics are working with might and main, putting up good buildings and poor buildings, and still the cry is increasing and waxing loud for more tenements and business room. Capitalists see the superior advantages Bellair has as a manufacturing and shipping point, and soon this will be a manufacturing city.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company are building a bridge across the Ohio river here, which promises to surpass the Steubenville bridge. Bellaire contains forty liquor shops, four churches, no jail, a good union school, and very few loafers. Bellaire is scarce of lawyers, doctors and dandies.

Our expectations are great. We expect the Cincinnati, Marietta and Bellaire Railroad to be finished through to Bellaire very soon. We expect the county seat of Belmont county to be located in Bellaire within five years. We expect that the new Penitentiary, Ohio proposes to build, to be located at Bellaire. We expect Bellaire to get big, and that Wheeling, Pittsburgh, Zanesville, Marietta, Parkersburg and Steubenville will be tributary to her—indeed ours are "great expectations."

GRATIS DICTUM.

Financial Exploit of City Car Conductors.

The managers of three of the leading city passenger railways of Philadelphia have within the past two weeks made the discovery that their receipts have diminished about one hundred thousand dollars by the dishonesty of their conductors and drivers. They have thus far sufficiently fixed the guilt upon about one hundred and thirty of their old employees. The managers had been in the habit of discharging those conductors whose receipts did not reach a certain average, but it was lately ascertained that those conductors were the honest ones. A lady made the discovery that "the life of a conductor was not an unprofitable one, if you pay your driver handsomely." On receiving this cue, the managers soon ascertained that the drivers were in collusion with the conductors, and received a part of their stealings, which induced the former employees to drive carefully on time. With an honest conductor, the horses were driven "out of time," passengers were overlooked and a thousand annoyances were practiced by the driver to prevent people from taking that particular car. The natural consequence was, of course, that an honest conductor could not take in as much money as a dishonest one who had an understanding with the driver, and so the honest man was discharged for falling below his average, and rascality was triumphant. The guilty parties on hearing that their practices were known to the managers, it is said, made a full confession, but no prosecutions have been commenced. The discovery has been an opportune one, and the managers congratulate themselves that they have now an honest corps of conductors and drivers, having hedged them around with bonds and oaths.

THE SOUTH AND SLAVERY.—The Richmond *Republic* holds the following emphatic language: The undefined fear which is said to exist in some portions of the North that, if the representatives of the Southern States are once admitted to seats in Congress again, the South will be free to re-enslave the blacks, oppress them by black codes and restore the old *regime*, can only arise from profound ignorance of Southern sentiment. We are unable to discover any facts upon which such a belief is founded. We can, at all events, speak for Virginia, and we believe we speak the truth when we say that her people have no more idea, under any circumstances, of endeavoring to re-establish slavery than they have of annexing the moon.

SECOND EDITION.

4 O'CLOCK A. M.

WASHINGTON.

A Very Exciting Scene.

Charge of Murder Brought Home to Wirz.

Prisoner Sinks in Coovulsions.

PAYMASTER HOLT EXONERATED.

Special dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, September 22.

An Exciting Scene

Occurred in the Wirz trial to-day near the close of the session. One of the witnesses testified to several murders committed by the prisoner, and identified him as the person who came riding up as he and a comrade were carrying the corpse of a prisoner to the dead house, and asked them by what authority they were there, and when answered by proper authority, shot his comrade dead on the spot. The prisoner was directed to stand up, that he might be identified with more certainty, when he became excessively agitated, and after attempting, in a stuttering and incoherent manner, to address the witness and the Court, seemed about to sink down in convulsions, when the court was cleared, and he was taken in charge by his physician.

Paymaster Holt, who was arrested on suspicion of being concerned in

Corrupt Practices,

in the pay department at Nashville, Tennessee, has been released from arrest by order of the Paymaster General, the investigation having fully exonorated him from all fraudulent intent, and his accounts with the Government being found correct.

Pardons—The Cholera—Arrest of James Duncan—Circular from the Secretary of the Treasury—Claims Against Foreign Governments.

WASHINGTON, September 22.—The President to-day granted pardons to six Virginians and to ninety-three North Carolinians, including ex-members of Congress Kenneth, Raynor and Alfred Dockery: also seven South Carolinians, including ex-member of Congress J. McQueen, and to the same number of Mississippians.

The Consulate at Smyrna, in a letter to the State Department, dated August 19th, says the Cholera mortality is steadily on the increase, and its ravages alarming. It is stated in another communication, that the cholera has appeared at Majorica, and our Consul says that the scourge is still advancing Eastward. There is no doubt but that a number of cases have occurred at Port Mahone. The Consul at Barcelona reports to the department that from the 24th to the 31st of August, the number of deaths from cholera in that city has averaged about 24 per day. On the 1st of September there were 42 deaths from this disease.

James W. Duncan, who had ill-treated some of the prisoners at Andersonville, causing the death of one of them, and who was arested in the court room yesterday, has been committed to the Old Capitol prison. This man was summoned hither as a witness for Wirz.

The Secretary of the Treasury has just issued the following circular:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, September 21, 1865.

The instructions contained in the circular of September 16, relative to the counterfeit one hundred dollar compound interest notes, instructing Assistant Treasurers and designated depositories, not to pay out one hundred dollar compound interest notes, nor other denominations of compound interest notes bearing date May 15, 1865, or prior to that time, were intended to apply to notes held by such Assistant Treasurers and Depositories as Government funds, and were not designed to direct the action of banks or individuals relative to such compound interest notes, held on their own account. The disbursements and expenses of at once withdrawing from circulation or exchanging for other notes all compound interest notes of the character described, now in circulation, make the attempt inadvisable. The department will, however, withdraw from circulation the one hundred dollar compound interest notes as fast as they may be received in the ordinary course of business, and re-issue more of the same impression, and it is hoped that by due care and caution after the immediate exposure of the dangerous character of the counterfeits, any considerable circulation of them may be prevented. Assistant Treasurers and designated depositories will therefore forward to the U. S. Treasurer such compound interest notes as are of the denomination of one hundred dollars, and all compound interest notes which are dated May 15, 1865, or prior thereto, the same being held as funds of the Government.

[Signed] H. McCULLOCH,
Secretary of the Treasury.

Citizens of the United States having claims against foreign Governments, not founded on contracts which may have originated since the 8th of February, 1863, will, without delay, if it can be avoided, forward to the State Department a statement of the same on oath, accompanied by proper proof.

Postmaster General Dennison, and Secretary Welles have returned to this city.

Secretary Stanton is the only member of the Cabinet absent from Washington.

AN INCIDENT IN THE WIRZ TRIAL.

Some New Evidence—More Horrors Elicited—Wirz Identified by an Indiana Cavalryman.

WASHINGTON, September 22.—At the close of the proceedings of the Wirz trial to-day, a remarkable scene took place. The witness on the stand, an Indiana cavalryman, George W. Gray, had been testifying to some outrages on the part of Wirz that had been in evidence before. He stated that a party of prisoners in whose company he arrived at Andersonville, were ordered to place their blankets, haversacks, knapsacks, &c., in one place, when an officer mounted on a gray horse rode up and told the Confederate soldiers to help themselves and let the prisoners have the remainder. The Confederates helped themselves, and there was nothing left. He was not certain whether the mounted officer was Wirz or not. In June or July, 1864, the witness and a young fellow named Underwood, of the 17th Indiana Cavalry, (his own regiment,) went to the Sutler's tent. Wirz was there. Underwood asked for something to rub his wound with. The sutler said he would give it, when Wirz said "No, he cannot have it unless he pays me a dollar." Underwood gave Wirz his only money, which was a ten dollar bill, and when he asked for the change, Wirz kicked him out of the door. Witness was put in the stocks four days for attempting to escape. He knew a man to die in the stocks, in August or September, 1864. Negroes took him out of the stocks after he was dead, threw his body into a wagon and hauled it off. He knew Wirz to shoot a young fellow named William Steward, belonging to the 9th Minnesota infantry. He and the witness had gone out of the stockade with a dead body which they had begged, when they met Wirz. He rode up to them after they had left the body in the dead house and asked them by what authority they were out? He, Steward, replied, that they were there by proper authority. Wirz said no more, but drew his revolver and shot him. After he was killed, the guards took from his body $20 or $30. Wirz took the money from the guard and made off, telling them to carry the witness to prison. It was the witness' determination to escape, and for that reason he had gone out, but he was not attempting at the time. When the prisoners were being removed to the cars for exchange, Wirz gave orders to Lieut. Davis to bayonet any man who laid out on the road, and witness had seen men who were crawling on their hands and knees to the cars, bayonetted by the guards. Witness heard one of the surgeons ask Wirz where he was going to remove the Yankee, and Wirz's reply was, damn these Yankees, they will be dead in a few days any how! He had seen a prisoner who had been caught by the dogs with a part of his cheek torn off, and his arm, hands and legs gnawed so, that he only lived twenty-four hours. The first time he had known Wirz personally, was one day that he heard Lieut. Davis call his name at the gate.

Judge Advocate Chapman—Capt. Wirz, will you be good enough to stand up?

The prisoner, who had been lying all day on a lounge, squirmed around, partly raising himself till his eyes, lit up with a wild, haggard expression, like those of a wild animal brought to bay, met the eyes of the witness.

Col. Chapman, to the witness—Do you recognize that man as the man who shot your comrade?

The witness, slowly and emphatically—That is the man.

The prisoner here made an effort to contradict the witness, muttering some incoherent expression about not having been seen by the witness with Lieut. Davis. He was with difficulty restrained by the officer in charge, Lieut. Murphy.

The Judge Advocate, apparently not satisfied with the opportunity which the witness had for identification, asked the prisoner to rise. Gathering up, as well as he could, his loose, ill-jointed frame, which appeared as if it might fall to pieces, the prisoner tottered to his feet, and was supported in that attitude by the officer of the guard. His eyes had a wild expression, and it was hard to repress sympathy with the unfortunate man. Again the Judge Advocate repeated his question to the witness. The witness' reply this time was more hesitating, and was: "I think that is the man." Another wild and fruitless attempt at contradiction was now made by Wirz, when he was partly drawn and partly sank on the lounge. The Court thereupon adjourned, Gen. Wallace ordering the rooms to be cleared instantly so that the fainting and apparently dying man might have air. The halls and lobbies were lined with persons waiting to see him, as he might be carried past.

The prosecution will probably close to-morrow, but it is doubtful whether Wirz will live to see the case closed.

Eastern Virginia Railroad.

Last Ditchers After Pardon.

Internal Revenue Receipts.

Secretary Seward at His Post.

Relieved from Command.

Witnesses in the Boat-Burning Trial.

The Address of Bishop Johns, of Va.

Richmond Times on Emigration

REBELS IN VIRGINIA COLLEGES.

Hon. R. J. Barrett not an Incendiary.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, September 22.

The Eastern Virginia Railroad

Will in ten days be in complete running order from Lynchburg westward. At present there is but one transfer, and that a very short one. The route is now open to Knoxville.

About one hundred and fifty rebels, from their

Last Ditch,

were at the White House to-day. Postmaster General Dennison and his family returned from their northern tour to-day. Secretary Welles has also returned from his visit to Connecticut.

Receipts from Internal Revenue

To-day amounted to about one million two hundred thousand dollars.

Secretary Seward

Is better to-day, and was at his office in the State Department.

This being

Cabinet Day,

But few visitors were received by the President. The Cabinet session, which was unusually brief, was attended by all the Secretaries except Stanton, who is absent in New York.

Commodore Montgomery is to be

Relieved from Command

Of the Washington Navy Yard on the first of October.

Col. Bell, counsel for

The Boat Burners,

Now in custody at St. Louis, is here to procure the attendance of Jeff. Davis, Mallory, Seddon, and others, as witnesses at the trial. The Government is not at all likely to consent.

The Right Rev. Bishop Johns is out in a long address to the

Diocesan Counsel

Of the Episcopal Church of Virginia, advocating a re-union of the Episcopal Church, North and South. It is published in the Richmond *Times*, which drags into its remarks upon the subject a fervent eulogium upon John C. Calhoun.

To-day's Richmond *Times* concludes a long editorial upon

Emigration,

In the following language:

"Indeed, we must adopt plans for bringing in emigration generally, for it is quite evident the negroes do not mean to work. Some other labor must therefore be procured, and that at very short notice, or this country, the noblest the sun shines upon, will become a wilderness like Jamaica."

It seems that

The Colleges of Virginia

have fallen utterly in the hands of ex-traitors. The Virginia Military Institute, which gave Stonewall Jackson and many other officers to the rebellion, has been revived, with Gen. G. W. Custis Lee, son of Robert E., Professor of Civil and Military Engineering and Applied Mechanics, and a number of rebel officers in other professorships. The Board of Visitors, who are appointed by Governor Pierpont, has among the members the rebel General D. H. Strother and William H. Richardson. The Institute is situated at Lexington, close by Washington College, over which, in the language of to-day's Richmond *Times*, the Warrior Lee now presides.

It is not Hon. J. Richard Barrett, formerly member of Congress from Missouri, as stated, who is implicated in the

Burning of Western Steamboats,

But James Barrett, of Springfield, Ill., now in Canada, a prominent officer of the order of the Knights of the Golden Circle.

Episcopal Convention of Virginia.

BALTIMORE, September 22.—Richmond papers of to-day contain Bishop Meade's address to the Episcopal Convention of Virginia, strongly urging a re-union with the Northern wing of the Church. Rev. Dr. Andrews, chairman of the special committee appointed to consider so much of the Bishop's interesting address as refers to the future station of the diocese with the General Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States, respectfully report that having had the document referred to therein under their most deliberate consideration, they recommend the adoption of the following resolutions:

That the Christian and conciliatory course of our respected Diocesan with the presiding Bishops and other members of the Methodist Episcopal Church of the United States, touching a reunion with the General Convention of said church, meets our cordial approbation. That Council appreciates and affectionately responds to every sentiment of fraternal regard which has been manifested in the corresponence referred to, and is of the opinion which all the parties interested may be presumed to desire will be best, by referring the subject to the General Council.

The report was adopted almost unanimously. The Council then proceeded to elect clergy and lay delegates to the Grand Council, which meets in Mobile, Alabama, about the first of November.

National Horse Fair at Boston.

BOSTON, September 22.—The fourth day of the National Horse Fair at Riverside Park passed off in the most satisfactory manner. A large crowd of spectators was present. The first race was for horses that had never trotted for money, and was won by the Lady Bliss in three straight heats. Time: 2:45, 2:49½, 2:47¼. In the race for Class No. 2—horses that never trotted faster than three minutes—there were three entries. George M. Patchen, Jr., won the first heat in 2:41, Jesse Walls the next three heats, in 2:36½, 2:39¼ and 2:38¼. In the great race open to all horses, first premium $750, second premium $250, there were three entries—Frank Vernon, General McClellan, and Sorrel Dun. The former won the race in three heats: time, 2:34½, 2:35, 2:36½. The Sorrel Dun was second. The Fair closes to-morrow.

The Race Between the Winooski and Algonquin.

NEW YORK, September 22.—The trial at the dock between the Algonquin and the Winooski commenced to-day. The fires were started in both within a few minutes of each other, but the former got her engines at work an hour and twenty minutes before her rival. The Winooski expended 2,500 pounds more coal than the Algonquin in raising steam to ninety-six pounds. The trial begins about nine o'clock to-night.

Provincial Fair at London, C. W.

LONDON, C. W., September 22.—Seventeen thousand tickets were sold for the provincial exhibition yesterday. The day's proceedings consisted of a grand public civic reception to the maritime delegates, and another reception to Sir Morton Peto and party, who arrived at noon, and made a hasty visit to the exhibition. Sir Morton Peto made a short speech, full of kind feelings towards the American people, and left for the east at six o'clock this evening.

Cotton Coming Up.

CAIRO, September 22.—Eighteen hundred bales of cotton passed for Cincinnati, four hundred for Evansville, and four hundred and seventy-five for St. Louis.

At Memphis on the 20th cotton was decidedly better. The new crop was coming in at an average of a hundred bales daily. The stock on hand is estimated at seventy-five hundred bales. Strict middling, 40@41c.; good, 42@43; fair, 43@45.

The North Pacific Railroad.

MONTREAL, September 22.—Col. Rowland, as Commissioner of the North Pacific Railroad Company, is here conferring with the Canadian Government, relative to uniting British capital with the grants of the United States in the construction of the Lake Superior and Touget Sound Railroad. Col. Rowland is confident the commercial influence of Canada will be most fully accorded to this project as one of great international importance to the people of both countries, and he has no doubt that his mission will be crowned with success.

Banquet to Odd Fellows in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, September 22.—A grand banquet was given by the merchants to the Grand Lodge of the United States. Gen. Hancock made the address of welcome.

Escaped.

NASHVILLE, September 22.—Major Moore, of the Tenth Tennessee Infantry, arrested on a charge of murder and arson, escaped from the county jail last night through the neglect of the turnkey.

THE FENIANS.

The Aims of the Society.

Conquest of Canada its Object.

A PLENTIFUL SUPPLY OF ARMS.

Opinions of the British Press.

NEW YORK, September 22.—A Dublin letter to the London *Daily Telegraph* says: There is reason to believe the Government are giving to Fenianism attention, which evinces considerable official anxiety on that subject. The extent of the organization, especially in the County of Cork, is known to be very great. It is believed that arms, in formidable numbers, are in the hands of the affiliated. These arms, it is said, came from abroad, being sent by their American brethern. In support of this view, it is mentioned that rifles are being sold throughout the county and districts at a third their apparent value, but this would be just as good evidence to show that the patriots are purchasing a class of guns warranted to do no harm to any body except the man who attempts to fire it. Almost every steamer which comes over from America brings a handfull, and sometimes a good handfull, of disbanded Yankee soldiers, and while there is nothing very unnatural in this, considering that at the other side of the Atlantic they have just got to the end of a war in which Irish fire was a prominent part, the prevalence of Fenianism in Ireland renders the arrival of the ex-warriors somewhat noticeable.

A letter from an American Fenian to a Dublin freeman contains the following story:—The Fenian is essentially an American organization, commenced about seven years ago, for a very different object than freeing Ireland from the English yoke. It is entirely composed of Irishmen. At the present moment, it numbers many thousand native Americans and Americanized Germans, and has a large treasury. At its bureau, the exact number of enrolled members at the beging of last August was two hundred and seventy-three thousand five hundred and eighty-one. Notwithstanding the statements of Fenian orators at pic-nics and other gatherings in the United States, that the object is to free Ireland, this is not the case. These statements are put forward to mislead the public, and keep the Irish authorities off the scent. The real object is to attack and conquer Canada, and divide the immense territory of Britain on the American continent among the exiles of Erin. The United States authorities do not only wink at the Fenian movement, but that movement is sanctioned by the Government and ruled by Mr. Seward, the Secretary of State. The laws and governing rules of the society are framed at Washington, printed in the Government printing office and sent free through the mails to every circle in the Union and in Canada.

The London *Post* says the Fenians are commonly reported to be disaffected to the British Government, and to be engaged almost nightly in the performance of military evolutions, preparatory, we presume, to the adoption by them of ulterior measures for gaining their ends. Whatever these may be, the only practical consequences of a serious nature likely to arise out of the silly illegal drillings are most likely to fall upon the Fenians themselves. The conspiracy is, we believe, greatly exaggerated; yet it does exist. But no respectable Irishman of any property, intelligence or position, would for a moment think of joining the illegal gatherings which must necessarily end in the guilty parties being sent to the Spike or Portland Islands. Fenianism is, throughout, a sham. There is not a single respectable person connected with the thing. It has originated among the most ignorant and reckless class of peasantry. It is, at this present time, one of the worst governed countries in the world.

Highly Interesting.

Illness of Captain Marshal—Fire in New York City—Massachusetts Women Going to Washington Territory — More about Those Diamonds—Gen. Hooker Visits Secretary Stanton — Emancipation Celebration—The New Counterfeit—Paper Stolen from the Printing Bureau—Accident at Harlem Bridge—Funeral Ceremonies of Gen. Schimmelfennig—Chicago Councilmen—Secretary Stanton in New York—Freedmen at Vicksburg—Illness of the President's Daughter—Health of Secretary Seward—Officers Squaring up with the Government—Gen. Howard, &c., &c.

NEW YORK, September 22.—Captain Charles Marshal, originator of the "Black Ball" line of packets, is dangerously ill, and not expected to survive the day.

A fire broke out in the cabinet shop of Carl Burgdorf, Nos. 232 and 234 West Thirty-fifth street, early this morning, and destroyed four buildings. Christopher Koch, carpenter, Simons & Co., wool dressers, Curtiss Vallen and Frederick Voeltee were among the sufferers. Burgdorf has been arrested on suspicion of setting fire to his premises.

The *World* has a sensation to-day in the narrative of a Piedmontese named Tiaglere, of the discovery by himself and others, of immense quantities of diamonds, nuggets of gold, and a fabulous amount of other precious stones, including emeralds, sapphires, topazes, &c., in the Mont Cenis Tunnel. One of their number claimed the whole, and was murdered by some of the others. All the extensive machinery was destroyed, and the work stopped. Another went away with a large amount of gold, and hid his more valuable gems; offering one for sale at Suez, he was accused of the murder of an English traveler named Stonwold, in consequence of the resemblance between the diamond offered for sale, and the one he had. Escaping from prison, he was again arrested at Marseilles, previously handing his narrative to Mr. Entwestle, an American citizen there, and carried back to prison. The French and Italian papers announce the stoppage of work on the Tunnel. The Italian and French governments are said to be dividing the spoils.

General Hooker and about sixty of his officers called upon Secretary Stanton to-day.

The colored people of Brooklyn and New York, celebrated to-day the anniversary of President Lincoln's proclamation, freeing the slaves in the District of Columbia.

It is understood that the paper on which the one hundred dollar counterfeit compound notes are printed, was stolen from the Printing Bureau, at Washington, possibly with the backs already printed.

A serious accident took place at Harlem Bridge, on Thursday afternoon, destroying a portion of that structure. The steam tug T. Farrell, having in tow a barge, while passing through the draw, was swept against the piers by the tide and one section of the structure about one hundred feet long, was destroyed. Two horses and wagons with five men and one lady, fell with the wreck into the water, but were saved by the police.

The funeral ceremonies in commemoration of Gen. Alex. Schimmelfennig, who died in Pennsylvania on the 7th inst., took place at Clinton Hall, under the auspices of the German Union League.

The deputation of the Common Council of Chicago, comprising Alderman Shimp and others, called on Mayor Gunther this morning, and after being escorted through the Governor's room, partook of refreshments in the apartment of the Keeper of the City Hall. They were subsequently introduced to Mr. David L. Valentine, whom some of them, that had once been residents of New York, recognized as an old acquaintance. Their visit was necessarialy brief.

Mr. A. S. Mercer, a resident of Washington, Territory has engaged passage for 700 women in the United States steam transport Continental for the region from which he hails. These women are from the surplus population of Massachusetts. The expedition will sail from this city on the 30th instant, and it is probable Governor Andrew will be present and make a speech. The Continental is loaned for the purpose by the Government, who wish to send her to the Pacific to take her place there in the Government transportation service. Some of the ladies pay part of the passage money. Of the whole number three hundred are orphan daughters of dead soldiers. Nearly all are orphans, and all accustomed to work. Mr. Mercer is a native of Illinois, who, after being educated at an Ohio college, went to Washington Territory six years ago.

Secretary Stanton was entertained at the residence of Senator Morgan, No. 411 Fifth avenue, last evening. The entertainment was of an entirely private character.

The *Herald's* special says: By the voluntary action of the colored population of Vicksburg, Miss., Colonel Thomas, Commissioner of the Freedmen for that State, has issued orders for a light assessment of the blacks to supply revenue sufficient to sustain the schools established in that city for their education.

The President's daughter, Mrs. Patterson, and Secretary Seward are both so unwell as to require medical attention.

The retiring volunteer officers of the army, who have remained at Washington for the purpose of squaring accounts with the department, have been pretty generally successful and have gone home. The clerks of the quartermaster's and ordnance bureaus will now turn their attention to the accounts of officers who have been paid off on certificates of non indebtedness.

The *Tribune's* special says: Major General Howard left to-day for Richmond on his contemplated tour of inspection. Brevet Major General Baird has been assigned to duty under General Howard, of the freedmen's bureau.

Mr. John Brougham will open at the Walnut Street Theatre, Philadelphia, October 23, for four weeks; Winter Garden, New York, November 20, for four weeks; thence to Washington for three weeks; McVicker's, Chicago, for two weeks; Pike's Opera House, Cincinnati, for two weeks; Louisville Theatre for two weeks; Memphis for two weeks; Indianapolis for two weeks; St. Louis Theatre for two week, and Henderson's Theatre, Pittsburgh, for two weeks.

HEAVY RAIN STORM.—The heaviest rain storm experienced in Steubenville within the recollection of moderns, took place there on Thursday afternoon. Heavy street crossing were carried off; cellars were overflowed; gravel and sand were torn from their beds on the hillsides, and swept down with such force as to overthrow fences, and great gullies, five and six feet deep, were washed out in the streets.

CITY MATTERS.

Murder Will Out.

The Boyd's Hill Mystery Clearing Up.

Marshall, the Burglar, in a Fix.

Discovery of the Murderer's Coat.

It is Thickly Bedaubed With Blood.

The Murdered Man's Boots Found.

Immense Quantity of Stolen Goods Recovered.

Goods Identified by the Owners.

Complaints to the Amount of $3,000.

The horrible transaction which took place on Boyd's Hill on the night of the 23d or the morning of the 24th of August, is too well remembered by our readers to need any repetition of details now, excepting such as pertain to the discovery of the most unmistakable evidences as to who the perpetrator of that cold blooded murder was. Many of our people had almost given up the idea of ever hearing any clue to the fiend who could be so reckless and devilish as he who tore the life from an unoffending stranger during the silence of the night, when the peace of nature would have been a sufficient rebuke to any human being for committing such a crime against a man who, as far as can be ascertained, was utterly defenseless, and in a spot of which he knew as little as if he had wandered to the mountains of the moon.

For twelve months we have had in our midst a daring thief and burglar, who, without suspicion, has been engaged in his unholy traffic constantly, and not until he had carried his work beyond the limits of endurance, did our officers succeed in tracing crime to his door. The opening of that door has revealed a multitude of robberies and burglaries, and what is of not less importance than all, has revealed to our authorities considerable light upon the bloody deed of Boyd's Hill which made our whole community shudder, a few weeks ago.

THE ROBBERIES.

The first search made upon the premises occupied by Benjamin, or Bernard, or Richard Marshall, the burglar, of whose arrest the COMMERCIAL has already had some notice, brought to the surface a most astonishing quantity and variety of goods. A second search only served to increase the stock of stolen goods at the Mayor's Office, among them the evidences of some bloody deed more horrible than tongue could tell. This determined the Mayor in ordering a still further search, and a third time did the officers ascend the hill, and a third time came away loaded down with the plunder of many robberies.

Yesterday morning Chief of Police, Long, and officer Wilmarth went to Marshall's residence, and brought to the Mayor's office a large quantity of goods of all descriptions, including a black veil, a lace collar, a cashmere shawl, a piece of fine Irish linen, socks, a stomacher, a black silk shawl, five satinet corsets, five new white shirts, a fur muff, one pair of pants, one music box, one accordeon, a heavy hoop gold ring with the following initials inside: "H. F. M. S., 1864," a quantity of China mantel ornaments, a brass faucet, a dog collar, some red marking cotton, jet breastpins, and a number of bottles and decanters.

Officers Wray and Culp subsequently discovered a handsome little gold watch—a French lever watch, with open face, white dial plate, and having a second indicator. The number of the watch was 30,377. It had a neat gold chain appended to it. This watch had been taken by the wife of Marshall to the house of a Mrs. Weaver, in Cherry Alley, yesterday morning, for the purpose of having it concealed, Mrs. Marshall remarking to Mrs. Weaver that the police were up searching again, and she was afraid that they would find that watch. Mrs. Weaver having been seen in the neighborhood of Marshall's house on the previous evening, was followed to her residence in Cherry alley, and yesterday morning on searching her premises, the gold watch referred to was found hidden in a trunk. This caused the arrest of Mrs. Marshall, who stoutly proclaimed her innocence and her ignorance of any wrongly obtained articles which had been found in her house. This did not hold out, however, for she subsequently admitted that she knew all the things Marshall was in the habit of bringing home "were not honestly come by."

TWELVE COMPLAINTS AGAINST THE PRISONER.

No fewer than twelve informations have been made against Marshall, one of them charging him with the deliberate murder of an unknown man on Boyd's Hill on the night of the 23d or the morning of the 24th of August. The other eleven are by parties who have lost goods by robbery and burglary at various times. Some of them have identified their goods among the stock recovered by the police. The complainants, so far, are W. S. Laughlin, Joseph Linder, J. G. Baker, J. H. Meyer, Michael McCullough, Catherine Berger, John H. Dittier, Amelia Allen, Herman Bier, G. H. Roushausen, and James Coyle. The value of the goods recovered amounts to about $2,000, and complaints have been made covering goods of the value of $3,003 75.

THE BLOODY TRACES.

Among the clothing brought away after the second search, was found a fine black cloth sack coat, a pair of light pantaloons, a silk hat and a pair of boots, all significant tokens of the Boyd's Hill mystery. The coat and pants belonged to Marshall, and both bear the unmistakable evidences of having covered a murderous wearer. The hat and boots belonged undoubtedly to the murdered man whose body was found on Boyd's Hill, and as if an overruling Providence had taken charge of the case, these two articles have kept the close companionship of the bloody coat and pants so that when daylight should appear, they would stand forth as witnesses on behalf of their defenseless wearer, from whom they were torn, after his life's blood had responded to the relentless work of the murderer's knife. It is a strange circumstance that these articles should be found almost in close proximity to each other, but so it is.

THE BLOODY COAT.

The black sack coat referred to is thickly bedaubed with blood on the right side, and near the pocket there are a number of cuts as if the murderer had caught his own coat with his knife, in the struggle which he must have had with his victim. The pocket on the right side is a complete mass of blood, and the wristband of the right sleeve is besmeared with blood all round. This coat when tried on Marshall, was his exact fit. This was undoubtedly the coat worn by him on the night of the murder on Boyd's Hill. Marshall denies stoutly having worn the coat all summer, but says nothing about how it became bloody.

THE PANTALOONS.

The pantaloons referred to appeared to have been very heavily saturated with blood, but having been submitted to the process of ablution, the marks have been considerably effaced, not so fully, however, as to hide the fact that the washing was confined to the lower portions. Both legs are torn into shreds. This state of things is accounted for by Marshall in this way: He says that he went up home one night, and his wife not having the supper ready, he lay down on the floor, took off his pants and tore them, then laid himself in a corner of the room. He says it was customary for him when his supper was not ready to expend his passion upon something, and he not unusually made demonstrations upon the tables, and chairs, and plates, and cups and saucers, and other little articles. On such occasions his wife was absent, or else she might have been broken instead of the furniture and crockery. This is his account of how the pantaloons became torn.

THE HAT AND BOOTS.

The hat and boots discovered are both of foreign make. The hat bears evidence of having been very badly smashed. The boots are of German make, and are undoubtedly those which were taken from the feet of the man murdered on Boyd's Hill. They correspond with the traces of foot-marks found on the hill near the spot where the murder was committed, and were identified at once by Mr. Hutchinson, the gentleman who first discovered the murdered body. The Mayor also is confident that the soles of the boots found correspond with the foot prints which he noticed on the hill. Besides this, there are blood marks on the soles, notwithstanding efforts which have been made to scrape and wash them. The scraping process had not been applied to the heels, however, so the manipulation is the more evident. Marshall said he bought the boots about three weeks ago from "a man" but who that man is he fails to tell. He says "the man could tell all about the bargain, if he is living."

MARSHALL'S BROTHER.

Marshall has a brother, who resides in New York, in the most thickly populated part of the city. This brother was in Pittsburgh with Marshall about the time of the murder on Boyd's Hill.

MARSHALL IN NEW YORK.

Previous to the murder, Marshall had been in New York for ten days. He came here in company with a German, on Wednesday night, the 23d of August. He undoubtedly decoyed the stranger from New York to this city, and after leaving his baggage at some place yet to be discovered, led him up to Boyd's Hill, ostensibly to provide him with temporary quarters at his (Marshall's) house, and murdered him.

BUSINESS RELATIONS.

Marshall has been in the habit of sending his plunder on to New York, where it has been disposed of by his brother; and he has received almost weekly returns in the shape of money in various amounts according to the value of the goods transported previously.

MARSHALL'S ADVENT IN PITTSBURGH.

Marshall came here, with his wife and two children, about a year ago last May. Ever since that time he has resided in the Eighth Ward, in the same house in which he was arrested. He is German, his wife is Irish, and according to all accounts they have lived a chequered life. He says that he resided in Haverstean, New York, previous to coming here. On his arrival, he obtained employment in the brick fields on the hill, but, getting tired of working for his living, lapsed into those habits which have brought him where he now is.

There is much in the circumstances connected with this whole case that is calculated to set at rest the feeling of suspense under which our people have been suffering for weeks. All that now remains is for the authorities to treat the case carefully, and not suffer such a deeply dyed scoundrel to escape.

Meantime the Mayor has dispatched an officer to New York to arrest the brother of Marshall, and bring him here. The police of New York will, of course, see to it that whatever stolen goods are found in his possession will be properly disposed of in the interest of justice.

To the Editor of the Commercial:

It is conceded on all hands that the people of this city are subjected to more annoyances in small matters than almost any other people in the world. No doubt the fault is with the people themselves. There are not only the week-day annoyances without number, but there are also the annoyances of the Sabbath day—one of which is altogether inexcusable. I refer to the habit of persons riding to church in their carriages and letting their horses stand in front of the church during service—keeping up such a stamping of feet as to make it difficult at times to hear the preacher; and not only this, but when the people are coming out of church, they are liable to be bespattered with the drainage of the gutters, thrown about in all directions by the stamping of the horses. This is especially the case on

SEVENTH STREET.

THE MONTHLIES.—Pittock has received Godey's Lady's Book and Young Folks' Magazine for October, both capital numbers.

METEOROLOGICAL DIARY.—Taken daily by Geo. E. Shaw, Practical Optician, 58 Fifth street:

THURSDAY, September 22.

	Sun.	Shade.
9 A. M.	72	64
12 M.	80	68
3 P. M.	87	73
6 P. M.	—	75
Barometer at 6 P. M.		29 5-10

GERMAN METHODIST APPOINTMENTS.—The Central German has just made the following appointments for these cities: Gotleib Nachtrieb, P. E.; Pittsburgh, Anton Warns; Allegheny City, Peter F. Schneider, Birmingham, John Strauch.

PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD.—The Synod of Allegheny, Old School Presbyterian, will meet in Park Church, Erie, Pa., on Thursday evening, the 28th instant, at 7 o'clock. This Synod is composed of the Presbyterians of Allegheny, Allegheny City, Beaver and Erie, and numbers nearly one hundred ministers.

NINTH WARD MACHINE WORKS.—Among the improvements in the Ninth Ward, is the new brick building, No. 886 Penn street, occupied by Messrs. DeKnight, Carroll & Co., as the "Ninth Ward Machine Works." This new institution is prepared to furnish steam engines, shafting, pulleys, and all kinds of mill work, roll turning, &c., and will always have on hand a supply of ready made thrashers and horse-powers, as well as improved horse-power for boring oil wells. The firm is composed of active, energetic practical machinists, and may be relied upon to fill all orders entrusted to them.

A CONDUCTOR IN LUCK.—Harry McAteer, passenger conductor on the Pennsylvania Railroad, is an extremely fortunate fellow, according to the Harrisburg *Telegraph* of Wednesday, which says:—"As he was coming eastward, last night, with the Pittsburgh and Erie mail train, he was making his ticket collections after leaving Huntingdon, and in his searches after hidden passengers he discovered in one of the saloons a 'sweet little darling,' about four days old, nicely wrapped in a shawl. The 'package' had evidently been left there by its heartless mother. Harry, with a sense of duty that he will undoubtely feel more sensibly ere long, took the child to his bosom and left it at Mifflin, where he had it properly cared for."

Trotting at New Castle.

A grand trotting match came off at the Fair Grounds, New Castle, on Thursday, in which "American Star," owned in this city, proved the victor. There were three horses entered—"Joe Curry," owned in Pittsburgh; "Black Squirrel," owned in Oil City; and "American Star." The race was mile heats, best three in five, and was won by "Star" in three straight heats, in 2:36½, 2:38, and 2:35.

Yesterday morning the race for the county purse came off. Three horses were entered, viz: Richardson's horse and "Old Bill," and D. Roberts' mare. The gray horse won in three straight heats, in 3:02½, 3:01, and 3:00. The attendance at the fair was very large, and trains were run from New Castle every twenty minutes, in charge of two careful conductors, F. G. Cotting and Mr. Slack.

A grand trot took place in the afternoon, between "American Star," the Chicago mare "Lady Wilson," and "Bones," for a purse of $200. The first heat was taken by "American Star," in 2.34. The second heat was won by "Bones," in 2.38, "American Star" having broken badly, and by that means lost the heat. At this stage of the race, the most interesting, our correspondent "Senecus" left the grounds to make the mail.

Opening of W. W. Bradshaw's Furnishing Store.

Last evening a large and highly respectable body of the friends of W. W. Bradshaw, Esq., paid him a visit at his new store, No. 124 Wood street. This store is to be devoted entirely to the House Furnishing business in all its branches, and last night Mr. Bradshaw was assisted in dedicating it to that purpose. On the fifth story a series of richly furnished tables presented the most irresistible temptation to the visitors, and they satisfied themselves accordingly. In the lower part of the building ladies and gentlemen discoursed sweet music, vocal and instrumental. Everything furnished was calculated to make the evening pass pleasantly. Short speeches, short songs, and plenty to eat and drink, filled the measure of gratification. We can only say that if Mr. Bradshaw will do up the House Furnishing business with half the spirit he displayed at his little banquet last night, he will do a fine trade. The building has already been described in the COMMERCIAL. It is pleasantly and advantageously located, and is an ornament to the street in which it stands. Long may Bradshaw wave.

Go and Do Likewise.

We congratulate our friend, Mr. A. J. Christy, the enterprising druggist of Oil City and Pithole City, in the step which he has just taken, that of taking to him self a life partner, as we learn by taking a glance at our marriage notices. Mr. Christy has only done what several gentlemen have done before him, and like them we hope he will enjoy a long and happy life. Having chosen "that good part which shall not be taken away from him," mutual good nature will make all domestic arrangements smooth, and the young couple will thereby add to the charms so much needed to make society at Oil City or Pithole City more agreeable than it is. Dr. S. S. Christy, the worthy and efficient Mayor of Oil City is the brother of our friend, who has deeply enhanced his value, and added to his manliness by marrying a worthy and amiable lady. We would like to say some good things of Mr. C., but as he may probably frown upon us for having taken too much liberty with his name already, we will forbear, and wind up our paragraph by wishing him all the good and happy experience due to one so industrious, and persevering in business. May he long wave, and may others take heed to his example, and go and do likewise.

The happy pair whom we have thus chronicled, passed through our city yesterday afternoon, on their way to their home in Oil Dorado.

PHILADELPHIA EXCURSIONISTS.

Proceedings of Yesterday—Banquet at Fricker's—Departure for Home.

Yesterday morning the members of the Good Intent Hose Company, escorted by the Committee of Arrangements of the Duquesne, together with representations from the other city companies, paraded through several of our streets, and afterwards repaired to the Eagle Engine House, on Fourth street, where they were hospitably entertained. The visitors then dined at the National, and in the afternoon visited a number of our principal manufacturing establishments in the Fifth and Ninth Wards. In the evening a sumptuous entertainment was given to the excursionists by the members of the Duquesne, at Fricker's Saloon, on Fifth street. The supper was gotten up in the most elegant style, and fully equalled any similar entertainment of the week. When the cloth was removed a meeting was organized, and Wm. C. McCarthy, Esq., President of the Firemen's Association, called upon to preside. Upon taking the chair Mr. McCarthy stated that they had met together for the purpose of bidding farewell to each other, and hoped that the visitors were well satisfied with their visit, as the city firemen were with them. Colonel Philip S. White, of Philadelphia, responded in a few complimentary and happy remarks. A number of songs were then sung and toasts responded to, and about one o'clock the meeting adjourned. The excursionists were escorted to the railroad depot by the firemen and a large number of citizens, who bade them farewell, and at three o'clock they left on the train for home, amidst the cheers of the large crowd which had congregated.

The Philadelphians appeared to be greatly pleased with their visit, which was certainly as pleasant as it could be made. Our city firemen exerted themselves to their utmost to render satisfaction to their guests and may congratulate themselves upon their success.

TERRIFIC EXPLOSION.

Boiler of the Tow Boat Nimrod Blown Up—Four Persons Killed and Several Wounded—The Boat a Total Wreck.

Between ten and eleven o'clock yesterday morning, the boiler of the tow boat Nimrod exploded, at the Monongahela wharf, with a terrific crash, scattering pieces of the vessel and its machinery in every direction, and instantly killing the captain, his wife and daughter, and the engineer, and injuring several others. The following are the facts, as near as could be ascertained:

The Nimrod had originally been built by a New York oil company at Oil City, for the purpose of transporting oil to this city, but proving a failure, was used as a tow boat. Yesterday morning she was engaged by Mr. Robert Daniels to convey a barge loaded with salt from the Allegheny river around to the Monongahela wharf. She had just made a landing at the Point when the explosion occurred, blowing the upper part of the boat to atoms, and sinking the hull. A number of persons were in the vicinity at the time, but they do not appear to know much about it. When the explosion occurred, there were seven persons on board the boat—James McCormick, Captain, wife and daughter, Hiram Baker, Pilot, William Pressure, Engineer, and two boys named John Bunting and Riley Walton. Captain McCormick was struck on the forehead by a fragment of the boat, and was also mutilated in a horrible manner. His body was blown into the barge, from which it was carried and laid upon the shore. His death was instantaneous. His wife and daughter, who were on board at the time, are missing, and it is probable that they are lost.

Wm. Pressure, the engineer, was badly scalded and was blown ashore. His body also was badly bruised and mutilated. He was conveyed to his residence, on Robinson street, near Carry, Allegheny, where he died in two hours afterwards. He was a young man, and was employed at W. W. Wallace's Marble Works, on Liberty street, at the time of the explosion there, some years ago.

Hiram Baker, the pilot, was blown into the river, and sustained severe injuries on the face and head. He was rescued by some young men and conveyed to his residence on Third street, near Ferry, where his wounds were dressed. His condition is not considered critical.

A boy named John Bunting, fifteen years of age, son of Mr. Wm. Bunting who resides in Penn street, was standing on the boat with another boy named Riley Walton, was also blown ashore and seriously injured. Walton has been missing since the explosion, and fears are entertained for his safety. The boys' parents supposed that they were at school at the time.

Mr. Daniels, the owner of the barge, was knocked into the river by a fragment and sustained severe injuries. He resides in Armstrong county, about six miles from Freeport.

James Alden, a ferryman, who resides in South Pittsburgh, was sitting in a skiff a few rods from the ill-fated vessel, when he was thrown up the levee, and slightly injured in the hip.

Coroner Clawson empannelled a jury last evening, but owing to the difficulty of procuring witnesses, the inquest was adjourned until this afternoon at two o'clock, when it will re-assemble at the Mayor's office, and investigate the cause of the disaster.

The Nimrod was a very small boat, being only about sixty feet in length and twelve feet beam. Her machinery was made in the East, while she was fitted up at Oil City. An idea of the force of the explosion may be arrived at from the fact that the boiler head, weighing three or four hundred pounds, was blown a distance of three hundred yards, passing over two blocks of buildings and falling into the yard connected with Bunting & Miller's planing mill, on Penn street. The "doctor" of the engine, and other portions of the machinery, were scattered along the wharf.

The cause of the explosion has not been definitely ascertained, but it is supposed to be the result of an over pressure of steam, and not from any deficit in the boiler. As the matter will be thoroughly investigated by the Coroner, we decline giving publicity to any of the numerous rumors which were in circulation yesterday.

For Additional Local see Fourth Page.

DIED:

ASHWORTH—On Friday, at 2 o'clock P. M., ROBERT ASHWORTH, in the forty-seventh year of his age.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, corner of Jefferson and Federal streets, Allegheny, on SUNDAY AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, to proceed to the Allegheny Cemetery. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

The Daily Commercial

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1865.

UNION STATE TICKET.

AUDITOR GENERAL:
JOHN F. HARTRANFT,
of Montgomery.
SURVEYOR GENERAL:
JACOB M. CAMPBELL,
of Cambria.

UNION COUNTY TICKET.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY:
LEVI B. DUFF, Allegheny.
FOR COUNTY CONTROLLER:
HENRY LAMBERT, Pitt Township.
FOR TREASURER:
DAVID AIKEN, Jr., Liberty Township.
FOR STATE SENATE:
JAMES L. GRAHAM, Allegheny.
FOR ASSEMBLY:
GEO. Y. McKEE, North Fayette Township.
HANS B. HERRON, McCandless Township.
ALFRED SLACK, Allegheny.
DAVID SHAFFER, Upper St Clair.
J. P. GLASS, Pittsburgh.
JOHN A. DANKS, Shaler Township.
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER:
JONATHAN NEELY, Lower St. Clair Tp.
FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR:
R. L. McCULLEY, Birmingham.
FOR DIRECTOR OF POOR:
MOSES CHESS, Chartiers Township.

LOCAL QUESTIONS.

We freely surrender to correspondents to-day considerable space to discuss local questions, which, we are glad to know, begin to claim a large share of attention. The writer of the article under the head of "Pittsburgh," has opened a heavy broadside of telling truths, and in subsequent articles will elucidate the subject with illustrations and facts that cannot fail of awakening a lively interest. If anything is said that needs correction, our columns are open for that purpose.

THE TRUE VERSION OF AFFAIRS IN MISSISSIPPI.

President JOHNSON has suffered not a little in public estimation because of the order he gave to Governor SHARKEY concerning the State militia. As in many other cases, no doubt, he has suffered unjustly, because the facts were not known. In this instance, it was General SLOCUM who was worthy of censure, as the facts make it appear. The proclamation calling for the militia was issued August 18th, while the Convention was in session. Before the Convention adjourned, the President telegraphed Provisional Governor SHARKEY: "I would advise you not to organize the State militia at present; not until the machinery of civil government has been more perfectly restored." The President added that General SLOCUM would furnish all the troops needed to prevent lawlessness and crime. It is stated that SHARKEY was satisfied with this, and acknowledged that his action had been premature, and would have been content had the matter there rested.

General SLOCUM, however, as soon as he saw the SHARKEY proclamation, issued his order, since printed, and known as General Order No. 22, directing his subordinates to disregard the proclamation. The terms of the order gave offense to Provisional Governor SHARKEY, and he telegraphed the situation to the President. Subsequently affairs were further complicated under General SLOCUM'S order, thwarting the understanding between the President and Gov. SHARKEY, and the latter was on the point of resigning, when the President revoked General SLOCUM'S order. It is important to observe the care evinced by the President at the outset, in holding in Gov. SHARKEY, and telling him to "go slow." It is best to know the facts before giving the verdict.

THE SOLDIERS' MONUMENT.

The association of gentlemen having this enterprise in hand, is working earnestly to accomplish its task. Weekly meetings are held at the Board of Trade Rooms to further the object of the organization. The work has been already sub-divided and entrusted to the care of competent committees, who are taking into consideration all suggestions offered in regard to design, location, &c. The work of collecting the funds is about to begin, and we have no doubt that a generous and hearty response will be given. The accredited collectors, (a list of whom will shortly be published,) are mostly returned veterans, who have borne the fatigues of the march and braved the dangers of the field; and who but fulfill a duty of affection as well as patriotism, in helping to erect a memorial to perpetuate the names of our fallen heroes.

Our community has earned for itself a glorious reputation, during the war, by its devotion to the care of the soldier, and it will be but a fitting supplement to that work to carry the proposed enterprise to completion. We consider the soldiers' monument as among the certainties of the future.

Let there be a prompt and general response. The Finance Committee have already authorized a number of trustworthy men to act as collectors—and it will facilitate their efforts if throughout the city and country the people should be ready to respond, when they call.

The monument will be erected by the smaller contributions of the many, rather than by the larger contributions of the few. In so glorious an enterprise, all should have a part. The scale of membership contributions has been arranged on this idea: Gentlemen, five dollars, ladies, three dollars, children, one dollar. Any larger sums, of course, will be acceptable. Corporations, $100; Associations, $30. Let the father of a family make himself and his sons members. Let the mothers and daughters also have a part. Let the city and county also take hold of the matter with the energy which has characterized every patriotic movement in our midst, and the Allegheny County Monument will be an achievement of which we may well be proud.

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WHAT *is* is the matter with the *Gazette?* We thought it had finished us,—and, as for that matter; the President, too. We fancied ourselves extinguished,—and, while we didn't care much for that, we felt a deep sympathy for the President. We knew that he had gone through a great deal, and was having a vast amount of trouble; and to have this killing fire opened on him—poor man!—from the *Gazette* batteries, stirred us deeply. But while we were supposing that, terrible as it was, the thing was all over, the *Gazette*,—dear old soul,—with Copperhead reinforcements, returns to do its work all over again. What *can* have so disturbed its slumbers? What makes it mumble and chatter so? If it *is* dying, it need not make such a fuss about it. If it is afraid it has said something that will lose it the offices on which it subsists, let it be comforted,—nobody would be so cruel as to rob it of anything in its last hours. As to that, we will stand by it as by a dying vagrant, concerned only for something to support his last moments. Be easy, and keep right on dying, dear old soul. The President won't feel bad at anything you have said or done, and we promise to "forgive and forget."

—To be serious for a single moment: Our neighbor has taken its position, which is in opposition to the Administration of the country, and to the President, in whose integrity all truly loyal men confide. We do not agree with our cotemporary in many respects, as we may not with every point of the President's policy. But we feel, as every patriot must feel, that, as was a hundred times the case during the war—when Mr. LINCOLN'S course gave rise to doubts—(which were all gloriously cleared up and proved groundless in the end,) he is entitled to our generous confidence; that the great cause requires of us hopeful trust and unwavering support, especially as the withholding of this would only encourage a cause which no patriot can wish to see succeed. If, in pursuing this course, we have provoked our cotemporary to contention and stirred up a bad spirit, we shall not—our love for the good cause will not permit us—standing only twenty days off from an election wherein grave issues are involved, gratify it to the extent it seems to desire. Some other time we may be more disposed to do it. Our cotemporary being vigorously engaged in defending its own position, and in an apparently vain attempt to disengage itself from embarrassments in which it has involved itself, we leave it to pursue the task, only hoping that if it has any energies left, or heart for the cause, it may yet return to do battle with the common enemy.

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THE reports from Alabama, of an insurrectionary spirit among the negroes, if confirmed, will prove seriously injurious to the colored people throughout the South. Thus far they have shown a good spirit, and we think that in this instance it will be found that an evil influence has been exerted by persons opposed to the welfare of the freedmen. There being a considerable manifestation of an insurrectionary spirit could not fail to prejudice their cause. Further accounts and the facts will be awaited with interest.

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IT is such paragraphs as this that show what progress has been made in the cause of Freedom. We quote from the Philadelphia *Press:*

> Had a Governor of South Carolina published such a message five years ago, as that of Provisional Governor Perry, which we print this morning, he would have been hanged as an Abolitionist, or confined as a lunatic. But, so rapidly have we advanced in our "schooling" since the rebellion has been crushed, that we fear many will regard the arguments and admissions of Governor Perry, as falling far short of what was expected from him, or what was due to the Government.

PITTSBURGH.

PITTSBURGH, September 22, 1865.

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

You have often, but not too frequently, urged in your columns the necessity of providing habitations for the growing community of Pittsburgh. It is evident that dwellings must be provided, or the city will be stunted and its prosperity smothered. Heretofore Pittsburgh has grown because of her natural advantages, not from any effort of that combined popular energy which has pushed communities with comparatively no natural force into the front rank of cities. Iron, coal, oil, and great facilities for the distribution of manufactured articles have brought to this locality a community of not less than one hundred and seventy thousand people. Is it a very hazardous assertion to say that if the same public spirit or energy that has characterized St. Louis, Chicago, and Cincinnati had pervaded Pittsburgh, that the population of this community would now be over three hundred thousand? And is it not pertinent to ask, had either of those cities possessed the advantages of Pittsburgh, what, with the combined energy displayed by their people, would they not have been?

That the manufacturers, the mechanics, the business men of Pittsburgh, have shown much individual energy, is not to be disputed; the solid capital of the community attests it. Engrossed, however, in personal schemes, they have spared no time or thought to what, in other localities, is held to be an important portion of the ground work of individual success, the rapid and continuous growth of the city. Cities, like magnets, acquire power with their size, and however wide the circle of trade that now seeks manufactured articles at Pittsburgh, is it to be doubted that, with double the factories, she would now draw twice the trade, to the accretion to herself of twice the commercial influence, and consequent power of attracting new interests, greater population, and accumulation of wealth, in which the old as well as the new population and interests would alike share? No one new factory can be established that will not in some way add to the business of others. How completely this urging forward the growth of the city and its interests has been neglected is shown by a glance into its public history.

For more than twenty years the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad, which should long since have given our manufacturers easy access by short routes and low grades to the South-eastern sea coasts and States, has remained an unfinished project; while the Ohio river has been tapped at Parkersburg by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, that would, most probably, had the Connellsville Road been long ago urged through, sought the Ohio, as was first designed, at Pittsburgh. For nearly as many years the Allegheny Valley Railroad has loitered in its course to a very El Dorado of wealth, whose whole sum, now mainly seeking other points, would, had that road been completed, flowed into the lap of the city. The Pennsylvania Railroad, while a completed enterprise, is not the result of Pittsburgh public spirit, but rather of Philadelphia foresight, which, reaching far past this city, is even now grasping for the trade of the Pacific, in scheming for the control of the St. Louis end of the Pacific Railroad. The Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago, and the Pittsburgh and Cleveland Railways, were, perhaps, born of Pittsburgh energy, but owe their final completion to the grasp and activity of other communities. The Steubenville Railroad, now about completing, is an accomplishment of the comprehensive policy of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, representing Philadelphia energy. The Chartiers Railway, which should have long since been the opening section to a line of future Southwestern communication, lies a half-completed embankment between Pittsburgh and Washington. While the Ohio river, the great avenue of transportation from and into Pittsburgh, runs year after year without a commencement toward that improvement of its navigation which, completed, would render Pittsburgh truly "the gate to the West." The exertion of half that energy for its accomplishment which Chicago has shown to obtain similar facilities, would have made us the entrepot of fully one-half the staples of the Southwestern States—the shipping port of the great mass of domestic and imported goods seeking Southern distribution.

This is a broad, though hurried glance at the facilities possessed by Pittsburgh for swelling the population, the business, the wealth of the city; but it is also a sorry story of wasted time, of neglected opportunities, of lost advantages—a rehearsal of certainly great public indolence, if not what after generations may characterize as public stupidity.

Twenty-five years ago Pittsburgh held in her grasp the ability to become the controlling city of the West, and can there be a doubt, had there been that combined public energy known as public spirit, pervading the community, we have seen exhibited in other cities, that these facilities would have been made the most of, and the three hundred thousand population before alluded to, been a fact. Is there any answer but one to the question, what would St. Louis, Chicago, Buffalo, Cincinnati—possessed of the natural manufacturing and geographical advantages of Pittsburgh—have done, with such a wide reach for the supply of manufacturing wants, and broad grasp on the agricultural commerce of the Union? Would either of those cities, with such powerful natural magnets as Pittsburgh owns, situated at a point from which a radius of but four hundred miles embraces the products and the trade of the Union, from the Canadas to the Carolinas, from the Wabash to the sea coast, have missed for want of exertion of energy what Pittsburgh has? Is it to be denied that it has lain in the grasp of this community to become the manufacturing centre of the Union, the shipping point for the Southwest? And the question now arises, as little except time has been lost, of the elements of success, how can we yet succeed? I am aware that there are some who will pronounce this a piece of visionary retrospective; but they are of those who, holding the reins of power, have allowed cities with not half our facilities to distance us in the race for population, and for trade. Such persons will point to the evidence of our manufacturing wealth, visible on every side, and allude to the fact you have often presented, that the city is overflowing, as conclusive of the force of our advantages to swell our population and wealth, even without public energy to aid. Gratifying as such facts are as evidences of prosperity, they are still more so as showing that the natural forces that have, unaided by public energy, built up a community of one hundred and seventy thousand people, are still powerful to attract trade, skill and population. It must be, however, held in remembrance that there are in the affairs of cities, as well as in those of men, tides that, taken at the flood, lead on to fortune. Pittsburgh is at the commencement of a flood tide of prosperity, but active rivals for the trade which she wields, while possessing less natural advantages, overflow with public spirit. From them, population is not turned away for want of habitations. From them, fresh interests are not deterred from taking root from want of accommodations for workmen and for projectors. From them, the incoming wave of population and prosperity is not walled out by the unwillingness of capitalists to invest in real estate, that the per cents are too little on the investments. But in them population is welcomed by efforts to accommodate it. New interests are enticed by rendering the cities attractive as homes. The wave of population and prosperity is drained toward them by all possible means.

Pittsburgh has such great manufacturing advantages that let the tide of population and consequent enterprise and capital find a resting place within her boundaries and her rivals must dwindle. Trade will seek the greatest population and market, to the shunning of the lesser ones; but population, and skill, and capital will as inevitably seek those localities where they can obtain comforts as well as remuneration. The tide of these has been for some time flowing to us; should it set from us towards points less favored by nature, but, fairly competing with us from other causes, for mechanical skill, manufacturing capital, and laboring population, it may be long before it turns so strongly this way again. In the lapse, rivals will have grown from the energy that overcomes by artificial resources, want of natural facilities, to such great attractive manufacturing power that all the advantages of Pittsburgh will not enable her to retain the trade they will be continually attracting from her. The tide of trade and its adjuncts will have swept round Pittsburgh, leaving her entangled among those shallows consequent upon not taking the tide at the flood. Agreeing with you that the want of dwellings is already a check to the fair prospects of Pittsburgh, and that the first step to taking the tide at the flood that again offers to lead our community to fortune is providing accommodation for the population knocking at our doors for admittance, I conclude this communication; hoping in a subsequent one to give some suggestions that will induce such a step, even if our capitalists continue to save at the spigot while they suffer waste at the bung.

FREEDMEN IMPROVING.

We never expected miraculous advancement in the negroes, by their emancipation. We never anticipated that, the moment they were made free from their hereditary bondage and debasement, they would rise to gigantic proportions of intellectual manhood, and become models of industry, enterprise and thriftiness. Human nature is usually slow in its social ascents, and it never had a lower standing point than that of the slave who had been for generations reft of his manhood and classed among chattels. It is no occasion of surprise or disappointment to us that he does feel perplexed by the novel possession of freedom, that the necessity for forethought and calculation finds him unprepared for it, or that amid the confusion consequent on the great change of condition, both in himself and all around him, his poor, uncultivated wits are bewildered.

But we should be glad to see as promising indications of an upward turn in the tendencies of the white population of the South as there are among the blacks, as prompt a recurrence to the paths of honest industry, as good evidences of attachment to and confidence in the Government, as patient a waiting for its movements of favor towards them, as cheerful a readiness to acquiesce in the stoppage of the Government rations. In these respects, the blacks, lately made men, have honorably distinguished themselves, where they have had the opportunity, on the plantation and in the military service of the country. Give them a fair chance, and the freedmen will become free men indeed.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE FOR OCTOBER.

Rich as the stores of Autumn is *Harper* for October. Of illustrated papers there is an abundance. Skipping over "Down in the Cinnabar Mines," and a "Visit to the Isle of the Puritans," we come to "SHERMAN'S Great March," a subject which has already occupied a large space in our martial literature. The account is profusely and most excellently illustrated, and will be eagerly read, even by those who know it by heart. There is an article which cannot fail of attracting much attention, on JEFFERSON DAVIS, written by General THOMAS JORDAN, Chief of BEAUREGARD'S Staff, and who had the most ample means of knowing whereof he writes. PITTOCK has the Magazine for sale.

CONSOLIDATION—SOME IDEAS OF A PLAN.

To the Editor of the Commercial:

Your correspondent "Rural" calls for some practical plan in the matter of the union of the city and suburbs. I would propose in reference to the Railroad indebtedness of the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, that each city, as now organized, continue to pay its Railroad interest, and finally its bonds, as though consolidation had never taken place. The general debt of both cities and the local debt of the boroughs, would, of course, form the basis of a debt of the consolidated city. Fortunately, outside of the Railroad indebtedness, none of our municipalities are burdened with debt, and hold property fully sufficient to pay the interest.

Second—In regard to the extent of the proposed consolidated city, I presume the medium proposition of Senator Bigham, as stated in your columns, is nearly what should be thought of. The two cities and nine adjoining boroughs, are too small—the entire county too large. I propose the western line of Wilkins and Penn townships, between the rivers, say about six miles from the Court House in that direction; South of the rivers, I would propose to include Lower St. Clair, Union and Chartiers townships, and a part of Baldwin. North of the river, I would propose the whole of McClure and Reserve townships, and a part of Ross, Shaler and Indiana townships.

The line should properly run further into the county between the rivers than either to the south or north; on the south, a mile further than on the north. The lines I have proposed would extend eastward six miles—to the south, say about four miles, and to the north of the rivers about three miles. This would give an area of about one-half of the city of Philadelphia as now consolidated—say about sixty square miles.

I propose that the ten wards of Pittsburgh shall compose the same of the new city; the wards of Allegheny to constitute wards eleven, twelve, thirteen and fourteen; Manchester, fifteen; McClure, sixteen; parts of Ross, Reserve, Shaler and Indiana townships, say seventeen, eighteen and nineteen; Sharpsburg, twenty; Lawrenceville, twenty-one; Pitt township, twenty-two and twenty-three; Collins, twenty-four; Liberty, twenty-five; Peebles, twenty-six; Birmingham, twenty-seven; East Birmingham, twenty-eight; Wilkinsburg and parts of Baldwin and Lower St. Clair, twenty-nine; South Pittsburgh, thirty; West Pittsburgh, thirty-one; Temperanceville, thirty-two; Lower St. Clair, thirty-three; Union, thirty-four, and Chartiers, thirty-five, wards of the city of Pittsburgh. Or a commission of surveyors could be appointed to revise and change boundaries, if that was thought better.

I would suggest that a public meeting be called in the latter part of October, or the early part of November, and a committee of, say one from each ward, be appointed, to whom the preparation of a Bill, and all the arrangements of consummating this plan, be committed. The Senators and Members of the House, would, of course, be consulted.

Enough for to-day. RURAL No. 2.

To the Editor of the Commercial:

I am pleased to observe that my suggestion of consolidation meets with so much favor, but fear some of its friends are too *expansive* in their views. The only rural portion of the neighborhood I would include, would be such portion of Pitt township as would be necessary to make convenient boundaries. In the Philadelphia consolidation law, a distinction is made in regard to rural taxes, which could be imitated here with advantage. One writer proposes a conference of corporate authorities, to perfect a *project*. I don't see the propriety of the proposal. Our City and Borough Councils cannot or will not do their legitimate work, and I would be unwilling to increase their burthens. Some means ought to be resorted to to ensure efficient officers to a consolidated city. Our ordinary elections are a farce, so far as regards their great end. Let a certain ratio be fixed for chosing councilmen. Say there will be 10,000 voters in the city. Let us have twenty-five Councilmen; let every citizen vote in his proper Ward for one person, and let each one, not exceeding twenty-five, who may receive in the whole city 400 votes be declared elected; if more than twenty-five should have the requisite number, then let the twenty-five highest be regarded as chosen; if less, then let that lesser number assemble and fill the vacancies. Let the Council so chosen, choose, *viva voce*, nine Select Councilmen to serve for one, two, and three years, so that one-third may retire each year, and let the two Councils choose the Mayor, Controller, and Treasurer.

I can understand the case, why my rights as a citizen should entitle me to vote for members of the State and national legislatures; but it is just as foolish to ask the right to vote for Mayor, or any other city corporation official, as it would be were I, a stockholder in a railroad or banking company, to whine because each conductor or book-keeper was not chosen by universal suffrage.

As matters now stand, the men who receive the city money—not those who contribute it—have the control of its expenditure. I could name men who annually pay city taxes amounting to from one to four thousand dollars a year, who have no voice whatever in the government. Men who pay from fifty cents to five dollars a year are not disposed to be very careful managers of the financial interests of the community. What we need is a consolidated city, and the right kind of men to control its business interests; and we had better look these things right in the face before we grow old in folly, and thirty years hence find New York taxes upon us, assessed by the votes of dead rabbits, and worthless rowdies generally.

In reference to the debt of each corporation, reference could be made to the Philadelphia act, where the same objection was made and obviated. If the people conclude that our best interests will be subserved by consolidation, the little particular matters can be readily arranged in a satisfactory manner.

PENN.

THE ACTION IN NEW YORK.

We hope that none of our readers overlooked the resolutions of the New York Union Convention, published in our last. They not only endorse the President, but his entire policy, as "eminently wise," and the support they pledge to him is not qualified, or stinted, but full and hearty. The *Evening Post* speaking of them, says "they express the predominant feelings and convictions of the entire community." Having done this, unanimously and with a will, the Convention nominated a clean ticket, excellent in all its parts, headed by Major General BARLOW as Secretary of State. Of him the *Post* gives the following brief notice, which stirs the blood of every patriot:

> General Barlow was before the war a young lawyer of this city, who entered the army as a private, without military education; but whose remarkable military capacity and cool bravery gained him promotion, from grade to grade, until at the close of the struggle he had reached the rank of Major General. He was noted in the Army of the Potomac no less for his many wounds than for his courage and heedlessness of danger. During the Peninsula campaign he was shot in two places; he was reported mortally wounded at Antietam, but not before he had captured two stands of colors and four hundred men; he was again so desperately hurt at Gettysburg where his services were more brilliant and important that the rebels refused to carry him off the field, thinking him too near dead to be worth the trouble. In Grant's campaign against Richmond he commanded a division of the famous Second corps, Hancock's, and led the charge at Spottsylvania, in which the rebel Generals Johnson and Stuart, a whole division of Lee's army, and between thirty and forty guns, were captured. He was no less distinguished in the last battles of the war. Meantime, his accomplished and beautiful wife was serving in the hospitals; she followed the army, during the Wilderness campaign, and was untiring in her devotion to the wounded, until at last she was struck down herself, by fever, and died at Washington, mourned by thousands of the brave men to whom her kindness and devotion had made her name dear.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

On Thursday night last, the Treasury of Hardin county, Iowa, at Eldorado, was entered by burglars, and the safe blown open and robbed of $12,000 in legal tender notes, greenbacks, 7-30 bonds, and revenue stamps. Parties were immediately sent out in search of the robbers, who are believed to be known.

The milliners are opening the fall fashions. We have not seen them, but are informed by a lady friend who is *au fait* in such mysteries, that the new styles have more body, and especially more crown than those at present in vogue, and as no provision has been made for the accommodation of their waterfall, it is presumed that that unsightly abomination is to be altogether ignored.

A man who has been cultivating tea, as an experiment, since 1860, writes to the Savannah *Herald* that most of his plants grow finely, that his tea is of good quality, and that the plants will do quite as well in Georgia as in their native country. The plants require no culture after the third year. If well taken care of, by that time they will be large enough to commence the manufacture of tea from them. The yield to the acre is from three to four hundred pounds, and the plants produce good crops for eighteen or twenty years. The growth of tea is not affected by dry or wet weather, or by storms, and insects will not molest the plants.

The Chicago papers give a curious chapter of crime. Mr. Felker, an attorney of that city, has been, as it appears, engaged for some time in receiving stolen bonds, erasing their numbers, and disposing of them. The detectives of that city have been on his track for some time. Recently he had an accomplice, as he supposed, but in reality a detective, arrested, and the prisoner was on Wednesday examined before a justice. The upshot of the affair was the disclosure of Felker's guilt, and his arrest in the court room, two or three free fights between the police and the culprit's friends, and the rendition of Felker to the authorities of Ohio.

A Washington letter writer says: Towards the close of the second day, I chanced to meet a distinguished Senator, who, as such, in a little while, obtained an interview, and through whose courtesy I was introduced to his Excellency, the President. I spent ten minutes with him then, and at his invitation returned again in the evening, when all the crowd had gone, and sat down with him and enjoyed a conversation of nearly an hour. I only speak from slight acquaintance, but I think no one can leave the President except with a favorable impression. Each President, in my remembrance, has had his peculiarities. Mr. Pierce, for instance, was a most courteous gentleman. Mr. Buchanan was, in manners as in heart, an iceberg. Mr. Lincoln was genial, but, it is said, that towards the last he was, at times, irritable. There is no wonder in this. Four years in the White House would irritate an angel. But, so far, Mr. Johnson is successful in pleasing all. He, I believe, generally receives standing, but, in a minute or two, requests you to be seated. He listens with no sign of impatience, and makes business-like replies. There is no attempt to impress you with the grandeur of his position—easy and agreeable, you at once feel at home. There is no reticence. He may ask your opinion on the great questions of the day, and frankly he will tell you his own.

◆

The Union voters of Butler county will hold a mass meeting, in the borough of Butler, on Monday evening next, at the Court House, which will be addressed by Hon. Thomas Williams and Robert Audley Browne, the candidate for State Senator.

PERSONAL.

—A correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial* in Jackson, Mississippi, gives the following account of Governor Sharkey: "I have seen no public man in Mississippi on whom the President's choice might more wisely have fallen. That he is truly and thoroughly loyal, no one, not even our Generals of the most radical politics, disputes; and if further testimony were needed, it is sufficiently given by the fact that the overthrown and defeated secession politicians of the State are hostile to him, without concealment. That he has been successful in fulfilling his appointed task, thus far, will be amply attested by the facts that since July 17 he has collected, and now has on deposit (the greater portion of it), $75,000—a tax which in no case of importance has been contested as illegal by the tax-payers—has circulated and caused to be taken and subscribed 45,000 oaths of amnesty; and has thus enabled a convention, lacking only one of fully representing the entire State, to be elected, organized, and adjourned a month in advance of all the other insurgent States. He has not exerted himself especially to procure pardons for excepted rebels; and, from a close observation of three weeks, I can affirm that he takes no counsel from, and finds no enjoyment in, the society of that class of persons. Governor Sharkey was a life-long Whig in politics, and now stands with the party calling itself Conservative, in opposition to the Constitutionals. The Conservatives are the only true Union men in the State, favoring education for the freedmen, the right of testifying in the Courts, but inflexibly opposed to negro suffrage."

—The venerable Bishop Hopkins, of Vermont, is in New York, on business connected with the approaching Triennial Convention. Some one asked the Bishop if he thought there would be any trouble in re-admitting the Southern Bishops to the Convention. His reply was characteristic: "I see by the papers to-day that the Odd Fellows Grand Lodge at Baltimore are having a great family re-union, and that the Southern delegates have been as cordially received as those from other sections of the Union. Why cannot we follow their example? With the Odd Fellows 'Friendship, Love and Truth' are governing principles, but Odd Fellowship is a voluntary affair. When professing Christians come together, sir, they are commanded to 'love one another,' and that command I shall do my best not only to obey myself, but persuade others to obey it also."

—Five years ago, Maj. Von Hammerstein was an officer of standing in the Austrian service, and by inheritance possessed the rank of Baron. Overwhelmed with gambling debts he resigned and came to this country. He obtained a position on McClellan's staff, then on McDowell's, and was finally placed in command of a regiment. He drew seventeen hundred dollars back pay and allowances, and went to New York. A born gambler, as so many of the Austrian and Prussian army officers are, he could not resist the temptation to try his luck with so handsome a sum. In a single night, it is said, he lost the entire amount. The next morning, penniless, utterly destitute, and stung with a sense of his disgrace, this high born Austrian noble and meritorious officer enlisted as a private in our regular army, and is now carrying a musket.

—They give odd remedies for the cattle disease in England. A cow belonging to Miss Burdett Coutts was dosed with "eight bottles of whisky, twelve bottles of brandy, thirty bottles of port wine and other strong drinks." The animal recovered from distemper, but died of delirium tremens.

—While Gen. Grant was *en route* from Springfield to St. Louis, a crowd eagerly pressed around the train while it was stopping at Alton. Somebody stepped upon somebody's toes, and a fight ensued which spread like an epidemic through the crowd assembled. The train moved off, leaving them to "fight it out on that line." A gentleman in the crowd cried out, as the train left, "I never knew General Grant to go anywhere but what he got up a big fight."

—Fitz-Greene Halleck, the poet, now seventy-three years of age, is passing the evening of his life in a quiet home by the sea side at Guilford, Conn. He meets visitors with a smiling face, and sprightly, elastic steps, and converses freely and cheerfully. He has nothing to do with politics, and never voted for a President. His style of living is plain and unpretending.

MARRIED:

CHRISTY—GWINN—At St. Mary's Church, Loretto, Pa., on the 21st inst., by the Rev. T. S. Reynolds, Mr. A. J. CHRISTY, of Oil City, to Miss MOLLIE GWINN, of the former place.

FUNDENBERG—COX—On Wednesday, the 20th instant, by Rev. James Allison, Dr. W. F. FUNDENBERG and Miss MARY M. COX, both of Sewickley, Allegheny county, Pa. No cards.

HARBORD—SCHENLEY—On the 5th instant, at All Saints Church, Knightsbridge, England, by the Hon. and Rev. John Harbord, brother of the bridegroom, the Hon RALPH HARBORD, brother of Lord Suffield, to LILY, second daughter of Edward W. H. Schenley, Esq., and grand-daughter of Wm. Croghan, Esq., of Locust Grove, near Louisville, Ky.; and grandneice of the Hero of Fort Sandusky, the late Col. Geo. Croghan, of the United States Army.

DIED:

McDONNELL—On the 21st instant, at 11 o'clock P. M., PIERCE, son of James and Ellen McDonnell, aged one year and one month.

The funeral will take place SATURDAY, 23d inst., at half-past two o'clock, from No. 20 Federal street, Pittsburgh. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

HOUSEKEEPERS,
LOOK TO YOUR INTERESTS.

Preserve your fruits with "Speer's Preserving Compound," and thereby save the expense of sugar and sealing jars.

One dollar's worth will preserve about 150 pounds of fruit. This compound is warranted to prevent decomposition in all kinds of fruit, and preserve it in a perfectly fresh and wholesome condition for years. Also, wine and cider can be kept for years at any desired flavor by this compound. This article contains nothing that is injurious to health or objectionable in articles of diet. Sold by

N. McCLARRAN & CO., Druggists,
Wholesale and retail agents, 85 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fifth street. se14

FEVER AND AGUE CAN BE CURED

As readily as any of the diseases, if you will use the right medicine. Certificates are being received every day from persons who have spent months endeavoring to effect a cure with various remedies, and who have been cured by a single bottle of
Fleming's Ague Cure.
Fleming's Ague Cure.
If one bottle does not succeed in breaking the chill, come back and get your money. Put up and sold at
J. Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot,
J. Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot,
J. Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot,
No. 84 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fourth st.
No. 84 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fourth st.
No. 84 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fourth st.
Pittsburgh. Pittsburgh. Pittsburgh.
se21-TF&S

RELIGIOUS.

☞ REV. F. E. HIGBEE, FORMER Pastor, will preach in Grace Church, (Rev. Mr. Wagner's,) TO-MORROW (Sunday) MORNING and EVENING. Strangers are cordially invited. Church, corner of Grant and Webster streets.

FALL MILLINERY.

TO THE LADIES.
MISS TAYLOR
Opens an assortment of FALL BONNETS, ROUND HATS, and LADIES' DRESS CAPS, on
SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 23.
se18-6t

OPENING.
MRS. M. KITCHIN,
Will open, on SATURDAY, the 23d inst., an elegant assortment of new and fashionable
MILLINERY,
At No. 100 Federal street, Allegheny City. se21-4t

LEAF LARD.
100 TIERCES PRIME LEAF LARD,
In store and for sale by
D. WALLACE,
347 Liberty street.
Pittsburgh, September 20, 1865. se20-6t

FOURTH GREAT AUCTION SALE of BUILDING AND GARDEN LOTS at McFARLAND'S GROVE, near Shady-side Station, East Liberty, on MONDAY AFTERNOON, September 25, 1865, at 2½ o'clock, on the premises. Terms—One-third cash, balance in one and two years, with interest, secured by mortgage on the premises. $10 cash to be paid on each lot when sold, as a part of cash payment. An extra train, free for all, will leave the Pennsylvania depot at 2 o'clock precisely on the day of sale, and take ladies and gentlemen to and from the sale free of charge. No tickets required.
se22-3t A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

FOURTH WARD.
Tax-payers of Allegheny Take Notice.
Public notice is hereby given that the Bounty Tax, assessed on the persons occupation, and property of said ward, is now due and payable to me at No. 80 Washington street, and must be paid in thirty days from this date, or delinquents will be proceeded against according to law. ROBERT BOLE.
September 20, 1865. se21-1w

CENTRAL PARK SKATING CO.
NOTICE TO BUILDERS.
Bids will be received at the office of the Superintendent, No. 177 Penn street, until October 1, for erecting a frame building on their property, Ninth Ward, Pittsburgh. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of James M. Balph, Architect, Anderson street, near corner of Lacock, Allegheny City. The company reserve the right to reject one or all bids received.
D. P. CORWIN,
se22-9t Chairman Building Committee.

OFFICE OF THE CHERRY RUN CENTRAL OIL CO.,
PITTSBURGH, September 20, 1865.
THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of this company will be held at its office on
MONDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1865, AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M.,
for the purpose of electing officers for ensuing year, and transacting any other business that may be brought before it. A full attendance is requested.
se21-td WM. F. GARDNER, Secretary.

PITTSBURGH GALVANIZING IRON WORKS.
The undersigned are prepared to Galvanize SHEET IRON, HOOP IRON, COAL HODS, SPIKES, WIRE, NAILS, RIVETS, GAS PIPE, and all kinds of steamboat and other wrought and cast iron work, at the shortest notice, and in the most durable style.
McVOY & CO.,
Corner of Bluff and Gist streets,
ly8-3m Pittsburgh, Pa.

PRODUCE.—
50 bbls. Green Apples;
3 " Flaxseed;
2 " Eggs;
2,000 lbs. Buckwheat Flour. In store and for sale by J. S. DILWORTH & CO.,
Nos. 190 and 192 Second street.
le25

100 EMPTY IRON BARRELS—For sale by J. B. CANFIELD.
le8

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MASONIC.
The officers of the Grand Lodge of this State will make a Grand Visitation at Masonic Hall, Fifth street, on MONDAY EVENING, September 25, at 7 o'clock. The members of the Lodges in the Twelfth District are respectfully invited to be present.
se23-2t A. M. POLLOCK, D. D. G. M.

FOR SALE.—
An Eligible Pew
IN THE FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Inqure at No. 103 Fourth street. se23-6t

C. BEGGS
Has just opened a very fine assortment of
PATTERN BONNETS AND HATS,
RIBBONS, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, &c.
Also, the latest styles of Coats, Basques, and everything in the Cloak line.
No. 124 Federal street, Allegheny City.
se23-6t

BOOK-KEEPING, ARITHMETIC, PENMANSHIP, &c.
LADIES' CLASS NOW FORMING,
At the Business Night School, Central High School, opposite the postoffice. Open from 7 to 9 P. M. Visiting, Wedding and Address Cards written to order. Call at rooms, or address C. C. COCHRAN, late Superintendent at Duff's College, Book-keeper at B. A. Fahnestock, Son & Co's. se23-2t

MUSTERED-OUT OFFICERS AND DISCHARGED SOLDIERS—Get your accounts settled, and claims against the Government adjusted and collected at
THE OLD WAR-CLAIM AGENCY,
One of the oldest and most responsible firms in the District of Columbia.
Business from correspondents in the different States promptly attended to, at one-half the usual rate of charges.
We have over sixty correspondents. General information free.
Central Office, 344 Pennsylvania avenue, Washington, D. C. Postoffice Box, 93.
Refer by permission to Hon. A. W. Randall, First Ass't P. M. Gen.; C. Harlan, Sec'y of the Interior; U. S. Senator Nye, from Nevada Territory; A. Hovey, Brig. General U. S. V.; Rittenhouse & Co., Bankers, Washington, D. C. se23 1m2taw

MERCANTILE LIBRARY LECTURES.
Season 1865-6.
The Lecture Committee begs to announce the following
LIST OF LECTURERS
For the ensuing season:

MISS ANNA E. DICKINSON	November 2.
C. OSCANYAN	November 7.
GEORGE THOMPSON	November —.
DE CORDOVA	December 21.
Do.	December 23.
MISS ANNA E. DICKINSON	December 26.
Do.	December 28.
GEORGE VANDENHOFF	January —.
Do.	January —.
JOHN B. GOUGH	March 19.
Do.	March 20.
Do.	March 21.

THEODORE TILTON is also confidently expected.
Season Tickets, (admitting to secured seats without extra charge,) $3, can now be obtained at the Library Rooms, the principal Drug and Book Stores, and from the Committee.
THOS. BAKEWELL, Jr., WM. B. EDWARDS,
R. C. ALBREE, CHAS. L. CALDWELL,
JAS. J. DONNELL, O. L. McCLINTOCK,
se23 Lecture Committee.

DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, PA., September 23, 1865.
SALE OF
Government Property.
Will be sold at public auction, at the Fair Grounds in this city, on the 2d day of October, 1865, the following Government property, viz:

4	Horses.
30	Six-mule wagons.
82	Single sets wheel harness.
118	do do lead do.
8	Wheelbarrows.
22	Riding Saddles.
10	do Bridles.
21	Saddle Blankets.
170	Halter Chains.
260	Horse Bells.
27	Chains.
2	Anvils.
7	Sledges and handles.
1	Plow.
30	Axes.
12	Spades.
176	Shovels.
189	Pickaxes.
50	do Handles.
7	Branding Irons.
11	Paulins.
2	Platform Scales.
10	Crowbars.
4	Road Scoops.
3	Oil Cans.
48	Corn Mills.
420	Buckles.
514	Grain Sacks.
2 037	Railroad Chairs.
141	Rings.

Much of the above property is in good condition.
Sale to commence at 9½ o'clock A. M.
Terms, CASH—United States currency.
O. CROSS,
se23 td Lieut. Col. and Deputy Q. M. General.

PIANOS,
ORGANS,
MELODEONS.
Hoffman, Hœne & Co.,
53 FIFTH STREET,
Are the sole agents for Decker Brothers, New York, and Adolph Hintz's, New York, Pianos, and also for Taylor & Farley's Organs and Melodeons.
THESE INSTRUMENTS
ARE
IN EVERY RESPECT
THE
MOST PERFECT IN THE COUNTRY.
PLEASE CALL AND EXAMINE.
se23

SCHOOL BOOKS.
LAW BOOKS,
MEDICAL BOOKS,
THEOLOGICAL BOOKS,
SUNDAY SCHOOL BOOKS,
MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,
PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,
WRITING PAPERS,
ENVELOPES,
BLANK BOOKS,
GOLD PENS,
POCKET BOOKS,
PORTFOLIOS,
WRITING DESKS,
PATENT PAPER TWINE.
For sale, wholesale and retail, by
Davis, Clarke & Co.,
se23 93 WOOD STREET.

FRESH SUPPLY OF NEW BOOKS
—AT—
KAY & COMPANY'S,
55 Wood Street.
JOHN BRIGHT'S SPEECHES on the American Question. One vol.
PARKMAN'S PIONEERS OF FRANCE in the New World. One vol.
THE LIFE AND SPEECHES OF ANDREW JOHNSON. One vol.
DERBY'S HOMER'S ILLIAD. Two vols.
FORSYTH'S LIFE OF CICERO. Two vols.
TENNYSON'S POEMS. Farringford Ed. Two vols.
ALFRED HOGART'S HOUSEHOLD. By Alexander Smith.
GRAVER THOUGHTS OF A COUNTRY PARSON. Second Series.
CAN YOU FORGIVE HER? By A. Trollope.
LINDIS FARM CHASE. By T. Adolphus Trollope.
VAMBERY'S CENTRAL ASIA. Illustrated.
THE STORY OF THE GREAT MARCH.
BEATRICE. By Julia Kavanaugh. se23

WALLACE'S
PRACTICAL ENGINEER.
A treatise on the subject of modeling, constructing and running steam engines; containing, also, directions in regard to the various kinds of machinery connected with steam power, prepared with special reference to the need of steamboat owners, captains, pilots and engineers, and also all connected with stationary steam engines on land or water. Second edition, improved and enlarged, by JOHN WALLACE, practical engineer. Price, $5 per copy. Mailed to any address on receipt of price, by
DAVIS, CLARKE & CO.,
se23 93 WOOD STREET.

A. H. FRANCISCUS & CO.,
513 MARKET ST., PHILADELPHIA,
Wholesale Dealers
—IN—
Cotton and Linen Carpet Chains,
BATTING, WADDING,
TWINES, WICKS,
COVERLET YARN, GRAIN BAGS,
CORDAGE, FANCY COVERLETS,
OIL CLOTHS, FANCY BASKETS,
WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE, &c., &c.
se22-6m

J. B. DUFF & BRO.,
Practical Lithographers,
96 LIBERTY ST., COR. OF FERRY, PITTSBURGH, PA.
Show Cards, Labels, Views, Bonds, Checks, Notes, Drafts, Bill and Letter Heads, Certificates of Stock, Circulars, Maps, &c. se23-3m

MODERN MIRACLE.—FROM OLD and young, from rich and poor, from high-born and lowly, comes the universal voice of praise for HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER. It is a perfect and miraculous article; cures baldness, makes Hair grow. A better dressing than any Oil or Pomatum. Softens harsh, dry and wiry hair into beautiful silken tresses. But above all, the great wonder is the rapidity with which it restores GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR. Use it a few times, and, presto, change, the whitest and worst looking Hair resumes its youthful beauty. It does not dye the Hair, but strikes at the root, and fills it with new life and coloring matter. It will not take a long, disagreeable trial to prove the truth of this matter. The first application will do good; you will see the natural color returning every day, and before you know it, the old, gray, discolored appearance of the Hair will be gone, giving place to lustrous, shining and beautiful locks. Ask for Hall's Sicilian Hair Renewer; no other article is at all like it in effect. You will find it cheap to buy, pleasant to try, and sure to do you good. There are many imitations. Be sure you procure the genuine, manufactured only by R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N. H.
R. E. SELLERS & CO., corner of Wood and Second streets, Pittsburgh, Wholesale Agents. For sale also by GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, Pittsburgh, and by all Druggists. fe28-3meod:M,W&S

EGGS.—7 BBLS. FRESH EGGS, for sale by
GEORGE B. JONES & CO.,
my22 141 Water street.

WANTED.

Advertisements appearing under this head will be charged ten cents per line. No advertisement will be inserted for less than forty cents.

WANTED—A small store, cellar and office, in a good locality. Also, a furnished room for a gentleman. Address GERMANIA HOUSE, No. 165 Smithfield street. se23-1t

WANTED—To Rent—A House containing six or seven rooms, in a convenient part of the city, for which a liberal rent will be paid. Address J., Postoffice Box 308, Pittsburgh. se23-1t

WANTED—A Good Baker, at Rouseville, Pa. Good wages paid. For further particulars, address A. A. GARVER, Rouseville, Venango county, Pa. se21-1t

WANTED—A Clerk in a Coal Yard—one who is quick and correct at figures, and well acquainted with the city. Address, with reference, "COAL," Box 1,455, P. O. se22-2t

WANTED—A Good Machinist, to run a lathe. Good wages and steady employment given. BAILEY, FARRELL & CO., No. 167 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh. se21-3t

WANTED—Board in a private family, by a young man from New England, now commencing business in this city. Best of references given and required. Address A. Ellis, through postoffice. se24-1t

WANTED—A good office, with a small room adjoining that will answer as a packing room. The business is books and engravings by sample. If suitable for the purpose, will rent for a term of years. Address or apply to N. J. HOLLAND, Monongahela House. se23-1t

WANTED—50 Miners and Laborers, at the works of the Youghiogheny Furnace, to drift and bench for iron ore. Inquire at Dunbar Station, on the Connellsville Railroad, of WILLIAM H. WHEELER, Superintendent. Good wages and steady employment. se21-2w

WANTED—Immediately—Energetic men who wish to engage in a light and pleasant, legitimate business, which will pay from $25 to $50 every day, by a small investment to commence with of from $100 to $300. EVANS & BLOOD, 67 Fourth street, next door to Mechanics' Bank. se19-6t

WANTED—$150 per Month—Local and Traveling Agents wanted to sell the $20 improved New England Family Sewing Machine. This machine is the best and most popular of those now in the market, and the sales are immense. Liberal commissions allowed, at which the above, and even larger sums can easily be realized. Send for circulars. Address WM. L. JOHNSON & CO., P. O. Box 195, Harrisburgh, Pa. se9-1m

WANTED—Agents—In every township to sell GRANT AND SHERMAN, their CAMPAIGNS AND GENERALS, by Hon. J. T. Headley, author of "Washington and his Generals," &c., comprising popular biographies of prominent Generals of the Union army, including graphic descriptions of battles, sieges, adventures, &c., with numerous steel portraits and battle scenes. Sold only by agents. To all seeking profitable employment, a rare chance is offered to make money. For terms and territory, address at once, with stamp, E. B. TREAT & CO., Publishers, 130 Grand street, New York. se1-6t

WANTED—An Agent—In every State, county, and township in the United States for "The Petroleum V. Nasby Papers." R. W. Carroll & Co., publishers. This work is the most humorous ever printed, and will sell more rapidly than any subscription book ever published. It will be richly bound in fine English cloth, printed on excellent paper, and with bold type. The illustrations will be numerous and well executed. The people want just such a work to make them "laugh and grow fat." President Lincoln one day, nearly worn out by the pressure of official duties, pushing everything else aside, remarked to a friend: "Have you seen the Nasby Papers?" "No, I have not," was the answer. "Who is Nasby?" "There is a chap out in Ohio," returned the President, "who has been writing a series of letters in the newspapers, * * * * I am going to write to Nasby to come down here, and I intend to tell him if he will communicate his talent to me I will swap places with him." Agents will state their experience, if any, and will name several counties in the order of their choice. We give the highest commission and have no back freight charges. If you would avoid delay, inclose $1 25 for an Order Book, and if you desire a sample copy, $2 additional, on receipt of which he will send books and certificates of agency. JOSEPH L. TOPHAM & CO., corner of Fourth and Vine sts, Cincinnati, O. sep23-2w

COUNTY FAIR.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY
AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.
TENTH
ANNUAL FAIR,
—AT—
IRON CITY PARK,
October 18, 19 and 20, 1865,
Wednesday, Thursday and Friday.

The Board of Managers announce to the public that they have leased for a term of years the COMMODIOUS and NATURALLY BEAUTIFUL GROUNDS known as the
Iron City Park!
Situated at Lawrenceville, near the city line.
Large and Well Arranged
BUILDINGS
Have been erected for the display of
MECHANIC ARTS, IMPLEMENTS, FRUITS, FLOWERS, AND VEGETABLES; HORSES, CATTLE, SHEEP, SWINE, AND POULTRY.
LIBERAL ARRANGEMENTS
Have been made to insure
Entire Satisfaction
To exhibitors and spectators.
LARGE PREMIUMS
ARE OFFERED,
And the display in all departments promises to be
EXTENSIVE AND IMPOSING.
HORSES.
The managers have provided a suitable
Course for the Display of Horses,
And, in addition to the tests specified in the Premium Lists, the track will be open each day for EQUESTRIAN PERFORMANCES, under the direction of the Committee.
THE GROUNDS ARE
Supplied with Pure Water.
Hay and Straw
FURNISHED GRATIS.
GRAIN AT COST.
☞ Iron City Park can be reached by the Citizens' Passenger Railway. Also, accommodation trains will be run by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.
☞ Premium Lists can be procured at the rooms of the Society, No. 68 Fifth street, or by application to either of the undersigned.
☞ Articles and animals must be entered on the Secretary's books before TUESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 17, and (except horses) brought within the inclosure as early as TUESDAY NOON.
☞ A Brass Band will be in attendance.
☞ Ample arrangements for meals.
PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Single Admission	25 cents.
Children, each	15 cents.
Two-horse Vehicles	25 cents.
Single horse Vehicles	20 cents.
Single Horse	10 cents.

Occupants of vehicles will pay, in addition the regular prices of admission.
Judges' Reports will be read from the President's tent on FRIDAY, October 20, at 2 o'clock P. M.
Cash Premiums Will be Paid
BY THE TREASURER.
For further information, address
Capt. JOHN YOUNG, Jr., Superintendent.
Gen. JAMES S. NEGLEY, Corresponding Secretary of the Society; or
S. SCHOYER, Secretary to the Board. se20-d&wtd

FIFTY DOZEN
Gum Suspenders,
LESS THAN NEW YORK PRICES,
—AT THE—
GREAT SALE OF GOODS,
AT COST AND UNDER, AT
McClelland's Auction Rooms,
55 FIFTH STREET.
THE ENTIRE STOCK of DRY GOODS and SHOES
CLOSING OUT AT AND BELOW COST.
se6

CHARLES DUFFIELDS,
BEST SUGAR-CURED HAMS,
In store and for sale by
COOK BROS. & CO.,
fy28 No. 13 Smithfield street.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.
LESSEE AND MANAGER..........WM. HENDERSON.
Sixth night of the engagement of
MISS LAURA KEENE,
Who will appear for the last time as Florence Trenchard in her great comedy of the American Cousin. Harry Hawk as Asa Trenchard.
THIS (Saturday) EVENING,
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN.
Florence Trenchard..........Miss Laura Keene.
Asa Trenchard..........Harry Hawk.
Supported by the talented stock company.
To conclude with the Irish drama of
NORAH CREINA.
In rehearsal, THE WORKMEN OF NEW YORK.

CLOTHING.

GREAT
CLOSING OUT SALE
OF
SUMMER CLOTHING.
The undersigned now offer the balance of their stock of SUMMER CLOTHING at
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES,
In order to dispose of the same before the FALL TRADE sets in. At the same time we inform the public that we have already received a large and well assorted line of Goods, suitable for the FALL TRADE, consisting of Heavy, Dark and Light Colored
Cassimere Suits,
PANTS AND VESTS,
CASSIMERE AND FLANNEL SHIRTS,
UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS.
We also have a great variety of
White Shirts; Hats;
Silk, Linen, and Cotton Handkerchiefs;
Linen and Paper Collars,
Neckties and Scarfs;
Kid, Leather, Woolen and
Cotton Gloves;
Silk and Cotton Suspenders;
Silk and Gingham Umbrellas,
And a great many articles, too numerous to be mentioned, all of which we are enabled to sell
Below Their Actual Value,
Owing to their being purchased before the late rise in goods. You will therefore find it to your interest by giving them a call before purchasing elsewhere.
N. GROSSMAYER & CO.,
47 FIFTH ST., OPPOSITE THEATRE.
au6

REVIVAL OF FALL TRADE.
SPLENDID STOCK OF
PIECE GOODS
OF RECENT IMPORTATION,
Also, a fine assortment of
READY-MADE
BUSINESS COATS AND SUITS,
Which we have on hand and are receiving daily.
AN ELEGANT BEAVER OVERCOAT
For $30, worth $45. Call and examine our stock.
WM. LADLAY & CO.
WM. LADLAY..........OWEN BYRNE.
se6-3m

LIBERTY WHITE LEAD!
Liberty White Lead!
Liberty White Lead!
TRY IT. TRY IT!
TRY IT! TRY IT!
Warranted to cover more surface, *for same weight*, than any other. Buy *the best, it is the cheapest!*
Liberty Lead *is whiter* than any other.
Liberty Lead *covers better* than any other.
Liberty Lead *wears longer* than any other.
Liberty Lead *is more economical* than any other.
Liberty Lead *is more free from impurities* and is WARRANTED *to do more and better work, at a given cost* than any other.
Buy the BEST, it is the CHEAPEST.
Manufactured and warranted by
Ziegler & Smith,
WHOLESALE
DRUG, PAINT & GLASS DEALERS,
137 NORTH THIRD STREET, PHILADELPHIA.
Sold in Pittsburgh at
JOSEPH FLEMING'S
DRUG AND PATENT MEDICIND DEPOT,
No. 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond, near Fourth street jul6:6mws

LADIES! LADIES!
IF YOU WANT A
BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION,
BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION,
TRY A BOTTLE OF
WAGGONER'S FRENCH ENAMEL,
WAGGONER'S FRENCH ENAMEL.
For the complexion it is unrivalled.
It permanently removes Tan, Freckles, Moth, etc.
It prevents the skin from becoming tanned or chapped.
It removes all eruptions of the skin.
It possesses a beautiful flavor.
Its use cannot be detected.
It does not crack the skin as common powders do.
It gives the complexion a pure pearly whiteness.
It renders the skin soft and smooth.
Give it a Trial—It is all we Ask.
Beware of common powders—they will ruin the complexion.
WAGGONER'S FRENCH ENAMEL
Is warranted not to injure the skin. Sold by all druggists. Price, $1 per bottle. One bottle will last two months.
Sold wholesale and retail by JOSEPH FLEMING, No. 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond; also, by B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO., wholesale druggists, Nos. 76 and 78 Wood st. Prepared only by
J. J. WAGGONER,
Sole Agent for the United States,
se1-TuW&S-1m Detroit, Michigan.

CHARMS
THAT ARE REALLY BEAUTIFUL.
WASHINGTON AND LINCOLN
MEDALLION,
MOUNTED UP IN FINE GOLD,
Making one of the most beautiful watch charms that has ever been made. For sale by the agents,
DUNSEATH & CO.,
56 Fifth Street.
se19

ALEX. M'CLINTOCK'S
SAW-MILL,
(Successor to Robert Wrightman,)
LAWRENCEVILLE.
I am now prepared to furnish
Sawed Lumber & Bill Stuff for Buildings,
Bridges, Deck Plank, Boat Siding; CLEAR DRY LUMBER for Pattern Making; Shingles, Nail Kegs, Lath, Pailings Sawed Hickory for wagon purposes, and STEAMBOAT FENDERS.
All orders left at my office, corner of Mechanic st. and Allegheny River, or Box No. 182, Lawrenceville Postoffice, will be thankfully received and
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
ALEX. McCLINTOCK,
Pittsburgh, August 23, 1865. au29-3m

KNOX FRUIT FARM AND NURSERIES.—All persons interested in the culture SMALL FRUITS, will find it to their advantage to send for the July edition of our CATALOGUE.
It contains descriptions of all the leading varieties of GRAPES,
STRAWBERRIES,
RASPBERRIES,
BLACKBERRIES,
CURRANTS,
GOOSEBERRIES,
&c., &c., with the prices of vines and plants; REPORTS of our STRAWBERRY and GRAPE EXHIBITIONS; LETTERS from eminent fruit growers who have visited our grounds, giving MINUTE DESCRIPTIONS of our MODES OF CULTURE the general management of our place and much other valuable information, and will be sent to all applicants sending 10 cents. J. KNOX,
au26-1taw3w-Sat-3tw. Box 155, Pittsburgh, Pa.

TO CAPITALISTS.
320 Acres of first-class prairie land now ready to be laid out into lots—the railroad station is already established—worth $30,000; can be bought for $20,000, cash.
Also, 1,000 acres of good prairie and timber land in Illinois, at a great bargain.
And 2,000 acres choice prairie land in Iowa.
And $15,000 worth of town property in Mendota, Illinois.
Any of the above property will be sold very low for cash, or exchanged for merchandise at cash prices.
For further particulars address
se21-1w J. AUGUSTINE, Mendota, Illinois.

HOLDEN'S, ARNOLD'S, LAUGHLIN & BUSHFIELD'S WRITING FLUID,
For sale by
W. S. HAVEN,
au31 Corner Wood and Third streets.

BI-CARB. SODA.—
50 Kegs NEW CASTLE in store and for sale by
MILLER & RICKETSON,
se1 221 and 223 Liberty street.

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.
Lessee and Manageress..........Miss ANNIE EBERLE.
SATURDAY AFTERNOON AND EVENING,
September 23.
WEBB SISTERS.
Afternoon and Evening, and positively their last appearance. Last appearance on any stage of
M'LLE ERNESTINE.
Dance by M'lle Ernestine, to conclude with the glorious farce of TURN HIM OUT.
The evening performance will commence with
THE INVISIBLE PRINCE.
After which the drama of
JACK SHEPARD.
To conclude with the three-act Irish drama of
RORY O'MORE.
ON MONDAY—The classic and handsome SUSAN DENIN.

CITY BILL POSTER.
JAMES THACKERY,
19 Diamond, over Lippincott's Grocery Store.
Merchants and others wishing large or small show bills posted in conspicuous places in this city, Allegheny and Birmingham, will be promptly attended to by leaving their orders at the "Commercial" office. I rent by the year the principal corners in the city, and have the exclusive use of the same. je28-1y

CIVIL ENGINEERING.

IGNATIUS HAHN,
Civil, Mining and Mechanical Engineer,
And Engineering Agent. Office 31 Fifth street. Estimates, plans and working drawings for rolling-mills, steel-works, blast furnaces, all kinds of machinery and apparatus. Maps of survey of oil, iron and coal lands. Private lessons in all technical sciences. Drawing lessee. Schaffer & Budenberg's renowned steam, hydraulic and vacuum guages, patent steam traps, and general steam engine and boiler fittings. se11-1m

EDUCATIONAL.

Duff's College
BANK BLOCK,
No. 37 Fifth St.,
PITTSBURGH.
EVENING CLASSES
COMMENCE ON
Monday, the 2d of October,
For teaching Duff's Original Plan of
Business Education
Taught for the last twenty-five years from his systems of Mercantile, Bank, Railroad and Steamboat
BOOK-KEEPING,
WITH FIRST PREMIUM
Business and Ornamental Penmanship
The only institution of the kind in the United States conducted by a practical merchant.
PROFESSIONAL ASSISTANCE
Given in opening and closing, and in adjusting all matters of difficulty with merchants', bankers' and steamers' books, by an experienced practical accountant.
☞ Merchants, Steamers and Banks can always obtain thoroughly educated accountants, on application to our office.
Our elegant new circular, pp. 75, octavo, with samples of our Penman's Business and Ornamental Writing, mailed, postpaid, on receipt of 25 cents. Address
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PITTSBURGH, PA.
se22-2td&1tw

STARLING
MEDICAL COLLEGE,
COLUMBUS, OHIO.
The Nineteenth regular session commences WEDNESDAY, October 18, 1865, and ends March 1, 1866. Clinical Lectures on Practical Medicine and Surgery will be given regularly throughout the winter at St. Francis Hospital, in the College Building. This hospital was opened August 1, and already has a large number of patients. Students will also have advantage of clinical instruction in the hospital of the Ohio Penitentiary.
FACULTY.
S. M. SMITH, M. D., Professor Principles and Practice of Medicine.
FRANCIS CARTER, M. D., Professor Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.
JOHN DAWSON, M. D., Professor Anatomy and Physiology.
J. W. HAMILTON, M. D., Professor Surgery—Eye and Ear Surgery.
THEO. G. WORMLEY, M. D., Professor Chemistry and Toxicology.
STARLING LOVING, M. D., Professor Materia Medica and Therapeutics.
J. S. GARD, M. D., Demonstrator of Anatomy.
FEES.

Full Course	$60 00
Matriculation (paid but once)	5 00
Graduation	20 00
Demonstrater's Ticket	5 00

Students on their arrival, by calling at the office of the Dean, on State street, or upon the Janitor at the College, will be assisted in procuring suitable lodgings. For circulars or additional information, address
se21-eod1w FRANCIS CARTER, M. D., Dean.

ALLEGHENY COLLEGE,
Meadville, Pa.
CALENDAR FOR 1865-66—Wednesday, September 20, Fall Term opens. Wednesday, December 20, Fall Term closes. Thursday, January 4, Winter Term opens. Friday, March 30, Winter Term closes. Monday, April 2, Spring Term opens. Thursday, June 28, Spring Term closes. Commencement.
Location beautiful, healthful and easy of access. Libraries, cabinets and apparatus unusually extensive and valuable. A new boarding hall, with completely furnished rooms, for the accommodation of one hundred students. Boarding from three to four dollars per week. Classes commencing Latin and Greek will be formed at the beginning of the Fall Term.
J. TINGLEY,
se13:1m Secretary of the Faculty.

EVENING DRAWING CLASS.
A. VANDER NAILLEN,
Civil Engineer, Professor of Drawing in Pittsburgh Central High School, will re-open his winter classes on the first of October next. Class open every night from 7 to 9 P. M., except Saturdays. Private lessons from 5 to 6½ P. M., at 31 Fifth street, over the Allegheny Bank. Drawings made to order, same room. se19-2w

NOTICES.

OAKLAND PARK, September 18, 1865.
NOTICE.
TO HORSEMEN, OR TO THOSE WHO WISH TO PURCHASE.
Good horses for saddle or harness always on hand, and of the very best blood, for sale. Call and see for yourselves.
se19-tf H. B. VANVOORHIS.

DUCK CREEK VALLEY OIL COMPANY.
Subscribers to the capital stock of this Company will please call at the office of Ira B. McVay & Co., corner of Fourth and Smithfield streets, and pay in the amount of their subscriptions.
IRA B. McVAY,
ja20-tf Treasurer.

PAPER DEALERS.

THE PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY have on hand and are constantly receiving from their mills
Print, Manilla, Hardware, Roofing and Wrapping Papers,
Of all sizes the market requires, and can afford unusual facilities to customers. Cash paid for all kinds of paper stock.
Warehouse, 82 Third street. my1

WALL PAPERS—
New patterns, at reduced prices, for bed-rooms, dining-rooms, &c., at No. 107 Market, near Fifth street.
au26 JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

HALL PAPERS—
In panel decorations—new and handsome—at No. 107 Market street.
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M'CULLOUGH'S LEAD CO.,
No. 64 DUANE STREET,
NEW YORK,
Keep constantly on hand, of their own manufacture, and offer for sale at the following NETT CASH PRICES:
LEAD PIPE, 13 Cents.
SHEET LEAD, 13 Cents.
BAR LEAD, 11 Cents.
DROP SHOT, 13 Cents,
BUCK SHOT, 14 Cents.
Orders for the above articles solicited, and prompt attention paid to shipments.
se1-1m JAMES McCULLOUGH, President.

BORING TOOLS AND HYDRALIC JACKS.
I am selling the heavy boring tools complete, made of the best iron and steel, at $300 the set. I have also the celebrated Hydralic Jacks, (Blackwood's patent,) for raising vertically or horizontally 4, 7, 10 or 15 tons. Please examine them.
CHARLES MAGGI, Agent,
Jul9-T,T&S 113 Third street.

WALL PAPER FOR AUTUMN, 1865.
NEW PATTERNS,
Ordinary and extraordinary styles. The AUTUMN GOODS are now in store and for sale by
W. P. MARSHALL,
se2-4tSat 87 WOOD ST.

STEAM GUAGES, &c.
ASHCROFT'S Guages and Low Water Detectors;
Shaw & Justice's Mercury, Steam and Blast Guage.
Eastman's and other approved Guages.
Clark's Patent Damper for saving fuel and regulating power at any desired amount of steam.
Steam Guages tested, repaired and adjusted.
CHARLES MAGGI,
my2-1y-M,W&F Agent for the above, 113 Third st.

The Daily Commercial

THE PULPIT.

Lecture Room Talks.

BY REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER.

REMARKS ON HELL.

I will say a few words this evening in reply to the following letter which I have received:

> "Will you please tell me, in your 'Lecture Room Talks,' published in the *Independent*, what you mean by *hell*, and *future punishment*? My mind is yearning for something higher and more spiritual; but, before I can advance any further, I must have these terms explained by a liberal Christian man."

By the term *hell*, as it is popularly used, we mean—or *I* mean—that state in which, after this mortal life, the incorrigibly wicked are left to their own suffering and punishment. If you ask me the meaning of the original word—*hades*—I reply, that means that state of the dead which immediately succeeds this life, and which is intermediate between this life and the one that is to come. Or, if you ask me what *hell* means in the ordinary usage, and in my usage, I reply that it means the state in which the incorrigibly wicked are herded together, and suffer the legitimate result of their wickedness. I need not, therefore, answer the second question, as to the meaning of *future punishment*.

There has been a mode of presenting the doctrine of future punishment, and there has sometimes been a spirit employed in the use of it as a motive, which have been repulsive, not to say shocking. Not only have we received this doctrine as it has come down to us, clothed with material figures and illustrations, but these figures and illustrations have been magnified and worked up until the doctrine as it is presented by human interpretations and expositions is simply horrible. It has been supposed that death was one vast slaughter-house of torment, where wretched, and hopeless, and helpless creatures, for the sins of life, were, by every conceivable method of exquisite physical pain, badgered and beaten about in an endless gyration of suffering. Look at the *Inferno* of Dante, as an exposition of the prevalent opinions of his day. Look at the *Last Judgment* of Michael Angelo, as an exposition of the physical ideas of torment of his day, where devils are gnawing the skulls of the damned; where men are pitched about on forks; where all possible modes of bodily distress are grossly, savagely, hideously complicated. And consider these as presentations of a state of government under which Christ is the manifestation of God!

This extreme materialism, this utter barbarity of the ideas which have so widely prevailed respecting human punishment, has been one chief reason of the modern reaction that has taken place on that subject. Then we have not, perhaps, made the matter much better by the arguments, derived from the world, of moral government, which we have advanced to justify future and eternal punishment, and which seem not to be at all sound.

Now, what are the facts?

The first to which I will call your attention is, that our Saviour is the fountain of this doctrine. If the strong testimony concerning a future penal state had been found chiefly in Paul or in Peter, then men would very likely have said—or felt, if they did not choose to say—that it was a human exaggeration. But the remarkable feature is, that this doctrine does not appear in the Old Testament at all, and that in the New Testament it is, I might almost say, but just alluded to anywhere else except in the teachings of the Saviour. And the figures representing the fact, the solemn annunciation of the fact itself, and the frequent use of this great shadow of dread in the future, belong to that meek, and loving, and gentle, and atoning Lamb of God.

I do not know what significance this will have to you; but I confess that when I find myself revolting from this doctrine on account of the intense materialism of the church derived from mediæval representations, and I go to the New Testament and see the calm, frequent, unequivocal utterances of Christ, and think what He was, how He felt, and what He taught, the simple circumstance that it is a doctrine of which Christ is the author and teacher is to me the most convincing of all things. Coming, as it does, from Christ, it impresses me more strongly than it would if it came from Paul, or any other of the disciples. Though I consider that they were inspired, yet I cannot but feel that, emanating from Him, it is different from what it would have been if it had emanated from either of them.

If, then, a man says to me "Do you believe in future punishment?" I have to say, "I do." And if he says, "How do you reconcile it with the goodness and justice of God?" I say, "The Lord Jesus Christ Himself was the very one that introduced and taught it."

As to those word arguments by which this teaching of the Saviour is explained away, I have only to say that any latitude of construction which explains this away explains away every other teaching of His. If by any process of dissection and disjointing you can take out that doctrine of Christ, I do not know what you cannot take out by the same process.

It is a very awful and painful view. I feel, when I look upon society and think of that doctrine, as I should if I looked into a crater. I shudder. I hide my eyes and heart from it. It touches me to the core of my life. I positively dare not think of it in certain moods. It is a dreadful thing.

But then as this is the teaching of Christ, a spiritual teacher, in respect to men who are to go out of this life as spirits, and to dwell in a spiritual realm, I hold that it is reasonable to infer that the punishment of the future state is not material in any way whatever; that it is a moral and spiritual punishment, following the transgression of the law; that it consists in the reaction of the mind, by its own laws, on itself; that it is the being withdrawn from the Divine presence, and those fertilizing and joy-inspiring influences which come from personal communion with God. And this view takes away all that repulsiveness which we cannot but feel when the doctrine of a barbaric, bodily, material punishment is taught. As no man supposes that the streets of heaven are paved with gold because the Apocalypse represents them as being so paved, so we are not to suppose that the gross representations of hell which we find in the New Testament are to be taken literally. As no one supposes that the symbols employed to give us some conception of the degree of joy in heaven are meant to convey to us a conception of its kind, so we are to suppose that that symbolism which is given of hell is employed to represent the degree, rather than the kind, of unhappiness there.

Now I will pass to the other part of the letter:

> "My mind is yearning for something higher and more spiritual; but before I can advance any further I must have these terms explained by a liberal Christian man."

I object to any such position as that. I will admit that, before a man can make progress in a spiritual and Christian life, there are certain initial truths which he must know. Thus, a man must know something about sin before he can have a conscience exercised respecting sin. He must know something about law before he can feel a conviction of having broken law. He must know something of Christ before he can have faith in Christ. Therefore, when Philip and the eunuch went down in the chariot, it was needful, before the eunuch could make a profession of Christ, that the apostle should preach Christ to him; and he could have said, "How can I be a Christian until I know something about Christ?" There are certain fundamental, elementary views of moral character and obligation such that, if a man be ignorant of them, he may wait and say, "Put me in possession of these views, or I cannot go on to a higher life;" but here is a man who understands all these elementary truths on which character is based.

Now, there are a great many doctrines which are not necessarily initial, although they are important. They may be important for the conception of character, or important for the filling out symmetrically the circle of thought respecting religious matters; and yet they may not be indispensable to the formation of Christian habits and a Christian faith. And for a man to sit down before one of these doctrines and say, "I must have this question settled before I can take another step," is so manifestly wrong, although so very common, that I wish to speak a few words about it.

In preaching, it has been my lot to deal with many men who said, "I am going to be a Christian; but when I become a Christian I am going to be a whole one. I am not going to meddle with religion till I am prepared to take it up understandingly."

I recollect a man in Terre Haute who was under serious convictions, and whom I called upon. He said he was going to tear up theology to the roots, so that when he became a Christian he should be a real one. He was a physician; and I said to him, "Doctor, suppose a man should send to you in great haste, asking you to come and see him, as he had symptoms of the cholera; and suppose, when you reach his bedside, you found that he had four or five old medical works that he was studying, and he said to you, 'Sir, I have called you to come in and assist me in understanding these books; and I am not going to take one single step in being doctored till I have torn up the doctrines of medicine to the very roots; for when I am well, I am going to be well all through;' what would you say? As it was a case in his own profession, and pertinent, he saw the reasonableness of it at once, and said, frankly, "I should say, 'Lay aside these volumes, and take the medicines that I shall give you, and then, after you have recovered, you can study at your leisure.'" He was so convinced of the error of his position that he abandoned it at once, and offered himself to Christ, and in a few days became a Christian. And it is absurd for any person to sit behind a doctrine and say, "When you explain that to me I shall be ready to go forward."

I am not opposed to any amount of questioning, or any amount of explanation, that is required for the understanding of any theme or any staple doctrine of our faith, but I do say that the time for that questioning or explanation is not before a man submits to the authority of Christ, but afterward; and that the first step toward the understanding of doctrine is submission of one's heart and will to God. "If any man will do my will, he shall know of the doctrine which I teach, whether it be of God," said the Master. I believe that. I hold that the putting the force of a man's life fully and wholly into his moral feeling is, ordinarily, a prerequisite to the very solution of many of the difficulties in doctrine. How frequently it is the case that, when a man who has been charged and surcharged with infidel difficulties becomes a Christian, all those difficulties quickly melt away!

On some very cold morning in February a man wakes up in his house, and says: "Every window here is curtained with ice. Frost is on every pane, and obstructs the light. And now I am not going to take a step in my daily duties, nor have a morsel of breakfast, till every particle of this ice is removed!" So he begins to scrape the glass, and before he has finished cleaning the second pane, the frost is formed on the first one that he scraped, as much as it was when he began. He makes very slow progress. And if I were in his presence, I would say, "My friend, build a big fire in the stove, and that will get your breakfast, and while it is getting your breakfast the heat that it will diffuse throughout the room will melt the ice, and the light will be let in through the windows in the most legitimate way."

Now there are thousands and thousands of crystallized skepticisms and difficulties that attach to a man's understanding because there is not any fire in the heart; because that very moral state which solves difficulties is wanting in him. And if he would have his difficulties solved, he must believe in the Lord Jesus Christ. The way to solve difficulties is to be in full communion with God. There is a light let down from the spirit of God when a man's heart is in a state to receive it, that supersedes the necessity of thousands of investigations. Men that fight and quarrel with the sovereignty of God, when brought to an experience of Divine love, find themselves breaking out, not in arguments and reasonings against that doctrine, but in thanksgiving that God is sovereign. Many a man to whom the doctrine of grace is a stumbling-block, when once he has the grace of God in his heart, is led thereby to magnify the name of the Lord. And it is a fact corroborated by experience and practical wisdom, that the way to solve difficulties is to have the power of God in the soul, and to rise to a higher spiritual life.

I should therefore say, in respect to such a case as this, "The doctrine of future punishment may be a proper subject for investigation; but whether you believe it or not, whether you think it divine or human, you are under obligation to repent, and to love God with all your heart, and mind, and soul, and strength.

I think a man can be a Christian and take either side of the controversy on this particular point. I think a man may be a Universalist and yet be a Christian. I do not think that the schedules of doctrines which usually go with the Universalist Church in our country tend to the production of spiritual character; but, regarding it purely as a question of logic, I do not perceive that it is a fatal heresy for a man to take the unorthodox view of this subject. It may be that it will be mischievous in a degree on him; but experience shows, in many eminent instances, that men may hold views different from the orthodox views in reference to this point, and still be Christians. And I say to every man that comes to me for advice in the matter, Be reconciled to God first. Give your heart to the Lord Jesus Christ first. Let that question rest till the more important one of your high and solemn duty to your Savior is adjusted; and then, if you desire it, you may enter upon a process of investigation and reasoning concerning that particular article of faith.

And so, in respect to all the questions that take hold upon the sphere of moral government, and especially upon the realm of the infinite, the invisible, the unknown, and in its full extent, unknowable. I do not warn men from those questions because they are forbidden, or because I think it impossible to know anything respecting them, but because in the nature of things they are not necessary as truths precedent to faith, and love, and holy obedience; whereas the great duties of life, honor, and safety all teach and urge every man first to make his peace with God. That is above everything else. It is a practical thing. And all men may, in our Christian community, be supposed to have knowledge enough to take that step.

Make your calling and election sure, be reconciled to God, humble yourself before Christ; and then, if these being done, you begin to taste the joy of salvation, and want, as this questioner does, to rise to a higher spiritual state, it is not probable that you will do it by a process of theological philosophizing. It seems to me that a man would be more apt to do it by practicing self-denial; by cultivating meekness; by exercising patience and gentleness; by being long-suffering and forbearing; by making himself to others what Christ is to them. It strikes me that the practice of the simplest Christian virtues with more depth, with more heroism, with more scope, and with more sweetness of love, would be much more apt to raise a man to that higher spirituality which he is hungering and thirsting after than the exploration of any theological and recondite proposition whatever. Be a Christian; and if you yearn for something more, be a little more a Christian; and if you still want something more, be yet more a Christian. Growth in grace, and in the knowledge of the Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ, will, I think, after a little experience, satisfy any man.

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se22-2w [Wheeling Intelligencer copy.]

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Pittsburgh, September 6, 1865. se6-toc16

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The subscriber, at Florence, Washington county, Pa., will sell the FARM near Burgettstown, containing about 180 acres, say 100 acres cleared, with a small TENANT HOUSE and FRAME STABLE; is in a good state of cultivation. The balance is uncleared and heavily timbered. About three fourths of the Farm is underlaid with an excellent strata of COAL, of from 5 to 6 feet in thickness, which has been opened in several places and used on the Farm. It has on it any amount of Limestone, and is well watered with never-failing Springs. It lies near the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad, say within 30 or 40 rods of it, rather above the bed of the road, say about 27 miles from Pittsburgh, and about 13 from Steubenville. For particulars we would refer to WM. McCRERRY, Esq., Pittsburgh, to the tenant on the farm, or the subscriber at Florence. S. LIVINGSTON.

aug1-tf

A RARE CHANCE FOR INVESTMENT—For sale, that beautiful Homestead, of the late Colonel MORGAN ROBERTSON, of Pittsburgh, containing 47 acres, a large portion rich river bottom, with about 30 acres containing the best Youghiogheny Coal, and some 50 acres of hill land heavily timbered, and the balance under cultivation. The improvements in part consist of a good DOUBLE BRICK HOUSE, a large Barn and Out-Houses, a never-failing Well, an Orchard of the best varieties of Fruit Trees, now in bearing; also, two Tenant Houses, &c. This Farm lies upon the bank of the Monongahela River, fourteen miles from Pittsburgh, and offers peculiar facilities for the Mining, loading and shipping of Coal, for building all kinds of Water Craft, for the most convenient and profitable disposition of the Timber and other products of the land. The whole is offered for sale on most advantageous terms.

For particulars apply to

JOSEPH DILWORTH, Esq.,
Of Dilworth, Porter & Co., or
THOS. J. KEENAN, Esq.,

my19tf Attorney at Law, Pittsburgh.

OIL LANDS

FOR SALE.

Thirty-six acres on West Hickory Creek, 1½ miles from two flowing wells.

Also, three contiguous tracts of land on West Hickory Creek, near Tideoute, three-fourths of a mile from two flowing wells, containing, respectively, about 15, 18 and 22 acres. The creek flows through each tract. There are several wells being bored on neighboring tracts, with good shows of gas and oil.

Also, the one-twentieth undivided interest in 42 acres of land, (part of Wm. McKinney's farm,) situate between Pithole Creek and Holmden's Run, one-half mile from the Homestead Island Wells, which are two of the best on Pithole. This tract is sufficient for over 50 wells. Our company propose to lease it to operators for half the oil, and a bonus, and the purchaser becomes owner of the one-twentieth of the land interest in all the wells put down.

Individuals and companies desiring to purchase oil lands in fee, are invited to examine our property. We will sell at reasonable figures.

ALEXANDER WALLACE,

Tideoute, Warren county, Pa.

September 7, 1865. se11-2w

BEAUTIFUL SUBURBAN LOTS FOR SALE.—A portion of the estates of JOHN HERRON, Esq., deceased, adjoining Fort Herron, has been laid out in lots of various sizes, from one-fourth to one and a half acres each, with wide streets (40 feet) and is now ready for sale. This property is in one of the most eligible locations around the city. The air being pure, free from the smoke and soot arising from the vast consumption of coal in the city, renders the location naturally healthy, and having extended views of the river and surrounding country, makes the property more desirable. Being but 2 miles from the Court House, (via Wylie street) having a good road, it can be reached in a pleasant walk of twenty-five or thirty minutes, or a drive of fifteen minutes. There is also on the property a Passenger Car Station, making it convenient and pleasant to transact business in the city. Cars passing to and from the city throughout the day. Lots will be sold singly or in numbers. The plan of lots and prices can be seen at the office of

W. C. AUGHINBAUGH,

ju5-tf Attorney, NO. 87 Diamond st., Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

FOR RENT—

A NEW BRICK HOUSE,

OF FIVE ROOMS,

In the Seventh Ward. Inquire at 103 Fourth street, or 251 Centre avenue. se21-tf

DWELLING HOUSE FOR SALE.

A BRICK DWELLING,

No. 200 Wylie street. Two dwellings on Webster st., near the head of Seventh st. W. H. M. PUSEY, N. H. PUSEY,

Executors of the estate of Nathan Pusey, deceased.

For terms inquire of WILLIS BOOTH, 133 Liberty street. se21-tf

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A BOAT,

Suitable for a trading boat, or boarding house at the oil regions; is well finished, being lined and painted inside and out. She can be seen at Sharpsburg. For terms call on the undersigned, at Sharpsburg.

se21-1w JACOB KLINEFELTER.

FOR SALE—

A Photograph Gallery,

On one of the principal business streets of Pittsburgh. Complete set of instruments already furnished. For particulars address "PHOTOGRAPHS," Commercial office, Pittsburgh. se21-1w

THE ANDERSON HOUSE FOR SALE, situated in the town of Saltsburg. The lot has a front on Washington street of of 64 feet, and extends back 180 feet to an alley, on which is erected the large hotel known as the Anderson House, which is now doing a large and profitable business. Also, a large stable, which will accommodate 40 horses; ice-house and other out-buildings. This being the principal hotel in the town, offers superior inducements to a man of energy to make a fortune. Is offered at the low figure of $5,500. Payments easy. Apply to

B. McLAIN & CO.,

se21 102 Fourth street.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE— The Eakin Farm, or better known as the Locust Flat Farm, situated within half a mile of the borough of Beaver, in Beaver county, Pa., will be sold on THURSDAY, the 19th of October, at 10 A. M., if not sooner sold. Above farm contains 151 acres, and two out town lots adjoining, containing 15 acres. Of above, 100 acres is cleared, the balance well timbered with white oak and locust; 80 acres in meadow; the whole in the best of cultivation, and acknowledged to be one of the best and most productive farms in the county. With good and comfortable buildings; situated convenient to churches, schools and markets; the three classical schools in Beaver and Public School upon the farm, makes it one of the most desirable in Western Pennsylvania for persons wishing to educate a family and be at home. The road leading to New Lisbon runs through the farm and divides it, so it can be sold all or separated to suit purchasers. For further particulars inquire on the premises, or of GEO. QUAILL, Executor of the estate of James Eakin, deceased. Postoffice address, Allegheny City, Pa. se13-eodtoc12-M W&S

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Which, in addition to our heavy stock of goods previously on hand, enables us to offer to our customers all the advantages the market affords, at the

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AT PRICES

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Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of

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HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS,

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250,000 WATCHES,

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WORTH OVER $1,000,000.

All to be sold for One Dollar, each, without regard to value. Not to be paid for until you know what you are to receive.

"This is one of the largest firms in the City of New York, and are doing a very extensive business and have on hand the largest stock that can be found in that City.—Oceana Times, Pent Water, Michigan, Oct. 21, 1864. "Their stock is large, and buyers may rely on articles purchased from them just as represented. Their long continuance in business enables them to offer better inducements than any other house in the city."—Loyal American, Anderson, Ind., Oct. 20, 1864. "Their watches are admitted by competent judges, and those who have used them, to be the best in use. They are all they are advertised to be."—Independent, Warren, Ill., Oct. 20, 1864. "They are large dealers, and their stock is manufactured in the best style, and of pure materials."—Telegraph, Saugerties, N. Y., Oct. 24, 1864. "All goods furnished are what they are represented to be."—Times, Waterville, N. Y., Oct. 20, 1864. "Worthy of confidence."—Wyoming Democrat, Warsaw, N. Y., Oct. 18, 1864. Honorable and fair dealing men."—Cumberland Valley Journal, Mechanicsburg, Pa., Oct. 20, 1864.

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Messrs. T. & H. GAUGHAN & CO., No. 116 Broadway, New York, extensive manufacturers and importers of all the leading and most fashionable styles of Watches and Jewelry, desiring to increase their business to an unlimited extent, have resolved upon a Great Gift Distribution, subject to the regulations following:

Certificates naming each article and its value, are placed in Sealed Envelopes and well mixed. One of these envelopes will be sent by mail to any address on receipt of twenty-five cents.

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PATENT COLD ROLLED SHAFTING,

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Manufacturer of Oil Well Pumps and Tools, Brass and Iron Cocks, Tongs, Clamps, Poles and Couplings, Sand Pumps, Sampson Posts and Walking beam irons, Derrick Wheels and Fittings. We are prepared to furnish the above at the shortest notice and on the best of terms. Address JOHN MAFFETT,

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HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,

Corner Point avenue and Duquesne Way, near Point,

MANUFACTURERS OF

OIL WELL ENGINES, DRIVING PIPE,

And all machinery used about oil wells. Machinery and Castings of every description made to order. Pittsburgh, Philadelphia and New York references given.

ap3-6m

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I would invite the attention of persons desiring any thing in the marble line to call and examine my stock of finished monuments, grave stones, &c. Having secured the services of some of the best artists of the Eastern cities, I am prepared to execute any kind of work in my line, in a style not to be surpassed.

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Corner of Ross and Second streets, Pittsburgh.

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LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS,

Manufacturers of, and keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Bolts, Nuts, Washers, and Thimble Skeins.

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SADDLERY & CARRIAGE HARDWARE,

Silver and Brass Plating, Door Plates, Bell Pulls, Bell Hanging, &c., &c., No. 7 St. Clair st., near the bridge. sep7-1y

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CHIMNEYS,	OIL STILLS,
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STEAM BOILERS.

Office and Works, corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty streets.

Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

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CAR COMPANY,

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This company is organized under the General Manufacturing Laws of the State of Pennsylvania, with ample capital and facilities for doing an extensive business. We respectfully solicit orders for the manufacture of BOX, GONDOLA and RAILROAD COAL CARS PIT CARS, SCREEN BEARERS and BARS complete Railroad Rollers, Pit Wagon Wheels, Frogs and Turnouts for Coal Roads, Railroad Car Wheels and Castings, Cooking and Heating Stoves, Plows, Plow Points, Cultivators, and Foundry Castings in general.

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All kinds of Boilers, Oil Stills, Tanks, Agitators, Bleaching and Salt Pans, and Sheet Iron Work.

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Having added largely to our capacity by the addition of new and improved machinery, we are prepared to fill orders in our line on the most favorable terms, such as

STEAM BOILERS, OIL STILL, TANK,

And Sheet Iron Work,

Of every description. WATSON & MUNROE.

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Manufacturers of

WROUGHT IRON WELDED TUBES,

FOR GAS, STEAM, WATER, &c.

ALSO, OIL WELL TUBING.

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All work warranted smooth inside. se12-1y

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MANUFACTURERS OF

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(Successor to Bown & Tetley,)

Manufacturer and Importer of Guns, Rifles, Pistols, Hardware,

GUNSMITHS' MATERIALS, CUTLERY, &c.,

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Agents for Colt's Pistols and Rifles. ly2-cy

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Manufacturers of Thimble, Skein and Pipe Boxes, Cast Iron Sinks, Bedstead Fastenings, Coal Car Wheels, Dog Irons, Wagon Boxes, Grate Bars, Sash and Clock Weights, Hollow-ware Castings, Pullies, Hangers and Couplings; Castings of all kinds for agricultural implements.

Also, castings of all kinds for Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Jobbing and Machine Castings, lighter heavy, made to order. ja25-1

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CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,

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Spring Wagons.

All sizes of Wheelbarrows constantly on hand or made to order.

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Manufacturers of all kinds of Fire Brick, Furnace Brick, and Tile, Bolivar, Westmoreland county, Pa. Prompt attention given to orders by mail. Agents in Pittsburgh, HERRON & CO.,

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Cut to Order, in Every Style,

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UTILITY WORKS.—McLEAN & STROUS, sole manufacturers of Utility Locks, Utility Shutter and Butt Hinges, and McLEAN'S PATENT WINDOW SASH SUPPORTERS. Also manufacture superior Counter Scales, Grindstone Hangings, Bed Castors, Strap Hinges, and a general assortment of Builders' and Cabinet Hardware. Sash Weights and Sad Irons, all sizes, kept constantly on hand. Office and warehouse,

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BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,

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Continue to fit up dwellings with WATER and GAS, in the best style. Our facilities are not surpassed by any. We employ none but competent and skillful workmen. Our stock of material is the largest in the city, and our prices will be found moderate.

Orders respectfully solicited. au9

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Isaac Trescott,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

BOOKS, RAGS, WALL AND WINDOW PAPERS, WRITING PAPERS, STATIONERY, ETC.,

Orders promptly executed. Agent for the Pittsburgh Daily COMMERCIAL. my22-1y

CHARLES MAGARGE & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

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No. 30, 32 and 34 South Sixth street, above Chesnut, west side,

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DUFF'S BANK,

RAILROAD,
STEAMBOAT and
MERCANTILE BLANKS,

For sale by W. S. HAVEN,

se6 Corner Wood and Third streets.

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BRADBURY, New York, and SCHOMACKER & CO., Philad'a

PIANOS.

THE AMERICAN ORGAN and Estey & Co. COTTAGE ORGAN admitted by dealers and all who have heard them to be superior in tone to all other instruments of the kind manufactured in the United States.

Having made special arrangements with the best manufacturers in the country we are prepared to furnish, at the shortest notice, Brass and GERMAN SILVER ROTARY INSTRUMENTS of every description for Brass and Cornet Bands, at reduced rates. Illustrated catalogue and price list furnished on application. New and second-hand Pianos for rent.

WAMELINK & BARR,

jy28 No. 12 St. Clair st.

20 HHDS. PRIME P. R. SUGAR.

15 hhds prime Cuba Sugar.

40 bbls. assorted brands Syrup; together with a full assortment of goods in our line. For sale by

GEO. B. JONES & CO.,

my28 141 and 143 Water street.

30 DRUMS VIRGINIA TWIST,

Will be sold very low, for cash.

Inquire of ROBERT F. WEDDELL,

Corner of Smithfield and Water streets,

se3 Opposite the Monongahela House

The Daily Commercial

CITY MATTERS.

COULDN'T GET UNDER.—On arriving at Steubenville, the steamer "Dictator" could not get under the railroad bridge, and was detained some hours. She was compelled to take down her chimneys and remove the ornament from the top of her pilot house, before she could run under the bridge.

PITTSBURGH ALMANAC.—Miner's Pittsburgh Almanac, No. 8, for 1866, calculated and edited by the well known Sanford C. Hill, has been issued, and may be had at Henry Miner's, 71 and 73 Fifth street, and at booksellers generally. It contains a table of the stamp duties, rates of postage and other useful reading matter.

BOILER EXPLOSION.—On Monday night last a boiler attached to an engine used at an oil well on Island run, in Ohio township, Beaver county, exploded and seriously injured two men—Mr. Osborn and Mr. Montgomery. The cause of the explosion is attributed to the improper working of the pump by which water was supplied to the boiler. Osborn and Montgomery are not considered dangerously, although seriously hurt.

Base Ball Match.

An interesting game of base ball was played yesterday on the North Common, Allegheny, between the First National and Sherman clubs. The following is the score of the innings:

FIRST NATIONAL.	Runs.	Outs.	SHERMAN.	Runs.	Outs.
J F Kurtz l f	7	3	E Gamble c	6	0
T P Carothers 2 b	4	6	H Ray 1 b	2	4
D M Park c	6	4	T Harbison s s	3	3
J S Nichol r f	7	3	R Ray p	5	1
J A Steel c f	8	2	J Harbison 2 b	3	3
J M Boggs 1 b	10	0	R Jamison 3 b	0	5
W E Lawrence s s	9	1	B Lowstetter c f	2	2
J Euwer 3 b	6	3	T Campbell l f	3	3
J W Simpson p	4	5	J Owens r f	1	6
Total	61	27	Total	25	27

INNINGS.

	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.	8th.	9th.
First National	5	6	7	7	3	7	4	18	4—61
Sherman	4	5	2	7	0	3	1	3	0—25

Umpire—Alfred Oates. Scorers—F. Barr, for First National, and L. Cassiday, for Sherman.

National Temperance League.

The eleventh regular meeting of this organization was held in the Sandusky street Baptist Church, on Tuesday evening last, Rev. A. K. Bell, D D., President in the chair. Prayer by Rev. Mr. Dickerson, of Pittsburgh. Several items of business were acted upon, among which was a resolution urging combined efforts throughout the land to stay the evils of intemperance.

A Committee consisting of Messrs. Heckert, Brown and Warren was appointed to solicit funds to carry on the necessary working of the League.

Messrs. Klauser and Theopolis were elected Recording Secretaries for the remainder of the term.

Among the remarks it was suggested that on any new legislation on the subject of licenses, a clause should be introduced appropriating part of the fines incurred, to executing the law on the offender.

The speech of the evening was by the Rev. D. Williams, of Sharpsburg. His theme was the "Drunkard Maker's Prayer." The subject was ably handled, and the points made clear and true. The speaker rightly held the whole body politic responsible for the drunkenness which so fearfully abounds.

The attendance was quite large, and the thanks of the League were tendered to the speaker of the evening and to the choir of the church for several temperance songs.

The next meeting of the League will be held in the South Common Methodist church, on Tuesday evening, October 3d, at half past seven o'clock. The Rev. Mr. Dickerson, of Pittsburgh, will deliver the first of a series of lectures on that evening.

The Soldiers' Monument Association.

At a meeting of the above Association, a Committee, consisting of Rev. Richard Lee, Rev. John G. Brown, D. D. and Rev. Wm. A. Snively, was appointed to address the various Ministers of the Gospel, asking their assistance in behalf of the proposed cenotaph. The following address has been prepared and sent to the different clergy, who will, no doubt, lend their influence, and do all in their power to further the object in view.

PITTSBURGH, September 12, 1865.

To the Clergy of Allegheny County, Pa.

BELOVED BRETHREN: You are by this time fully apprised of our design to erect a cenotaph to the memory of the four thousand brave men of Allegheny county who fell in the great struggle to maintain the integrity of our Union. The eye of God rests upon their graves even when unmarked by man, and their sleeping dust shall arise in the morning of the resurrection. But our hearts prompt us to erect one monument, upon which shall be engraved every beloved name.

By the time you receive this appeal, our solicitors for subscriptions will be busy, many of them selected from our returned veterans, whose wounds will plead more eloquently than words. We bespeak for them your kind co-operation.

If you deem it proper, please say a few words of commendation to your people; your influence will be potent in a cause so unselfish and unsectarian, and is most respectfully solicited. Already the City Councils, with great generosity, have promised to donate a commanding site, and everything progresses as rapidly as a work of such magnitude could be expected to do.

In behalf of the Soldiers' Monument Association,
We are, respectfully yours,
RICHARD LEE,
Presbyterian Church, Lawrenceville.
JOHN G. BROWN,
United Presbyterian Church, Pittsburgh.
W. H. ANDREWS,
United Presb. Church, Lawrenceville.
WM. A. SNIVELY,
St. Andrews Church,
Committee.

"Pittsburgh vs. Rochester."

To the Editor of the Commercial.

In the Pittsburgh *Evening Chronicle* of the 4th inst., is an account of a cricket match between the Olympic Club, of Pittsburgh, and our own, in which the writer, after some very amusing remarks, intended to be sarcastic, says "that there were five wickets down for nineteen runs, and we wanted fifty-four runs to beat, and had six of the weaker wickets to fall;" also, that "McCabe let loose his muscle in the second innings," besides many other erroneous statements; and in the New York *Clipper* for the week ending September 16th, 1865, another statement is presented to the public, viz: "Olympic vs. Beaver.—These Cricket Clubs played a match at 'Rochester, N. Y.,' on the 2d inst., which resulted unsatisfactorily through one of the Beavers refusing to leave the wicket when declared out by the umpire. Shoeleather should have assisted him off the ground. The Beavers had seventy to get to win in their last innings, but only got nineteen with five wickets down, when the individual alluded to disgraced himself." This is also an incorrect statement, and it is our wish to place before the public, through the columns of your widely spread journal, a correct statement of the affair, by publishing the full score of the match as subjoined, and in our remarks on the same show where the Olympic Club have labored under a wrong impression in both their efforts to give publicity to their views, viz: That they had the advantage of the game as it was ended:

OLYMPIC CRICKET CLUB.

First Innings.		Second Innings.	
Logan b. Beaumont	0	b. Beaumont	0
Brown b. Hopkins	0	b. Beaumont	13
Schwartz b. Hopkins	2	b. Beaumont	1
Bryan l. b w. b. Beaumont	0	b. Marshall	2
Whitesides b. Hopkins	0	l. b. w. b. Marshall	0
Loughlan b. Hopkins	1	b. Beaumont	0
Young, run out	0	c. Beaumont b. Marshall	1
McCabe, not out	15	Stumped out	14
Cameron b. Hopkins	5	b. Beaumont	0
Jacobez c. Wharton	0	c. Marshall b. Beaumont	0
Teece b. Hopkins	0	Not out	3
Byes 6, l. byes 10, wides 21	37	Byes 1, wides 2	3
Total	60	Total	37

ROCHESTER CRICKET CLUB.

First Innings.		Second Innings.	
Wharton run out	5		
Thorpe run out	10		
Beaumont b. Young	0	Not out	0
Hopkins b. McCabe	0	b. Young	7
Senior b. McCabe	0	Not out	1
Higgenbottom b. McCabe	0		
Brooks c. Bryan b Young	1		
Marshall, not out	6	Run out	1
Charlesworth c. and b Young	0	Run out	11
Wilkinson run out	0		
Nuthall l b w b. Young	1	Byes	1
Byes 1, l. byes 3, wides 1	5		
Total	28	Total	21

At this stage of the game, McCabe bowled a ball to Senior, and the latter turned to strike it to square-leg, and although he missed the ball, he struck the ground and raised a small piece of the sod: the ball passed the wicket and was caught by the wicket-keeper, who appealed to the Pittsburgh Umpire, and he gave his decision as out. Now, to any cricketer, the idea that a man striking at a ball to square-leg, and touching the ball even very slightly, and it to keep on its course, is quite preposterous; and besides this, when the other Umpire went to see him on the subject, he told him that he thought he (the batsman) had touched it with his hand, but when the Umpire for the Rochester Club spoke of the batsman striking the sod, the Umpire for the Pittsburgh Club said it must be that he heard.

Now here is a very good idea of the qualification of that man as Umpire for his position. "Lillywhite" says in his guide to Cricketers, speaking of the duties of an Umpire, "that if there is any doubt in his mind, he should give the benefit of it to the *Batter, and not to the field.*" This Umpire either never heard of such advice, or quite forgot that any other person might have seen it. Again, after the Olympic Club left the ground in a very uncricketlike, as well as ungentlemanly manner, and whilst they were waiting for the train, this Umpire said that *he did not thoroughly understand the laws of Cricket*, or words to that effect. And, furthermore, "The Umpire, according to rules laid down by the Mary-le-bone Club, and accepted by all Cricket Clubs, has the privilege, if he has a doubt as to a catch, to confer with the other Umpire, whose decision shall be conclusive." The Pittsburgh Umpire never availed himself of this advantage at all, and shows by his words and actions that he was totally unfitted for his position, and the Olympic Club should feel ashamed of themselves, as cricketers, to bring such a person to act in such a responsible position.

The author of both statements alluded to above shows himself a person of very poor veracity, as from the score, when the game ended in dispute, we had got 21 runs for 3 wickets, and had Senior gone out it would only have made 4 wickets for 21 runs, and not "5 wickets for 19 runs;" and as regards the *six weaker wickets*, we can only say that two of the players in the first innings placed 15 on the score before they were parted, and we considered the others (although unfortunate in the former innings) quite equal to the task they had to perform. From a glance at the above score, it is very easily seen that "McCabe *did not* let his muscle loose in the second innings," or if he did, it took very little effect, as he did not take a single wicket; the only one bowled in that inning was by Young. McCabe said himself, that, as far as he was concerned, he would have allowed Senior to take his position again, for he was sure they had the best of the game, but we thought then, and still think, he would have been mistaken. Both accounts have been very ungentlemanly, to say the least of them, and both have been written in a very vindictive spirit, and certainly partake of the same determined idea that manifested itself at the first match played between these clubs at Allegheny, viz: "*that the Pittsburgh Club was to win, at no matter what cost.*"

If these gentlemen wish to play Cricket, we beg to call their attention to the following

CHALLENGE.

To the Olympic Cricket Club, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania:

The following eleven, members of the Rochester Cricket Club, of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, viz:—Marshall, Senior, Thorpe, Wharton, Pindar, Beaumont, Hopkins, Hundy, Nuthall, Higginbottom and Brooks, do hereby challenge the same eleven of the Olympic Cricket Club, of Pittsburgh, as played in the match at Rochester, Pennsylvania, on September 2, 1865, to play a Cricket match for the sum of One Hundred Dollars ($100 00) a side. The match to be played half way between Rochester and Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, or as near that as possible, each Club to find their own Umpire, and a delegation of three members of each Club to meet in one week from the acceptance of this challenge, at Economy, Pennsylvania, to select a Stakeholder, Referee, ground, and the days of playing the match, each Club to defray one half of the expenses of the Referee and ground. The Referee to be a person residing at least one hundred miles from Pittsburgh or Rochester, Pennsylvania. All communications to be addressed to JOSEPH SENIOR,
President Rochester Cricket Club,
Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania.

Public Amusements.

THEATRE.—Laura Keene will present "Our American Cousin" for the fifth time to-night, which has attracted crowded houses since its introduction. The entertainment will conclude with "Nora Crena." On Monday evening, Miss Keene will present her new play, "The Workmen of New York, or the Curse of Drink," which enjoyed an unprecedented run in the New York and Philadelphia theatres when first produced. The piece will be put on the stage with new scenery and new mechanical effects.

OPERA HOUSE.—The Webb sisters, Ada and Emma, will conclude a very successful engagement at this house to-night, when they will appear in three different plays. M'lle Ernestine, the accomplished danseuse, will also conclude her engagement, and is announced for two dances this evening. On Monday evening, Miss Susan Denin, a favorite actress, will commence an engagement.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

BANKERS' AND BROKERS' BOARD.

J. M. TIERNAN, Pres't. | SAM. McCLEAN, Jr., V. P
S. S. BRYAN, SECRETARY.

Meets Daily at 10½ O'Clock, A. M.

TRANSACTIONS SEPT. 22, 1865, AT THE BOARD.

	Bid.	Asked.
United States 5-20's	......	108 00
United States 7-30's	......	99 50
Gold	1 40	......
Allegheny County 5's	72 50	......
Allegheny City 6's	97 50	......
Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago R. R.	96 00	......
Lawrence County 6's	40 00	......
Cash Insurance	......	60 00
Eureka Insurance	......	52 50
Western Insurance	51 00	......
Allegheny Valley R. R.	......	7 50
Connellsville R. R. non interest	9 25	......
Connellsville R. R. interest	9 75	......
Fourth National	......	130 00
Cherry Run and Pithole	......	55
Murray	......	75
Coal Bluffs Mining Co	......	1 35
Jones' Ferry Co	......	61 00
Germania	......	4 00

Gold at 10:35 A. M., 143¾.

FRIDAY, September 22, 1865.

The local money market is very close. The demand on the various discount places is pressing, and the supply of capital is not in keeping with the wants of borrowers. Every department of trade is lively. Our manufacturers are full of orders, and they require vast amounts of money to carry them along until they begin to realize from sales.

—A better feeling was manifest in stock circles today, caused, no doubt, by the advance in oil. From a private dispatch from Oil City, we are informed that crude oil was selling for eight dollars per barrel, and with an advancing tendency. This will soon be felt in oil stocks, and the shares of every company that has producing wells will take a start upwards.

—In Philadelphia the rise in the price of crude oil is already influencing the price of stocks. Dalzell rose to three and Maple Shade advanced to 5¾.

—In Boston, in the copper share market, there was, in street parlance, a "healthy reaction" among the low priced descriptions, but towards the close of the day more steadiness was observable. We note in the list of sales quite an assortment of those fancies that have of late been slumbering. Phœnix is rising steadily from its ashes—now quoted at 14 bid. The stock has sold within sixty days at 10. Copper Falls firm but unchanged in price. Hancock steady and ½ higher at the close.

The August products of the Portage Lake mines were as follows: Quincy 123½ tons, Franklin 111⅛ tons, Pewabic 110½ tons, Huron 54¾ tons, Isle Royal 41 tons, Hancock 17 tons, Albany and Boston 13 tons. The total product of this district for August amounts to 515 tons.

—Of trade at the East, the Boston *Journal* says:—"Every branch of industry in Massachusetts is now apparently in a highly prosperous condition. Our cotton manufacturers are actually coining money. With a sufficiency of raw material, the only difficulty experienced is in the want of labor, and agents are engaging hands in all directions. Every experienced laborer that appears is at once taken up. The boot and shoe interest was never more prosperous. With all the available help they can command, and all the improvements for facilitating manufacturing, they are, and have been for two months past, unable to supply the demand. The export and demand for home consumption for Petroleum has of late so much increased, that supplies are short in all the leading seaboard cities. The sales of Wool (a large proportion of which is domestic,) for the last two weeks will amount to one and a half millions of dollars.

—The receipts of the Western Union Telegraph Company; from all sources, for July, 1865, were $239,854 29, and for the corresponding month last year, $81,288. Increase, $56,566 23. The total earnings from January 1 to July 31, 1865, were $1,757,540 38, and for the same time in 1864, $1,148,329 33. Increase, $589,210 50. The last quotation of the price of the stock at New York, on Thursday, was 75 per cent. of par.

The Providence *Journal* says: Printing cloths are firm, the transactions being small, on account of scarcity of goods. The following are the sales: 10,000 pieces 64x64, 24c to be made; 9,000 do, 64x64, 27c., on hand; 3,000 do 64x64, 27½c, on hand; 3,000 do 48x48, 36 inches, private terms; 10,000 do 76x80, 35 inches, private terms. Total, 35,000 pieces.

—The entire revenue receipts from internal taxes, from the 1st day of last July up to yesterday, amount to $80,479,502 41. This far exceeds expectation. The receipts yesterday were $1,815,496 91.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, }
Saturday, September 23, 1865. }

Business in the Oil way came pretty much to a stand still, at least so far as crude was concerned. The late advance at the wells has caused sellers in this market to withdraw their stock of crude, at least for the present, whilst those who are offering demand such rates as virtually puts the article outside the market, hence yesterday may be set down as a Sunday among crude oil dealers. We believe that one sale is all that was reported, and that was on private terms, which means just nothing at all, whilst the receipts amounted to 689 barrels. We omit figures so far as relates to crude, as they would be no criterion of what the article would command. It will probably be Monday before prices become settled. Refined oil was also firm. Refiners generally were not disposed to make further contracts until the rates of crude become more settled, as the price of crude governs refined.

BENZOLE—Prices have advanced. We note sales of 100 bbls free at 40c—equal to 20c for bonded.

CRUDE OIL—We have nothing to enlighten our readers with unless the prospect of higher prices suit them. The advance at the wells is beginning to effect our market. One lot of 114 bbls was sold early in the day, the rates being below what the article would bring in the afternoon; they are omitted. It will be some days before prices become regulated.

REFINED OIL—Market firm. Towards evening holders were inclined to withdraw their stocks. The sales made in the forenoon were at a slight advance, viz: Free Oil—Sales of 65 bbls Champion at 70c, immediate. Bonded—Sales of 500 bbls, Philadelphia, October, at 59c; sales of 1,000 bbls, Philadelphia, October 15th to November 15th, at 59c; 500 bbls, December delivery, on the spot, at 60c. Market closed very firm.

Oil Receipts per Allegheny Valley R. R.

GOING EAST.

Wormser, Myers & Co., 461 barrels of refined oil for Philadelphia.

Aladdin Oil Company, 225 barrels of refined oil for Philadelphia.

Aladdin Oil Company, 161 barrels of benzole for Boston.

Aladdin Oil Company, 56 barrels of tar for Boston.

North American Oil & Mining Company, 166 bbls of refined oil for Philadelphia.

North American Oil & Mining Company, 969 bbls of refined oil for Point Breeze.

Standard Oil Company, 271 barrels of refined oil for Philadelphia.

Waring & King, 103 barrels of refined oil for Philadelphia.

Lockhart & Frew, 221 barrels of refined oil for Philadelphia.

J. Gracie & Co., 223 barrels refined oil for Philadelphia.

Wightman & Anderson, 51 barrels of refined oil for Point Breeze.

Lucesco Oil Company, 166 barrels of refined oil for Philadelphia.

Oil Receipts per Allegheny River.

	Barrels.		Barrels.
Fisher Bro.	393	J. L. Spangler	107
Duncan, Dunlap & Co.	154	J. T. Stockdale	35
Total			689

PITTSBURGH IRON AND BLOOM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, }
Saturday, September 22, 1865. }

We have to note continued buoyancy in the metal market. Holders of Pig Iron are firm in their views, and some holders decline offering their metal until the effect of the recent advance in manufactured Iron is more fully developed in the market, hence sales of the week have been somewhat restricted.

We quote sales that came to our notice, as follows:

BITUMINOUS COAL SMELTED FROM LAKE SUPERIOR ORE.

100 tons close gray forge	$41—4 months.
100 do do white do	40—4 months.
100 do close gray do	40—4 months.
50 do do do do	42—cash.
200 do open gray, fancy lot	45 50—cash.

ANTHRACITE COAL SMELTED.

500 tons Red Short forge	$42 00—cash.
250 do do do	43 00—4 mo.
50 do do do	42 00—4 mo.
60 do Josephine Foundry	48 00—4 mo.
100 do do do	49 00—4 mo.
20 do do do	50 00—4 mo.
10 do do do	52 00—4 mo.

CHARCOAL IRONS.

100 tons Lake Superior Forge	$54—4 months.
100 do do do	54—4 months.
200 do do do	55—4 months.
125 do Iron Mountain Missouri	60—4 months.
30 do Missouri Ore Blooms	110—4 months.

Pittsburgh Cordage Market.

SEPT. 23, 1865.—The market contains a fair supply, with a good local demand. The following are the card rates up to last evening:

Manilla Cordage	23 ⅌ lb
6 and 9 Thread	24 ⅌ lb
Hawser Laid Oil Well Rope	24 ⅌ lb
American Hackled Hemp Laid Cordage	22 ⅌ lb
American Hemp Rope	22 ⅌ lb
Hwaseline, Mawline, &c.	28 ⅌ lb
Spun Yarn	22 ⅌ lb
American Hemp, Package	22 ⅌ lb
Oakum	13 ⅌ lb
Bed Cords, Manilla	$3 00 ⅌ doz
" Hemp	3@5 ⅌ "
Twines	— ⅌ lb
Sash and Bell Cords	40 ⅌ lb

Terms, net cash.

Pittsburgh Steel Market.

SATURDAY, Sept. 23, 1865.—The following is a precise list of the best quality of Refined Cast Steel—square, flat, octagon, and ordinary sizes, viz.:

½, ⅝, ¾, ⅞, 1, 1⅛, 1¼, 1⅜, 1½, 1⅝, 1¾, & 2 inch	20c
⅜, 2⅛, 2¼, 2⅜, 2½, 2⅝, 2¾, 2⅞ and 3 inch	21c
5-16, 3⅛, 3¼, 3⅜, 3½, 3⅝, 3¾, 3⅞ and 4 inch	22c
Above 4 to 5	24c
5⅛ to 6	25c
¼ to 5-32	26c
3-16	31c
5-32	33c
⅛	39c

Pittsburgh Tobacco Market.

Sept. 23.—The market during the week was steady, but not very active. Sales were confined to limited transactions at the following figures:

10s Lump	$ 70@	75 ⅌ lb
Black ¼ Lump		75 ⅌ lb
Virginia Twist	45@	50 ⅌ lb
Navy	70@	80 ⅌ lb
Bright	1 00@1	25 ⅌ lb
Cut and Dry	35@	40 ⅌ lb

Pittsburgh Tin and Roofing Market.

SATURDAY, Sept. 23, 1865.—The market was materially improved with a larger demand; prices have advanced. The following are the quotations up to last evening:

I-C—10x14	$16 00	I-X—10x14	19 00
I-C—12x12	16 50	I-X—12x12	19 50
I-C—14x20	17 00	I-X—14x20	20 00
I-C—Roofing	17 00	I-X—Roofing	19 50

BLOCK TIN PER lb.

Block tin	40@45c	Bar	47c
Zinc Sheets	15c	Spelter Slabs	11½c

Pittsburgh Cracker Market.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 23.—The market was firm. Prices have further advanced. The rates to last evening were:

Water, ⅌ lb	9½ cts	Soda	11½ cts
Butter	11½	Boston	11½
Sugar	13½		

PITTSBURGH GENERAL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL, }
SATURDAY, September 23, 1865. }

BUSINESS—Was moderately active yesterday, with a larger inquiry for certain articles. The weather continues pleasant for out door transactions. Both rivers are in fine order for boating, with a fair amount of trade being transacted. The receipts of produce are on the increase, but not in sufficient quantities to have any effect on prices. On the landing a good deal of activity was perceptible. The Pilgrim came in from Zanesville with a good trip; she will return to that port at 4 P. M., this day, so make ready to visit the Muskingum. The new steamer Minnie is announced for St. Louis this day—a fine opportunity. The mammoth steamer Leonidas being unavoidably detained, will leave this morning, without fail. The punctual packet Forest City, came in from Parkersburg with a good trip; she will return to that port at noon. The well known packet Citizen leaves this morning for St. Paul The next boat in turn for St. Louis is that first class packet Armenia—having been placed in first rate order, will take her departure on Tuesday, for that and way points. Flour—Continues to attract a fair amount of attention. Holders were firm in their views. The principal inquiry was for the better grades of winter wheat. There was a fair shipping demand. Grain was steady, but not very active; buyers for certain descriptions were inclined to hold off, to see if lower figures would not turn up. The receipts of wheat about keep pace with the demand. Corn dull, with more sellers than buyers. Oats were improving, and prices have undergone no change. Barley—The demand is improving, and prices unchanged. Bacon—The stock of this article will soon be among the articles of the past. The supply being pretty much exhausted, dealers who have a supply on hand, can obtain any figure they choose to demand. Cheese steady, with the demand in advance of the supply; prices tend upward. Butter continues very scarce, the receipts being barely worth noting. Eggs—The high prices which has prevailed for some time, continue; the supply falls far short of the demand. Groceries were very firm, with a good local demand; the late advance was fully maintained, and the stock on the market is not large, which tends to the advantage of holders. Apples—Prices continue to rule high; more particularly the better qualities. The receipts from other States are increasing. Below will be found the sales that came under our notice:

SOAP AND CANDLES—The market was firm, owing to the late advance. The following are Sawyer's prices:

German and Palm Soaps	12 cents ⅌ lb.
Friend to Woman "	12 " do.
Extra No. 1 Rosin "	8 " do.
Chemical Olive "	8 " lb.
Castile & Variegated "	15 " lb.
Barbers' " "	$3 00 ⅌ dozen cakes.
Honey " "	75 cents "
Mould and Dip'd Candles	17 cents ⅌ lb.
Crystaline "	30 " "
Star "	32 " "

OILS—The demand for Lard Oil was active, with a better inquiry; we note sales of 45 bbls No. 1 at $2 25 per gallon; No. 2 was unchanged.

LARD—Steady; sales 10 bbls leaf, at 27½c.

SALT—The market was firm, with a fair local inquiry; sales 300 bbls at depot, at $3 60; 30 bbls delivered, at $2 75.

GRAIN—The market presented no new feature worthy of particular notice. Barley—The principal offerings were of an inferior quality; prices ranged from 75@110c, a wide difference; a strictly prime article would command $1 15. Wheat—prices were somewhat irregular: Red may be quoted at $1 75@1 85, from wagon; White at $1 95@2 00. Oats was not so active; from first hands they would not command over 43@45c; from store, 50@55c; small sales. Corn—sales 1 car ear, inferior, at 65c; sales 200 bush from store at 78@80c; Rye—there was nothing done worthy of notice; prices were unchanged.

GROCERIES—Were in good request at the following prices, viz, an advance: Sugars—Cuba, 15@16c; Porto Rico, 16½@18c; Lovering's crushed and granulated, 22½@23c; A Coffee, 22c; B Coffee, 20½c. Coffee—Common Rio, 32c; Prime, 33½@34c; Choice, 35c. Syrups—Lovering's scarce and held at $1 50; Stewart's, $1 30; Greer, Turner & Co.'s, $1 25. New Orleans Molasses—no prime in market; Old, $1; Cuba, 90c; Porto Rico $1 10 ⅌ gallon.

SEEDS.—Market steady; sales 30 bushels Timothy at $4 50@4 75; Flax scarce and in demand.

CRANBERRIES—The receipts of eastern continue to come in slowly. Prices continue very steep. We note small sales at $14@14 50 ⅌ barrel.

JERSEY SWEET—The market has been steady for some days with a good demand; in fact, for our market, the sales may be said to be large. Sales of 30 bbls at $5@5 25 ⅌ bbl.

ASHES—We continue to notice a fair inquiry for Pearls, whilst other descriptions attract but slight attention. Sales of 6 tons Pearls at 8¾.

PIG LEAD—Market firm with a good demand, the supply in the market being very limited, sales were of a similar description. Holders were firm at 11½; an advance.

BACON—The stock on hand has been reduced to a limited amount, and unless replenished, will soon be exhausted; hence, prices were steep and above the reach of a large portion of consumers, pretty much all that remains on hand being a few parcels of Shoulders and Sides. The sales were Shoulders 15,000 lbs. at 18½@18¾, and Sides, sales of 5,000 lbs. at 19½.

FLOUR—The market was firm with a liberal demand, particularly for the best descriptions. The supply in the market is not large, which tends to hold up the market. Among the sales we note the following: Extra Family—300 bbls Winter Wheat at $10 20@10 25; 50 do choice at $10 50; 200 bbls do, in lots at $10@10 25; Spring Wheat—Sales of 150 bbls, in lots, at $9 25@9 40.

BUTTER—Scarce and in demand. Sales of 6 packages at 35c; 12 do 35@37c.

CHEESE—The demand was in excess of the supply. The sales were 50 boxes Goshen at 20c; 30 do Hamburg, at 19c; 25 do W. R. at 18c; 30 do, Factory, of New York, at 20@21c.

LIME—Was in good demand. Sales of 50 barrels White at $225.

APPLES—The demand exceeds the supply, hence we have no large sales to record. We note sales of lots comprising 300 barrels at $4@7 per barrel.

Pittsburgh Copper Market.

SATURDAY, Sept. 23.—The market remains inactive. Prices were unchanged. The following are the rates up to last evening, viz.:

Braziers' Bolts, Bars and Sheathing, ⅌ lb	45c
Copper Bottoms	55c
Ingots	34@35 c

New York Petroleum Market.

September 21.—The receipts are very light, and Crude has again advanced ½@1c per gallon, closing steadily—the sales are 6,900 bbls on the spot, at 35@36c, including low gravity, (which is scarce) at 35@37, and closing at 36½ for 40@47 gravity, and 36@37 for 40@45; 1,500 do for delivery the remainder of the month, 36@37½ B. O.; 1,500 do for October, 36½@36¾ B. O.; 250 do, 1st to 15th, and 250 do 15th and 31st October, 36 S. O.; 3,500 do for November, 46@47 gravity, and "40 or upwards," 36½@37 S. O.; and 37½ B. O., and in Philadelphia, 500 do last half of October, 34 S. O.—a small lot of West Virginia Lubricating, similar to the Mecca (of which we heard nothing of late) 30 gravity sold at $1 00 per gallon. Refined has not varied materially, though the quantity offering continues light—the sales are 4,000 barrels at 62 cents for standard white, and 58@60 for light straw to white, closing about 59@60 for the latter; 500 bbls for all the month 58½ B. O.; 500 do standard white, 28th instant, 61; 1,750 do (L. S. to Wh.) for October, 60 B. O. and 61@62½ B. O.; and 1,000 do for November, 62 B. O.; 1,000 do standard white, 1st to 15th November, 62 B. O.; 7,500 gallons in tin, (Downers,) 78 cash, immediate delivery; and in Philadelphia 250 bbls at 58½, and 500 do for November delivery, 57 S. O. Free is in moderate request at full prices—the sales are 1,800 bbls at 77½c for straw color to 78@79 for light straw to white, and 80 for standard white. Naptha is quiet, and we can only report sales of 175 bbls 65 gravity at 42@45c.

Received at New York since 1st January—

1865	bbls 375,559	1864 bbls 527,815
Exported same time—	1865.	1864.
From New York	galls 7,806,091	15,637,366
Other ports	5,697,841	6,909,591
Total	galls 13,503,932	22,546,957
Same time, 1863		galls 21,389,131

—*Commercial List.*

New York Grocery Market.

September 21.—Coffee—There has again been a fair activity in the market since our last, while no less firmness can be noticed for the good and better grades Brazil, which continue scarce and wanted; our revised quotations, however, show a trifling modification on some descriptions, the most marked on fair to good cargoes Rio, which are ½c lower. The sales are 2,800 bags Rio, per Talisman, (a resale) at 15½c; 3,604 do per Ann & Lizzy, 14⅞; 916 do, per steamer Bremen, 15½c, all gold, duty paid; and 1,829 do, per O. Blanchard (a resale) on terms not made public. West India is without change, but Java is very firmly held, and prices tend upward. 50 bags Porto Rico sold at 34½c, currency. The stock of Rio at the ports on the 19th inst., as made by Messrs. Wm. Scott & Sons, was 45,000 bags, viz: 42,413 bags here, 3,000 in Baltimore.

TEA—The market continues pretty active and firm for the various descriptions; sales of 1,900 bxs and 7,500 hf chests green, 7,000 uncolored Japan, and 5,600 hf chests Oolong, mostly from second hands, at steady prices.

SUGAR—Raw continues quite firm, the offerings still being moderate, but since Friday last the business has materially fallen off, the market wearing the appearance of slackness, and our revised quotations of refined do not support the advance noted in our last. We now quote fair refining Cuba at 12⅞c; good do, 13; fair to good grocery, 13½@14, though there is but little perhaps of fair grocery to be had at the inside figure. Refined is less active, and hard is lower. Soft Sugars are without particular change—hard 20½@21c; soft white 18¾@19½, and yellow 15⅝@17¼. Messrs. Stuart quote loaf at 20¾; crushed and ground 20¼, white A 19¼, and yellow C 18¼, cash. The sales of raw are 200 and 2,124 hhds Cuba at 12@15c; 434 hhds and 1 tce Martinique at 12½@13⅝; 221 bhds clarified do at 17½@17¾; 297 hhds Porto Rico at 12⅞@15¾; 1,000 bxs Havana at 12⅞@17¾; and 10 hhds Melado at 9, 4 mos. By auction, 125 boxes Havana, damaged, sold at 11⅞@14⅞c, cash.

MOLASSES—There is a steady fair demand for home use, the market retaining its strength for all descriptions, but more especially for the good and better grades, which remain scarce. The sales are 428 hhds Porto Rico at 80@85c; 25 sour do at 56; 100 Cuba Muscovado 50@65; 115 centrifugal Cuba 34@42; 60 clayed Cuba 47; and 20 St. Croix 78, 4 mos.—*Com. List.*

New York Iron Market.

SEPTEMBER 21.—The market for Pig continues pretty active and quite firm; full prices still being realized for the various descriptions, the supplies still being inadequate for the current demand. The sales of Scotch include 400 tons Glengarnock, in lots from yard, at $48@50; 350 do, to arrive, $56; and 200 do, deliverable at Albany, from Montreal, $45. Of American, we notice 500 tons No. 1 at $45; 200 do, No. 2 Foundry $42, both deliverable at Poughkeepsie; 1500 do, No. 2 Glendon Foundry, $46, at Newark; and 100 do, No. 2 Foundry, Durham, $40; besides 500 tons Domestic No. 1 Wrought Scrap, $39. Rails are quiet. There is little or no English Refined Bar in first hands, and $105 currency is now asked for invoices. From store the demand continues active at our quoted rates.

NAILS—Most of the leading sizes of Cut are not to be had, and all are very firm at 7 cents. Clinch are out of market, the manufacturers turning their attention almost exclusively to Cut, and our quotation is nominal.—Forged Horse are very firm at 32 cents for 8d., with an upward tendency. Copper; 50; Yellow Metal, 35; and Zinc 20, cash.—*Com. List.*

Louisville Market.

September 20.—Owing to the gradual enhancement or the raw materials manufacturers of candles and soap have again advanced their rates, as will be seen by our quotations annexed. Bagging and rope meet with a fair inquiry, and hemp is very scarce at higher rates than heretofore. Groceries are fully sustained, and new catch mackerel are a little higher, owing to an advance in Boston. In the provision market there is much firmness, with very light stock of good bacon. In flour and grain there is no material change, and holders, despite the decline elsewhere, maintained former rates.

St. Louis Cotton Market.

September 21.—Market heavy and about 1c lower, with sales of 357 bales, including 6 and 83 on private terms; 71 at 42½c; 122 at 42c, and 3, 5, 15 and 52 at 41c ⅌ lb. We quote as follows:

Good middling	44c
Strict middling	42c
Middling	41c
Low middling	38c
Good ordinary	34c

St. Louis Tobacco Market.

September 21.—The breaks were larger, and comprised more of the better qualities, for which a good feeling was evinced and fuller prices were realized. Low grades are dull. Sales of 9 hogsheads damaged and green lugs at $3 20 to $4 50; 23 factory at 4 80 to 5 90; 21 planters' at 6 00 to 8 00; 24 common shipping leaf at $8 30 to $11 75; 4 medium at $12 25 to $14; 14 common manufacturing at $15 to $22 50; 4 medium to good do at $25 to $35 per 100 lbs. Also, 5 boxes. Bids on 21 hogsheads were rejected.

New York Wool Market.

September 21.—The demand is fairly active, and prices are firm; we note sales of 225,000 lbs domestic fleeces at 55@70c for State and Western, but mainly Ohio and Pennsylvania at 67@77, and unwashed at 43@45; 19,000 lbs California, 27½@42½; 7,000 lbs pulled, 68; 20,000 lbs California do. private; 100 bales Lambs pulled, 62; 150 do Mestiza, 35@40; 100 do Cape, part 40; and 8,000 lbs Cordova Noils No. 2, 45 cents.

St. Louis Hemp Market.

September 21.—Hemp—Market tolerably firm, but the principal lots on the landing being held above the views of buyers, transactions were small as compared with the very liberal receipts. Some choice hemp, both dressed and undressed, was shipped for Mobile. Sales comprised 24 bales choice undressed at $182; 20 do prime do at $170; 10 and 47 do fair and good, the larger lot in small, rough bales at $165, and 35 dotow on private terms.

New York Finance and Trade.

NEW YORK, September 22.

STOCKS.

The stock market shows more activity and strength. The continued large earnings of roads in the face of the expected decrease, as the result of peace, has strengthened the confidence among operators, and there appears to be a general disposition to start a speculation for a rise. There is an improved demand from the outside public. Erie is active and firmer, the sales being over five thousand shares. At the board the price closed at ⅝ advance. Reading is the most active stocks on the list; sales of six thousand shares at the board; the price closed ⅞ higher. Ohio and Mississippi certificates are in demand, and ½ better. Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien is firm, with moderate transactions; price ½c better. Governments active. Gold bearing bonds very firm; sixes of 1881 ⅛ higher, old issue five-twenties up ⅛, and new issue ⅛, the latter closing at 105⅝. 7 30's weaker, and somewhat pressed for sale. State bonds firm. Miscellaneous shares generally better. Coal stocks continue to attract considerable attention, and prices very firm.

THE GOLD MARKET

was steady at a decline of ⅛@¼ from the closing rate of last evening. The price ranged from 143⅞ to 143⅝. The export by to-morrow's steamer is likely to be $350,000. The Customs demand continues very active. The amount of Gold Interest to be disbursed in the five-twenties is about eighteen millions, the bulk of which will be paid at this point. The coupons only will be anticipated, and registered bonds are not to be paid until the regular time.

Railway mortgages are dull, but not offered, unless at very full prices. There is an increasing demand for money. In the discount market commercial paper is quite active at 6½@10 per cent. The increase in the volume of speculation creates a little more demand for call loans, but the market is well supplied, generally at 5 ⅌ cent.

THE STOCK MARKET

Was strong at the second and last Boards, and the closing quotations were the highest of the day. Sterling Exchange was quite firm, but the business for to-morrow's market is light. Bankers generally ask 109¾@110, but sales were made from second hands at 109½@109¾. The following are the closing quotations at 4:30 P. M.: New York Central, 93⅞@93⅞; Erie, 88⅞@88⅞; Hudson, 109@109½; Reading, 109⅞@109⅞; Michigan Southern, 68½@68⅞; Illinois Central scrip, 128½@129; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 71⅝@72; Prairie du Chien, 54½@54⅝; Fort Wayne, 98¼@99.

The *Commercial Advertiser* says: The present condition of foreign exchange would seem to indicate that an early export of an important amount of specie is inevitable. The exports for the last three months have fallen very much below the imports. From the week ending June 5th to the week ending September 12, the exports exclusive of specie were $62,557,751, and of specie $5,580,881; to which must be added the shipments of say $25,000,000 of five-twenties, and probably $5,000,000 of other securities, making the total exports $78,138,632, against which we have an importation for the same period of $89,322,966. Reducing the exports to a specie value on a basis of gold at 140, we should have the following result: Exports of produce and merchandise, $30,336,000; exports of securities $21,326,000; exports of specie $5,580,881. Total exports, $57,332,881. Imports, $89,322,966; balance $31,990,085. There is thus a balance of twelve million dollars in specie value due to foreign countries upon trade at this port for the last fourteen weeks. The trade of Boston for June and July shows a balance due to foreign countries of about $2,750,000, the gold value of which has been increased during August and September, but to what extent we are not aware.

PETROLEUM STOCKS.

Sales at the first board: Pithole Creek, 8 50; Inexhaustible, 36; Webster, 1 54; Buchanan Farm, 87; United States Petroleum Farms, 25; First National, 22; Watson, 2 42; United States, 27 55; Oil Creek, 2 25.

Second Board—Pithole Creek, 8 25; Montana, 8 85; Webster, 1 55; First National, 22; Oceanic, 46; Buchanan farm, 87; Oil Creek, 2 25; United States, 27 70.

PETROLEUM MARKET

Is steady, with prices a shade higher; sales of crude at 36½@37c, refined in bond, at 59@60c, and free at 80@82c.

THE DRY GOODS MARKET

Continues very dull on domestic cotton fabrics, and prices are steadily declining. Standard sheetings are down 3@5c ⅌ yard from the highest point about ten days since, and bleached goods have fallen 7½ to 15c. The trade is not disposed to buy to any extent at this rate, and it seems inevitable that still lower prices must be made. Standard sheetings sold at 35c. Foreign goods are not materially affected by the fall in domestics, and there is still a fair trade doing. Odd lots are sold lower, but choice and desirable goods remain steady.

Philadelphia Stock Market.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

[From Work, McCouch & Co., Stock and Exchange Brokers.]

PHILADELPHIA, September 22.—St. Nicholas, $1; Maple Shade, 5¾; Curtin, $2½; Dalzell, 3; Caldwell, 1½; Excelsior, 4; Oil Creek and Cherry Run 3; Cornplanter, 1⅞; Sugar Creek, 5½; Eldorado, 2½; Mingo, 2; Junction, 1½; McClintock, $1 69.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York Gold Market.

NEW YORK, September 22.—Gold rather more unsettled in consequence of the announcement of the anticipation of the November interest on the 5-20's. The prevailing impression is, however, that, as in previous instances of the anticipation of interest, the privilege will be availed of to only a limited extent, and that consequently the supply of gold will not be appreciably affected.

New York Money and Stock Market.

NEW YORK, September 22.—Money firm and quiet at 6 per cent. on call loans. Sterling exchange less active and a shade lower, at $1 09½@1 09¾, gold for first class bills. Gold a shade lower, opening at 143⅞, advancing to 143⅞, and closing at 143¾. Government stocks ⅛ to ¼ better. Freights to Liverpool dull and nominally lower. Stocks firm. Gold, 143¾. United States 6's '81, Registered, $1 07½; do coupon, $1 08; do, 5-20 coupon, new issue, $1 05⅝; United States 5's, 10-40 coupon, 94⅛; Treasury notes, 7-30, 3d series, 99; Louisiana 6's, 71; Ohio and Mississippi certificates 28¾; Cumberland preferred, 46½; Quicksilver, 48½; New York Central, 93⅞; Erie, 88¾; Hudson, $1 09½; Michigan Central, $1 10; Michigan Southern, 68⅞; Reading, $1 09⅞; Pittsburgh, 71⅝; Northwestern, 28¾; do preferred, 62¾; Rhode Island, $1 12; Prairie du Chien, 74¾; Chicago and Alton preferred, $1 01.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, September 22.—Cotton dull at 45@48c for middling, chiefly at the inside price, and by auction to-day for Government account, sales 1500 bales Mobile Cotton at 48@50c for good middling, 45@46c for low middling, 42½c for good ordinary, and 39½c for ordinary. Flour is 5@10c better, with more doing, at $7 90@8 00 for Extra State, $7 90@7 75 for Superfine Western, $7 70@8 75 for Common to Medium Extra Western, $8 85@9 85 for common to good shipping brands Extra Round Hoop Ohio, $8 90@10 50 for trade brands; market closing firm, with no sellers at inside quotations. Whisky firm; Western, $2 25@2 30. Wheat 2c better, $1 64@1 65 for choice Spring, $1 65@1 70 for Milwaukee Club, $1 65@1 66 for Amber Milwaukee, $2 05@2 08 for new Amber State, $2 10 for new Amber Western, $2 28@2 30 for White Western, $2 10 Winter Red Western. Rye quiet. Barley quiet and steady. Corn 1c better, at 89@90c for unsound and 91@92c for sound. Oats 1c better, with more doing at 48@50c for new and old unsound Western, and 56@57½c for sound do. Rice dull. Coffee dull. Sugar steady—Cuba Muscovado, 13@14c; Havana, 14½c. Molasses dull. Wool dull. Petroleum quiet and firm at 37c for Crude, 58@60c for refined in bond, 60@62c for do. free. Pork quiet and heavy at $32 50@32 87½ for new mess, closing at $32 37½, cash; $31@31 50 for 1863-4 do.; $26@26 50 for prime, and $29 37@29 75 for prime mess. Beef more active at $8 50@12 00 for plain mess and $10@14 50 for extra mess. Beef hams dull. Cut meats unchanged. Bacon dull and nominal. Lard higher at 24½@29¾c. Butter active and higher at 28 and 33c for Ohio. Cheese steady at 12@16½c.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, September 22.—Flour firm; Superfine, $7 75; Spring Extra, $8. Wheat advanced to $1 48 for prime Red and $1 70 for new. Corn unchanged and steady; sound ear 65. Oats advanced to 43@43½ in the elevator. Rye dull at 78@80 for new, and 85 for old. Barley dull and prices nominal; prime new fall is offered at $1 50. Whisky firmer at $2 25. Provisions firmer. Bulk meats and Bacon held higher; a large business could have been done at 16 for Bulk Shoulders; 17 for Sides; 17¼ for Bacon Shoulders; 18½ for Sides, and 21 for clear Sides, but all are held ¼@½c higher. Lard is held at 30. A small lot of Country was offered at 29. Cutter very scarce and prices advanced to 33@35. Green Apples in active demand and scarce. Eastern sell at $6@6 75 ⅌ barrel. Eggs 22. Petroleum buoyant retained 72@75. Sales were made for future delivery at the latter rate. Lard oil advanced to $2 20@2 25. Gold 143¼.

Albany, N. Y., Cattle Market.

ALBANY, September 22.—The cattle trade has been pretty active at an advance to the average of 14c ⅌ lb. live weight, on all grades, but the receipts prove heavier than was anticipated and some little depression is apparent this afternoon. The prices range from 5c for the present to 9½@10½c, at which figures some 3,500 head have changed hands. Receipts, 5,000 head. Sheep sell readily at 5½@7c, and lambs at 7@8½c. Receipts, 7,000 head. Hogs firm and in good demand at 13@14½c. Receipts, 17,000 head. Shipped to New York, 3,000 head.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, September 22.—Flour active, and 1c higher; sales at $8 75@9 50 for common to choice spring extra. Wheat active and higher, with a speculative demand, closing firm at $1 47@1 47½c for No. 1, and $1 25 for No. 2 Corn active, at 34½ for No. 1, and 62c for No. 2. Oats firm at 33c. Provisions dull. Highwines active, at $2 32. Freights steady.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, September 22.—Wheat a shade lower; sales of new white Michigan at $1 91; new white Canada at $1 90; new amber Michigan at $1 87; old No. 1 red Wabash at $2@2 02. Corn firm and 2c better; sales 70 cts. Oats steady; sales at 37c. Freights dull and lower at 4½c on wheat to Buffalo, and 8c to Oswego.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, September 22.—Flour steady; sales of Western extra at $9 50. Wheat active, and prices 5c higher. Corn firm; sales of white at 89@90c. Provisions in good demand, and firmer. Bacon and Lard tending upwards. Whisky quiet, at $2 31. Flaxseed dull. Timothy firm, at 57@58¾.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, September 22.—The market excited. Petroleum unsettled and all qualities slightly advanced, at 34½@36c for crude; 58@59½c for refined in bond, and 77@79c for free. Flour—without great change in prices. Wheat quiet, at $2 10 for new red; $2 15@2 20 for old. Corn shows an advancing tendency, at 95c for yellow. Whisky firm at $2 33.

Buffalo Market.

BUFFALO, September 22.—Flour firm but quiet. Wheat closed quiet but firm; New York, Chicago and Milwaukee spring, $1 55@1 56. Corn firm; No. 2, 76@77 cents; No. 1 held at 79 cents. Oats dull and nominal at 42 cents. Barley; state $1 12½; Canada $1 15. Whisky $2 24. Pork $32 50. Lard 28 cents.

Prices of Mining Stocks.

NEW YORK, September 22.—Prices of mining stocks bid in Boston to-day: Central, 40; Copper Falls, 23; Franklin, 37; Hancock, 13; Huron, 44; Isle Royal, 7½; Quincy, 57¼; Rockland, 3⅛.

New York Petroleum Market.

NEW YORK, September 22.—The Petroleum market is steady, with prices a shade higher. Sales of Crude at 36½@37c; Refined in bond at 59@60c, and free at 80@82c.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, September 22.—Flour firm at an advance of 10@25c. Wheat active and 4c higher. Sales at $1 44@1 45. Oats—State at 33. Receipts—25,000 barrels Flour; 60,000 bushels Wheat. Shipments—5,000 barrels Flour.

JESSE H. LIPPINCOTT,

Dealer in STEAM, TOW AND COAL BOAT SUPPLIES,

No. 25 Smithfield street, corner of Second street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Orders from Boat and Coal Men will receive prompt attention.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FLOUR. BEST BRANDS. FLOUR.

1,000 Barrels Now on Hand,

FROM $9 TO $10 25 PER BARREL.

T. C. JENKINS,

Commission Merchant, Wholesale Dealer in Flour, Grain, &c., 239 Liberty street. se23-1t

TOBACCO MANUFACTURERS.

LICORICE PASTE JUST RECEIVED

By T. C. JENKINS,

se23-1t Agent for this city, 239 Liberty street.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

Per Ft. Wayne & Chicago R. R.

Graff, Byers & Co, 1 car scrap iron; J S Liggett & Co, 153 sks wheat; Adams, McKee & Co, 2 grind stones; Jones, Nimick & Co, 3 do; H Gerwig, 1 box cheese; McCullough, Smith & Co, 13 sks, 1 crate rags; J H Anderson, 8 pkgs goods; J White, Jr., 23 bales hops; L H Voigt & Co, 154 bbls apples; M'Elroy & Harrison, 260 bbls paper; J S Linch, 5 bbls spirits; Pennock, Ball & Co, 4 bbls paints; Dorrington & Co, 50 bbls apples; C Oyer, 10 bbls tobacco; J Painter & Co, 27 doz brooms; J H Parker, 13 bbls lard oil, 5 hhds sides; Hussey, Wells & Co, 36 bbls scrap steel; T Maloney, 182 car axels, 1 car scrap iron; T Sellers & Co, 5,744 lbs shoulders, 1,128 lbs sides, 12 tcs hams; Watt & Wilson, 92 bbls flour; T C Jenkins, 400 bbls flour; W Linhart, 100 bbls flour; J S Linch, 3 bbls spirits; Dorrington & Co, 50 bbls apples; C Gardiner, 200 bbls flour; Culp & Shepard, 100 bbls flour; Chess, Smith & Co, 1 car shingles; Hitchcock, McCreery & Co, 2 cars wheat, 181 sks flaxseed; E H Balster, 46 green hides; Godfrey & Clark, 36 sks rags; R Dalzell & Co, 38 bxs cheese; N J Braden, 50 do do; J H Lippincott, 4 kegs butter; Zug & Co, 1 bbl scrap iron; W Bingham, 3 bbls apples; H Rea, Jr, 4 bbls apples; C C Baisley, 2 bbls apples, 1 bbl vinegar; D Wallace, 1 car corn; J Moorhead, 1 car pig metal.

Per Cleveland & Pitts. R. R.

R T Kennedy, 2,355 bush wheat; J S Ligget & Co, 336 do; Wm M Kegdon, 7,500 feet lumber; Fetzer & Armstrong, 101 bbls apples, 4 sks wheat; Jones & Laughlins, 5 cars pig metal; Watt & Wilson, 100 bbls flour; T H Nevin, 16 bbls barytes; T C Jenkins, 100 bbls flour, 26 bxs cheese; Arbuthnot & Co, 2 sks woolen yarns; McCullough, Smith & Co, 23 sks rags; J Gerwig, 158 sks malt; Potter, Aiken & Shepard, 42 bbls apples, 8 sacks potatoes; W P Beck & Co, 13 bxs cheese; Graff & Rieter, 2 sks rags; T C Jenkins, 2 bbls tallow; Hailman & Rahm, 7 kegs scrap iron.

Per Allegheny Valley Railroad.

Wm Colver, 1 car bark; J Hawk, 1 car hay; Sturgeon & Bro, 70 sks oats; Wm Bingham, 50 do; Jas M'Kane, 20 bush potatoes; Shear, 20 do; D Armstrong 45 do; W Richie, 50 do; Jas Hawkins, 11 bbls eggs.

Per Pittsburgh & Connellsville R. R.

Markle & Co, 89 bdls paper; M'Bane & Anger, 1 bbl eggs; C B Leech, 70 bbls cement; J R Smith, 2 cars lumber; J A Kearcher, 1 car bark; Marshall, Fulton & Bollman, 50 bales oakum, 44 bdls twine; T Mellon, 1 car lumber; Kerr & Glover, 10 tons fire clay.

Coal Receipts per Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad.

Graff, Bennett & Co, 1,660 bush coke; Morgan & Co, 1,500 do; Laughlin & Co, 2,000 do; Laughlin & Co, 500 do coal; Loyd & Black, 1,600 do; C H Armstrong, 1,625 do; Wm Moore & Co, 1 625 do; Moorhead & Co, 1,375 do; Mellon & Brother, 165 do; J Rutherford, 250 do.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

Per Monongahela S. W. Navigation Co.

S Steeple, 3 bbls tallow, 1 bdl pelts; Standard Oil Co, 32 sll bbls; S Cooper, 700 galls stone ware; J T Colvin, 2 bbls eggs; W Scott, 11 bbls eggs, 16 sks rags.

RIVER NEWS.

STEAMERS ARRIVED AND DEPARTED.

Arrived.

Gallatin	A. S. Carlisle	Brownsville.
Telegraph	Bougher	Brownsville.
Franklin	Carmack	Brownsville.
Kenton	Dunlap	St. Louis.
Belle	Laughrey	Oil City.
Leclair No. 2	Kelley	do do
Advance No. 2	Williams	Tionesta.
Forest City	Gordon	Parkersburg

Departed.

Gallatin	A. S. Carlisle	Brownsville.
Telegraph	Bougher	Brownsville.
Franklin	Carmack	Brownsville.
Citizen	Armstrong	St. Paul.

THE MONONGAHELA MARKS.—Last evening at twilight there were seven feet three inches by the old pier marks, and six three by new marks and falling. Weather pleasant.

THE Allegheny pier marks indicated 7 feet 2 inches, and falling slowly. Business was moderately active.

THE new and pretty steamer Minnie, Capt. Shaw's beauty, is attracting a good share of attention. She is one of the handsomest boats of her class yet built. She is destined to create a sensation among the boatmen in other places. She is announced for St. Louis to-day. We shall have more to say of her before she departs. In the meantime, just call down and pay her a visit—she is worth it.

THE splendid steamer Armenia, Capt. McCallum, is at the landing receiving the finishing touch by our artizans. She has been placed in thorough repair and presents a handsome appearance. She has been painted from stem to stern, in fact, she looks like a bran new boat. Her furniture has been renewed, new carpets introduced, so that she resembles a new boat, out and out. Capt. McCallum knows how to fit up a boat, having a good deal of experience. She will load for St. Louis in turn after the Leonidas. We take pleasure in recommending boat and officers.

THE first class passenger steamer Leonidas, Captain M. A. Cox, is announced for Cairo and St. Paul on Wednesday. Since her last trip this boat has been put in thorough and complete repair. She looks like a bran new boat, so handsomely has she been fitted up. Captain Cox is one of those officers who understands his business in all its various departments, and when it comes to command a boat, the Captain will be found at the top of ladder; in a word, the Leonidas is a complete boat in all respects. The first clerk is our good humored friend Fisher, as gentlemanly an officer as can be found.

IMPORTANT TO STEAMBOAT MEN.—Steamboat men and others are reminded of the following: "United States Mail," or any other words, letters or characters of like import, can not be borne by any vessel not actually used in carrying the mails of the United States, without violating an act of Congress, and incurring a fine of $100 to $500. This applies also to publishing in newspapers or otherwise that the steamboat is used in carrying the mails of the United States when the same is not actually so used. Reporters, newspaper proprietors and agents of boats, will do well to take notice also as they are made equally liable for a contravention of the same law.

THE Parkersburg packet for this day is the steamer Forest City, Captain Gordon. She leaves at noon. To persons going that way, a fine opportunity is presented. The Clerks are Messrs. Bunting and Diehl. Passengers who have traveled in this boat, speak in flattering terms of her appointments.

HO, FOR THE MUSKINGUM RIVER.—The fine packet Pilgrim, Captain J. C. McVay, leaves to-day at 4 P. M. for Zanesville and intermediate ports. This boat has good accommodations, and is in charge of careful and attentive officers. The first Clerk is our old friend A. B. Davitt, who will see that passengers have the best of attention.

BACK AGAIN.—Our good humored friend, Capt. J. H. Dunlap, has arrived safe and sound with his pet steamer "Kenton." She is all right, and will load in turn for St. Louis. Passengers and shippers will be pleased to hear this.

THE tow boat that exploded yesterday at the Point did not belong to this part of the country. She was owned about Oil City. Her boilers and machinery were imported from the East.

THE fine steamer Argonaut No. 2, Capt. Reed, is announced for Cincinnati and Louisville. She will have dispatch.

WE are indebted to the officers of the steamer Lorena, for attentions to this office. Thanks.

Cincinnati.

September 19.—We condense the following from Monday's *Commercial*:—The river receded 13 inches during the past 24 hours, with 18 feet in the channel hence to Louisville, and 8 feet in the canal. There are 2 feet in the Cumberland and falling, and 5 feet in the Mississippi from St. Louis to Cairo.

The America passed down from Pittsburgh to St. Louis with a full cargo. Captain Sam. Dean was in command, during the absence of T. C. Golding, who was detained at home by sickness.

The Delaware, from Louisville, passed up for Pittsburgh with a full cargo. Alf. Reno and Thomas Morris are at the wheel.

The Golden Eagle came in from Memphis last night with 92 bales cotton.

Captain Palmer, of the Underwriter, informs us that the Rob Roy, recently high and dry at Ozark Island, is safe. She is cribbed up on the sand, ten feet above the water. If the present rise does not float her off, she will be launched.

Captain Peirsel, is refurnishing the Bertha in elegant style, with new cabin furniture, carpets, chandeliers, &c.

St. Louis.

September 21.—We condense the following from the *Democrat*:

River rising here and below Keokuk. Lower Missouri and the Illinois also swelling. Mississippi above Keokuk stationary. Cumberland low, and four feet in the lower Tennessee. There is nine feet to Cairo, nine feet to Keokuk, three and a half feet on the lower rapids ten feet in the Illinois, five feet in the lower Missouri, four feet to Leavenworth, and three and a half feet above St. Joseph.

Weather cool and pleasant. Business ordinary, and tonnage heavy.

The Silver Cloud has arrived from Cincinnati. She will return to that port.

The Missouri river at Lexington is returning to the channel it deserted some fifteen years ago.

The St. Joseph *Herald* of Saturday says: The Montana arrived from St. Louis Thursday, with a good trip of freight and passengers. She experienced considerable trouble with the river, and grounded several times, but was fortunate not to unload any of her cargo. Smith's bar, which is some fifteen miles below the city, is becoming one of the worst on the stream. The Montana discharged a large lot of freight at this point, and proceeded on above.

Louisville.

September, 21.—The river was rising rather fast yesterday, though not as fast as the day previous, with considerable drift wood floating with the current. On the falls last evening there were fully 8 feet water, and a rise of 6 inches at the head of the falls, and 18 at Portland in 24 hours. The weather was cool and almost chilly in the morning, with a keen North wind prevailing, but in the evening it was warmer. The thermometer fell to 62.

On the falls last evening there were 5 feet steamboat water down the Indian chute, and 6 feet water in the pass.

The famous tow boat Dick Fulton ascended the falls without trouble early in the morning.

The receipts at this port, including the tow of the Bengal Tiger, which came in all safe yesterday, amounted to 702,000 bushels.

The Cumberland river at the last dates was falling, with only 21 feet on Harpeth Shoals. We think the rains extended to the headwaters of the Cumberland, and a fair stage of water may be expected in that stream.

Nashville.

September 20.—The weather was very agreeable, but at night clouds began to gather, and about 10 P. M., rain began to fall, and continued through the night. The air was cool and pleasant, and yesterday morning an overcoat was by no means uncomfortable. As the day advanced, however, it became warm, and at night the thermometer indicated hot weather again. There have been no arrivals or departures since our last, nor will there be until the river rises. It is now not over eighteen inches on the shoals.

New Orleans.

September 12.—The Coosa reports nothing further concerning Red river than what we have already published, viz: three and a half feet water on the principal bars. The Coosa had a very good trip of cotton. We understand that freight on cotton, at Shreveport, had advanced to $20 per bale. We are informed that the Judge Fletcher took cotton at Shreveport at $20 per bale. This is what may be termed a very reasonable price; and if there were but water enough in Red river, we don't suppose we would have boats running any where else. How long these prices will last deponent sayeth not. The Lady Grace arrived here yesterday, and goes into Red river trade, leaving this evening. Captain J. T. Bradshaw has command, while J. G. Sinex has charge of the office. The Saratoga raised steam yesterday, and came up to the Fashion, at the upper landing, to take her trip to Vicksburg. The Hard Times, Captain Brown, arrived from Pittsburgh. She brought 145 bales cotton. The Red river packet Navigator, Captain J. M. Broadwell, arrived from Shreveport with 748 bales cotton. Montgomery & Brother sold yesterday, at auction, the Clyde, for $2,425. Mr. Thomas Allen was the purchaser. The National was then offered, but there were no bidders, and of course no sale. The auctioneers then announced the Live Oak, to be sold on board, at 12 M. on Monday, 18th September. The Irene, Captain J. Darbreg, arrived from Louisville. Part of her cargo was 343 bales cotton.

TO THE RIVER MEN.

EDWARD HEAZELTON, Jr.,

No. 21 Diamond,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER,

AND

PRODUCE MERCHANT.

BOAT STORES,

STEAM, TOW AND COAL BOAT SUPPLIES.

P. S.—Being near the market, I can supply you with all the freshest and choicest of GREEN VEGETABLES on short notice. I intend to give particular attention to the RIVER TRADE, delivering everything promptly. au40-6m

BAMBOO FISHING POLES—Just received and for sale by
JAMES BOWN,
jy8 136 Wood street.

PETROLEUM.

TENANT FARM

OIL COMPANY,

Office, cor. Penn and Wayne sts.

This Company was organized on the 28th inst., under the Pennsylvania Mining and Manufacturing Laws. The Territory of the Company is situated on DUNKARD CREEK, between the lands of the Dunkard Creek Union Oil Company and the Dunkard Creek Petroleum Company.

Capital Stock	$150,000
Working Fund	25,000
Par Value of each Share	$1 00

OFFICERS:

President S. A. JOHNSON.
Secretary and Treasurer ISAAC NOCK.

DIRECTORS.

Frank Snyder, James Graham,
J. G. Weir, Stephen Lawson,
H. W. Ritchie. au30-tf

DUNKARD CREEK PETROLEUM COMPANY.

Office, corner Penn and Wayne Sts.

This company was organized on the 29th inst., under the Pennsylvania Mining and Manufacturing Laws. The territory of the company adjoins the lands of the Dunkard Creek Union Oil Company, of this city.

CAPITAL STOCK	$225,000
WORKING FUND	25,000
PAR VALUE OF EACH SHARE	1 00

OFFICERS.

President—S. A. JOHNSTON.
Secretary and Treasurer—ISAAC NOCK.

DIRECTORS.

S. A. JOHNSTON, L. S. RIGDON,
FRANK SNYDER, JAMES GRAHAM,
F. D. GRIST, W. C. KING,
H. W. RITCHIE. je8-ly

GREAT WESTERN OIL COMPANY, OF OHIO—Office at Malta, Morgan county, Ohio. The company's business is also represented at No. 129 Fourth street, Pittsburgh. Capital, $150,000, in shares of $1 each. Working capital, $25,000. The company has two hundred acres of the best oil territory in the State of Ohio, one hundred and ten acres of which is located on the noted Berry Farm, within one mile and a half of the Clements Farm, on Buck Run, well known among oil men. The work of the company is progressing rapidly. One well is down 120 feet, with good indications of oil; another is down about 90 feet. Everything is going on so well, and appearances so good that the company expects an early success. The lands of the company all lie in Morgan county, Ohio, in the vallies of Wolf and Meigs Creeks.

JOHN R. COUDREY, President.
JOHN CROFT, Secretary and Treasurer.

Directors—John R. Cowdry, David Croft, S. D. Rothermel, J. L. Berry, G. Meyer, John Croft. se15-1m

WM. M. MURRAY L. WILCOX

WM. M. MURRAY & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND DEALERS IN

Crude and Refined Petroleum,

BENZINE, &C.

Extra facilities for

Storing Oil and Empty Oil Barrels.

Warehouse and office: DUQUESNE WAY, near HAND street, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap12-ly

OIL WELL STEAM ENGINES.

I am prepared to furnish Steam Engines so much approved of for Oil Wells and other purposes, on the shortest notice, having different sized Engines on hand, and finishing others. The public can be accommodated with almost any size they want. The work to show for itself. WILLIAM FISHER, Fifth Ward, between Mechanic and Harrison streets, Pittsburgh. je20-6m

BREWER, BURKE & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AGENTS FOR THE

Pacific, Globe and Liberty Oil Works

Ample Storage for crude and Refined Oil.

Liberal cash advance made on consignments of Crude or Refined Petroleum.

Yard for storage and shipment of Crude at Lawrenceville.

Office and Warehouse, Corner Duquesne Way and Hancock street, Pittsburgh. se11

DRIVING PIPE FOR OIL WELLS.

The undersigned have purchased the exclusive right for Allegheny county to manufacture BOLLE'S PATENT WROUGHT IRON BANDS for CAST IRON DRIVING PIPE for Oil Wells.

Parties can be furnished with any size DRIVING PIPE at short notice, at a fair price, and avoid all litigation with reference to patent, as the patent fee is included in our price per foot.

Founders and others now manufacturing this Pipe will please take notice.

Ordinary Cast Iron Bowl and Flange Pipe, as well as Castings generally, furnished promptly on receipt of order.

PENNOCK & TOTTEN,
Successors to Joseph Pennock,
FULTON FOUNDRY,
mh28-6m Office and Wareroom, No. 141 Wood st.

PENNOCK, BALL & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Eureka Carbon Oil, Eureka Lubric Oil,

and Wholesale Dealers in Crude,

Refined and Lubricating Oils,

se7 No. 31 Market street, Pittsburgh.

SOMETHING NEW.

METAL HYDROMETERS,

That will not break or get out of order, for

Testing Carbon Oil.

Having succeeded, "by dint of close study and application," in producing a Hydrometer in metal for testing Carbon Oil, I respectfully offer it to the attention of Dealers and those engaged in Refining, as an article that will not break or get out of order; its adjustment being so simple that any one may readily understand it. To those constantly using this instrument it will be found a great boon, as an article that has long been inquired after, and which needs only to be seen to be appreciated.

For sale by the Manufacturer,

GEO. E. SHAW,

No. 58 Fifth street.

Every kind of HYDROMETER and THERMOMETER known, constantly on hand or made to order.
mh11

COCHRAN & RUSSELL,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

and dealers in

Crude and Petroleum Oils and

Naval Stores.

Liberal advances made on consignments.
se30 22 North Front street, Philadelphia.

RIDER & CLARK,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND FACTORS IN

Petroleum and its Products,

OILS, CANDLES, &c.

98 Water and 132 Front street Pittsburgh, 51 Broad street New York.

Agents of the Portland Kerosene Oil works, New York Paraffine Candle Company, &c. au26-ly

COMMERCIAL OIL WORKS.

Pure White Burning Oil,

Constantly on hand, and for sale at the

LOWEST MARKET RATES,

BY

B. C. & J. H. SAWYER,

au3 47 WOOD STREET.

THE ARDESCO OIL COMPANY

manufacture and have for sale a

Superior Quality of Refined Ardesco Oil (Non-explosive).

Also, PURE BENZOLE.

Warehouse, 27 Irwin street, Pittsburgh, Pa. se7

COAL, COKE AND LIME.

COAL! COAL! COAL!

N. J. BIGLEY

Is now prepared to furnish, from his Youghiogheny Mines, the citizens of Pittsburgh and vicinity with a superior article of well screened

Lump and Nut Coal.

YARD, FOOT OF TRY STREET,

NEAR CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD DEPOT.

Hotels, Rolling Mills, Glassworks, &c., supplied on liberal terms. Orders solicited and promptly filled. Wagons also supplied. se2-tf

COAL, COKE AND LIME,

FIRE-BRICK AND TILE.

The Pittsburgh and Connellsville Gas, Coal and Coke Company are receiving daily, from their Connellsville Works, Coal, Coke and Lime, which they are prepared to sell at lowest rates. Coal and Coke loaded in cars for Western shipment.

S. C. SCOTT, General Agent.

Office and Yard, Marion avenue, Allegheny City.
dec26

STEAMBOAT OWNERS

Can be furnished with those elegant

Grecian Chandeliers,

The finest and most elegant goods brought to this market. Call and examine before purchasing. For sale by

W. N. OGDEN & CO.,

64 Market street.

se15

FINE DOUBLE BARL'D SHOT GUNS—Made by Wesley Richards, W. Greener, Moore & Harris, and other celebrated makers, just received and for sale by JAMES BOWN,
jy8 136 Wood street.

RIVER PACKETS.

CINCINNATI ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

Ohio and Mississippi Transportation Co.

'PEOPLE'S LINE,'

DAILY BETWEEN

CINCINNATI AND LOUISVILLE.

THE MAGNIFICENT STEAMERS,

ST. NICHOLAS, - - MEEKIN, Master.
ST. CHARLES, - - WATTS, Master.

Will leave Cincinnati from line wharf boat, foot of Broadway, at 4 p. m.

Will leave Louisville from wharf boat, foot of Fourth street, at 12 m.

For freight or passage apply on board, or at the company's office on wharf boat.

JAMES GOOD, Supt., Cincinnati.
ap13-6m B. J. CAFFREY, Agent, Louisville.

ST. LOUIS ADVERTISEMENT.

1865.

NORTHERN LINE PACKETS,

FROM

St. Louis to Keokuk and Saint Paul.

One of the splendid side-wheel steamers of this line will leave St. Louis daily for Keokuk, Burlington, Davenport, Dubuque, Stillwater, St. Paul, and Minne-ha-ha Falls.

Through receipts for freight and passengers will be given to all points on the Upper Mississippi River, on steamers running from this port and connecting with Northern Line Packets at St. Louis.

Thus enabling consignees to get their freight through without delay and at lowest rates. Apply to

JOHN FLACK, or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents, or to
ap24 R. C. GRAY.

PITTSBURGH ADVERTISEMENTS.

1865. SPRING ARRANGEMENT. 1865.

MONONGAHELA RIVER

STEAM PACKET COMP'Y

Will run three daily side-wheel steamers between Pittsburgh, Monongahela City, Brownsville, Rice's Landing, Greensboro, Geneva, and the Dunkard Oil Regions. This line is composed of the following steamers:

FAYETTE CAPT. S. C. SPEERS
TELEGRAPH CAPT. D. BUGHER.
FRANKLIN CAPT. Z. W. CARMAC
GALLATIN CAPT. A. S. CARLILE.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Owing to necessary repairs, the Noon Packet will be suspended until further notice. The Greensboro and Oil Region Packet will leave Pittsburgh daily, at 8 A. M.

These packets will leave Pittsburgh daily at 8 a. m., 12 m., and 6 p. m., except Sunday, when the departure will be at 8 o'clock, a. m.

The through packet for the Oil Regions will leave Pittsburgh daily at 12 m.; Brownsville daily at 9 p. m.

Returning—Leaves Brownsville for Pittsburgh daily at 7 a. m., 2 p. m., and 5 p. m.

Leaves Greensboro and Geneva at 8 o'clock; Rice's Landing at 11 o'clock.

Leaves Monongahela City at 5 o'clock.

The line is composed of first-class side-wheel steamers, built expressly for the trade. They will be commanded by officers of long experience, who will pay particular attention to the wants and comfort of passengers. The boats will leave promptly at the hour advertised.

No Freights Received After 5 P. M.

For further particulars, inquire of
JAMES McDONALD, Agent,
At the Wharf-Boat, foot of Grant street, Pittsburgh.
L. COLVIN, Agent,
mh1 Brownsville. Penna.

Marietta & Parkersburg Packet Line

Regular Passenger Steamer for Wheeling, Sun Fish, Sistersville, Ball Creek, Marietta and Parkersburg.

The new and fast passenger steamer

GLEANER.

J. H. PORTER, Capt. E. PORTER, Jr., Clerk.

Leaves Pittsburgh every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 11 a. m.

Leaves Wheeling at 8 p. m. same days.

Returning, leaves Parkersburg TUESDAY and FRIDAY at 2 p. m.

Leaves Marietta at 3 p. m. same days.

Leaves Wheeling at 7 a. m. WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY.

JOHN FLACK, or
JAS. COLLINS, Agents,
se2 No. 88 Water street, Pittsburgh.

Parkersburg Packet from Wheeling.

For Wheeling and Parkersburg.

WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 12 M., the steamer FOREST CITY, Capt. JOHN GORDON, will leave as announced above.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
se5 JAMES COLLINS, Agent.

FOR MARIETTA AND ZANESVILLE.

SATURDAY, September 23—4 P. M. The fine packet PILGRIM, Capt. JAMES C. McVAY, Commander, will leave as announced above.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to
se13 J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agent.

For Cincinnati and Louisville.

On TUESDAY, Sept. 26, at 4 P. M. The fine passenger steamer ARGONAUT No. 2, Captain G. W. REED, will leave as announced above.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
JOHN FLACK, or
se23 J. D. COLLINGWOOD;

For Cairo and St. Louis.

THIS DAY, Sept. 23, at 10 A. M. The fine passenger steamer LEONIDAS, M. COX, Commander, will leave as announced above.

For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply on board or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD or
se18 JOHN FLACK, Agents

FOR CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.

On SATURDAY, the 23d inst., at 4 P. M. The splendid new steamer MINNIE, Captain A. H. SHAW, will leave as announced above.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
JOHN FLACK or
se20 J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Ag'ts.

AT EATON'S, 17 FIFTH STREET,

New Arrivals Daily

—OF—

TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS,
EMBROIDERIES and FANCY GOODS,
BONNET, NECK and TRIMMING RIBBONS,
HOSIERY, GLOVES,
LINEN AND SILK HANDKERCHIEFS,
NEW STYLE STEEL BELT RIBBONS,
FINE SILK BELTING, all colors;
PLAID VELVET RIBBONS,
FULL LINE SCARLET VELVET RIBBONS,
WHITE GOODS,
SWISS MULL, VICTORIA LAWN,
JACONETS, PLAIN and CHECKED NANSOOK,
WHITE PIQUE, THREAD and LACE VEILS,
NEW STYLE HAT VEILS,
Fine assortment LADIES' SATCHELS,
RAILROAD BAGS,
FULL LINE FANCY NOTIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

F. H. EATON,

NO. 17 FIFTH ST.

se16

WELLS, FARGO & CO.,

NEW YORK AND CALIFORNIA

Express and Exchange Company,

84 BROADWAY, N. Y.

Freight and small packages received for California and the Pacific Coast.

California Coupons bought or collected.

Collections made and commissions executed in the Pacific States.

Exchange for sale on London, Dublin, Paris and San Francisco.

Letters of Credit on the Union Bank of London issued to travelers, exchangable for Circular Letters payable in all parts of Europe.

Persons going abroad will find this the most convenient as well as *the safest* way of providing themselves with funds.

Also, Letters of Credit on our San Francisco house, for which they will issue Circular Letters payable at any of our offices in California, Oregon, Nevada, Washington Territory, and British Columbia.

Telegraphic transfers of money made to San Francisco and all accessible points in the Pacific States.

California and Nevada Mining and other Stocks bought and sold on Commission by telegraph.

je21-6m WELLS, FARGO & CO.

JOS. S. FINCH RYE WHISKY.

JOSEPH S. FINCH

Successor to

THOMAS MOORE,

Manufacturer of

Copper-Distilled

Pure Rye Whisky,

Nos. 189, 191, 193 and 195

FIRST STREET,

PITTSBURGH.

my30-6m

H. P. ADAMS & SON,

OIL BARREL COOPERS,

And Contractors in Staves, Lumber

And Heavy Timber,

je28-3m SALEM, OHIO

LIME—200 barrels Best White Lime for sale by J. B. CANFIELD
ie3

LEAD—2,000 Pigs Best Soft Galena Lead for sale by J. B. CANFIELD
ie3

REVOLVERS OF EVERY KIND—For sale by JAMES BOWN,
jy8 136 Wood street.

GOV'T SALES & PROPOSALS

LARGE GOVERNMENT SALE

OF

Steamboats, Wharfboats, Barges

AND OTHER PROPERTY.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
WASHINGTON, D. C., July 29, 1865. }

SEALED PROPOSALS are invited and will be received at the places, and until the dates hereinafter named, for the purchase of the following named

STEAMBOATS, WHARFBOATS, BARGES,

And other property.

At New Orleans, La., until Wednesday, October 4, 12 M.,

For the model barge Mulligan, and one (1) coal boat. Which can be seen at PORT HUDSON, LA., until the day of sale.

For the wharf boat Natchez, 700 tons; and two (2) coal boats.

Which can be seen at BATON ROUGE, LA., until the day of sale.

ALSO, for the

Sidewheel steamer Colonel Holcomb (building), registered 220 tons.
Sidewheel steamer Illinois, registered 600 tons.
Sidewheel steamer W B. Savory, registered 62 tons.
Sidewheel steamer J. M. Brown, registered 339 tons.
Sidewheel steamer A. G. Brown, registered 229 tons
Sidewheel steamer Ohio Belle, registered 300 tons.
Sidewheel steamer Mustang, registered 178 tons.
Sidewheel steamer St. Charles, registered 357 tons.
Sidewheel steamer Diana, registered 780 tons.
Sidewheel steamer E. H. Fairchilds, registered 651 tons.
Sidewheel steamer B. J. Adams, registered 687 tons.
Sidewheel steamer Switzerland, registered 519 tons.
Sternwheel steamer Ida May, registered 250 tons.
Sternwheel steamer Iowa, registered 482 tons.
Sternwheel steamer Altamont, registered 292 tons.
Sternwheel steamer Dick Fulton No. 2, registered 118 tons.
Sternwheel steamer Colonel Benedict, registered 181 tons.
Sternwheel steamer Colonel Chandler, registered 20 tons.
Sternwheel steamer Cornie, registered — tons.
Sternwheel steamer Lizzie Davis, registered — tons.
Sternwheel steamer Colonel Chapin, registered — tons.
Screw tug Leviathan, registered 324 tons.
Screw tug Binnie Banks, registered 32 tons.
Screw tug Baltic, registered 113 tons.
Screw tug Captain Pitkins (now building).
Screw tug (no name and now building).
Screw tug Geo. E. Tyler, registered 116 tons.
Screw tug America, registered 418 tons.
Screw tug Hancox, registered 150 tons.
Screw tug Admiral, registered 163 tons.
Screw tug Gladiator, registered 171 tons.
Centre-wheel steamer Kepper, registered 81 tons.
Centre-wheel steamer General Ransom, registered 104 tons.
Centre-wheel steamer Colonel Colburn, registered 91 tons.
Model barges Nos. 10, 11, and Abbey.
Canal boat Rosalie.
Ten (10) gunwale barges.
Twenty-four (24) pontoon boats.
Four (4) yawl-boats, one (1) sail-boat, one (1) metallic boat, five (5) skiffs, and one (1) set of ways.

All of which can be seen at NEW ORLEANS, LA., until the day of sale.

At Mobile, Alabama, until Thursday, October 12, 12 M.,

For the sidewheel steamer Laurel Hill, registered 783 tons.
Sidewheel steamer Warrior, registered 466 tons.
Sidewheel steamer James Battle, registered 621 tons.
Sidewheel steamer Ariel, registered 302 tons.
Sidewheel steamer N. W. Thomas, registered 511 tons.
Sidewheel steamer Starlight, registered 351 tons.
Sidewheel steamer Iberville, registered 505 tons.
Sidewheel steamer J. D. Swain, registered 227 tons.
Sternwheel steamer Jennie Rogers, registered 346 tons.
Sternwheel steamer R. B. Hamilton (sunk), registered 199 tons.
Screw tug Perry, registered 154 tons.
Screw tug Alph Cutting, registered 95 tons.
Screw tug Blossom, registered 54 tons.
Model barge Ford. Canal Boat Golden Era. canal boat (no name), forty (40) pontoon barges, thirty (30) Yawl Boats, and three (3) Sectional Docks.

All of which can be seen at MOBILE, ALA., until the day of sale.

Persons making proposals for more than one boat or barge, should give the name or number of each boat or barge bid for, with price proposed to be given for each.

Each envelope containing a bid should be sealed, and the name of the boat or barge, or description of the property, endorsed thereon, and addressed to Brigadier General L. B. PARSONS, Chief of Rail and River Transportation, in care of the officer in charge of river transportation at the point designated for opening bids.

The Government reserves the right to withdraw any of the above property, and to reject proposals if deemed too low.

Payments to be made in United States currency, upon the acceptance of any proposal, and prior to the delivery of the property.

A full description of the property may be obtained on application to Col. ARTHUR EDWARDS, assistant quartermaster, St. Louis, Missouri.

By order of the Quartermaster General:
LEWIS B. PARSONS,
Brig. Gen'l and Chief of Rail and River Transportation. au7-td

SUBSISTENCE OFFICE UNITED STATES ARMY, }
No. 20 SOUTH STREET, }
BALTIMORE, MD., September 12, 1865. }

SEALED PROPOSALS, IN DUPLICATE, will be received at this office until 12 M. noon, THURSDAY, October 5, 1865, for the purchase of about

One Thousand Seven Hundred and Fifty Head of Prime Beef Cattle,

in lots of ten and upwards.

These cattle are all in prime condition, having been on hand several months, and fed daily with hay and corn, and are fully equal to any offered in market. So rare an opportunity for the purchase of extra fine beef is seldom found.

Proposals must state the number it is proposed to purchase, and the price per pound gross.

The cattle to be weighed by the State weigher on delivery, and the weights, as rendered by him, to be the standard by which all bids are to be settled.

Terms of sale, cash in Government funds. A deposit of fifty (50) per cent. to be made on notification of acceptance of bid, the balance to be paid when the cattle are delivered.

Successful bidders to be allowed ten days in which to remove their stock.

The cattle can be examined at any time from the date of this advertisement till October 4, 1865, from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. daily, at the United States Cattle Corral adjoining the Government Hay Scales on the Franklin Road, near Baltimore.

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all bids if they are deemed not advantageous to the United States.

The lots will be arranged numerically from Nos 1 to 1,750, and the awards will be made in the same order unless a particular lot may be designated in the bid. In no case will the skipping of numbers be allowed.

Proposals must be upon blank forms furnished at this office. Telegrams will not receive attention unless the same are prepaid.

Proposals to be endorsed "Proposals for the purchase of Beef Cattle," sealed and addressed to the undersigned.

By order of Brevet Brigadier General Thos. Wilson, C. S., U. S. A.
W. H. PARKHURST,
se14-toc5 Captain and C. S.

PROPOSALS.

Sealed proposals for supplying the troops at Allegheny Arsenal, Pennsylvania, with

FRESH BEEF

For six months, commencing on the 1st day of October, 1865, and ending on the 31st day of March, 1866, will be received by the subscriber until the 23d inst., at 12 o'clock M., when the bids will be opened.

The beef to be of a good and wholesome quality, in quarters, with an equal proportion of each, (necks and shanks to be excluded.) The days of issue, the probable quantity of beef required, and the terms and conditions of the contract, can be ascertained on application to the subscriber, at Allegheny Arsenal, near Pittsburgh, Pa.

GEO. W. McKEE,
First Lieutenant Ordnance, A. A. C. S.
September 14, 1865. se15-tse23

BEEF AND STOCK CATTLE

AT AUCTION.

OFFICE, DEPOT COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, }
WASHINGTON, D. C., September 14, 1865. }

Will be offered at public auction, at the Government Cattle Yard, in Alexandria, Va., on THURSDAY, the 28th inst., at 11 o'clock A. M., about 1,500 head of beef and stock cattle.

Conditions of sale made known before the sale.

Terms, cash in Government funds.

G. BELL,
se18-16t Major and C. S., U. S. A.

DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
PITTSBURGH, PA., August 19, 1865. }

SALE OF GOVERNMENT MULES.

GOOD, SOUND SERVICEABLE MULES

Will be sold at public auction, at the Fair Grounds, in this city, to the highest bidder, on the days and in numbers as follows:

150 Mules on THURSDAY, September 21, 1865.
150 Mules on FRIDAY, September 22, 1865.

Mules sold singly.

Sale to commence at 9½ o'clock, A. M.

Terms cash, United States currency.

O. CROSS,
au19-td Lieut. Colonel and Deputy Q. M. Gen.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

At 63 Market Street.

SOUTH & ROSS.

au22

GENTLEMAN'S CALF BOOTS

AND CONGRESS GAITERS.

A full and complete assortment constantly on hand of my own manufacture, and will be sold at reasonable prices. S. DALZELL.

No. 132 Smithfield St., fourth door from Virgin Alley

PHŒNIX STEAM BREWERY.

JOS. SPENCER JAS. M'KAY

SPENCER & McKAY,

Malsters & Brewers

OF

ALE, PORTER, AND BROWN STOUT,

Pittsburgh, Pa.

ROBERT WATSON, Manager. au31-ly

F. SELLERS & CO.,

PORK PACKERS,

Curers of extra sugar-cured hams, and manufacturers of lard oil,

CORNER PENN AND WAYNE STREETS,

se16 3m PITTSBURGH, PA.

TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS,

AND

APPARATUS FOR DEFORMED LIMBS,

Manufactured and repaired on the shortest notice. Also, the largest assortment of ready-made Trusses, Supporters, Bandages, Dental and Surgical Instruments, Cutlery, &c., in this city. OTTO HELMOLD, 96 Smithfield street, near Fifth.

Ladies attended to by Mrs. Helmold. se14-ly

NONPAREIL FRENCH VINEGAR

A very superior article of

WINE VINEGAR, IMPORTED.

For sale by

MILLER & RICKETSON,

ly21-6m 221 and 223 Liberty street.

FISH—

20 barrels new Baltimore Herring,
25 barrels No. 3 Large Mackerel,
25 half barrels do
20 bbls No. 2 do
25 kits No. 3 do
50 half bbls Lake Herring,
25 half bbls White Fish,
20 half bbls Trout,

For sale by J. B. CANFIELD.
ie3-tf

FISH.—NOS. 1, 2 AND 3 MASS SHORE, in barrels, half-barrels and quarter-bbls just landing and for sale by
MILLER & RICKETSON,
Nos. 221 and 223, corner Liberty and Irwin streets.
au26

BASE BALLS AND BATS—FOR sale by JAMES BOWN,
ly8 136 Wood street.